

GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI

HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE IN DELHI

Based on N.S.S. 59th Round (State Sample)

DIRECTORATE OF ECONOMICS & STATISTICS 148, OLD SECRETARIAT, DELHI – 110054 www.des.delhigovt.nic.in

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DIRECTORATE OF ECONOMICS & STATISTICS 148, OLD SECRETARIAT, DELHI – 110054 **PREFACE**

The Present Report on "Household Consumer Expenditure in Delhi" is brought out by this Directorate on the basis of sample survey conducted under the

59th NSS(January 2003 - December 2003) round. This is an annual survey held

along with multiple subjects of inquiry viz. survey of Land and Livestock Holdings,

Debt and Investment and Situation assessment survey of farmers in a small sample

in order to bridge the data gap between two quinquennial surveys.

This report contains valuable data on consumption levels and pattern of

households in Delhi. The report also provides information on the main demographic features like literacy, social-group, marital status, occupational distribution, and

other aspects of living conditions like, source of energy for cooking/lighting, dwelling

time account area assumes the time time of attrictive at and off take from DDC

type covered area, ownership type, type of structure etc. and off-take from PDS.

Brief profile of Employment & Unemployment in Delhi was also included in the

report. The data available from the report will be useful for policy makers in both

government departments and other public and private institutions.

This report was prepared by Shri Sabir Ali, Statistical Officer under the able

guidance of Sh. N.T.Krishna, Deputy Director. The extraordinary efforts put in by

Sh. Ritesh Kumar, DEO, Grade-B and Sh. Manish Dev, Statistical Investigator, in

the data analysis and report making stages deserves special mention. The role

played by socio-economic unit in collection of data from the field against all odds is

appreciated. The data processing was done by the EDP unit under the close

guidance of Sh. K.S.Bansal, Programmer.

The technical assistance provided by National Sample Survey Organisation,

Government of India and the co-operation extended by the households is

acknowledged.

DELHI

DATE: April 2006

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HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE IN DELHI

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following are the main highlights of the survey conducted during NSS 59th round between January 2003 and December 2003.

DEMOGRAPHIC FEATURES

Estimated number of households in Delhi was about 31.72 lakh, and out of
which 2.20 lakh were in rural and 29.52 lakh in urban areas.
Average household size in rural, urban and Delhi worked out to 4.59, 4.68
and 4.67 persons per household respectively.
More than 65.11% of the total population in Delhi were in MPCE (Rs.) class
of 775 and above, 34.35% in 300-775 class and the remaining in less than
300 class.
Of the total households, 22.02% belong to 'Scheduled Caste', 13.05%Other
backward classes and 64.93% to other social groups.
7.18% of the total families in Delhi were having female as head of the
household.
Among females, 48.04% were currently married, 5.13% widowed and 0.23%
divorced/separated.
84.93% of the population were literate with different levels of educational
attainment.
91.42% of males and 77.15% of females in Delhi were literate.
Occupational distribution of the households revealed that, 34.01% were self-
employed, 49.32% regular wage/salaried, 4.95% casual labour, only 0.49%
agriculture labour and rest of 11.23 % engaged in other avocations.

FEATURES ON LIVING CONDITIONS

31.39% families live in dwellings with an average covered area ranging from 30-60 square meters, 33.08% in covered area above 60 square meters and 15.79% in dwellings with covered area of 20-30 square meters.

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	62.73% of dwellings were estimated to be owned, 26.02% rented and 11.25%
	in other category.
	49.99% of the households were residing in Independent houses, 26.10% in
	flats and 23.61% in Chawl type of dwelling.
	93.34% were living in Pucca Structure, 5.07% in semi-pucca and 1.59% in
	Kutcha structure.
	79.14% households were using LPG, 14.68% Kerosene, 1.12% Dung cake,
	3.47% firewood as the primary source of cooking in Delhi.
	98.61% of the total households were dependent on Electricity for their lighting
	needs.
EMPL	OYMENT&UN-EMPLOYMENT
	in the population 476 were in labour force in Delhi. In respect of males it
	was 768 persons and that of females was only 102 persons per 1000
	persons in this age group.
	Work Force Participation Rate: Out of every 1000 persons (15+ age) in
	the population 444 persons were actually working in Delhi
	Un-Employment Rate: Out of every 1000 persons (15+ age) in the
	labour force 22 persons were in un-employed category.
CONS	SUMER EXPENDITURE
	Monthly per capita expenditure (Rs.) was highest in Delhi both in rural and
	urban among states/UTs.
	Average monthly per capita expenditure of Delhi worked out to Rs.1490.04.
	Rs.524.23 (35.18%) was spent on food items and Rs.965.81 (64.82%) on
	non-food items.
	Average monthly consumer expenditure per family was estimated as
	Rs.6950.75.
	Major heads of expenditure: Miscellaneous consumer services accounted for
	22.60%, Milk and Milk products 10.33%, Conveyance 10.61% cereals 5.83%,

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- rent 5.86%, clothing 5.17%, fuels & lighting 7.54%, education 7.51%, beverages 5.22% of the MPCE.
- □ Per Capita monthly consumption of Cereals in rural and urban Delhi was 8.03 Kgs and 11.30 Kgs respectively.
- □ Out of the total purchases 98.95% of rice, 98.36% of wheat/atta and 64.17% of the kerosene was purchased from open market.

SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

urvey of household consumer expenditure provides the first and the foremost indicator of human living standard namely monthly per capita consumption expenditure (MPCE). It also brings to light interstate and rural-urban variation in consumption of cereals, which is the most important constituent of Indian diet. This survey has multiple features to satisfy the thirst of various data user agencies despite the complexities involved in the collection of data. That is the reason why this survey has come to stay as a regular component of NSS rounds.

This survey is now conducted in two different ways, namely every five years with a much larger sample and annually with a relatively thin sample size. Household consumer expenditure survey conducted during NSS 59th round (January 2003 – December 2003) was an annual survey by integrating it with the multiple subjects of enquiry viz survey of disabled persons, housing conditions & slums, and village facilities. By the end of NSS 59th round 6 quinquennial surveys on this subject were conducted by NSSO namely 27th (1972-73), 32nd (1977-78), 38th (1983), 43rd (1987-88), 50th (1993-94) and 55th (1999-2000). The annual series started from the NSS 42nd round (1986-87). The current NSS 59th round is fifteenth in this series.

OBJECTIVE SCOPE & COVERAGE

The main objective of the survey was to ascertain the level and pattern of household consumer expenditure and also provide necessary data to the researchers for conducting further studies on poverty line, nutritional status, sufficiency of food etc. The household consumer expenditure refers to the expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period. It is the total monetary value of consumption of various groups of items i.e. food, fuel, light, clothing, footwear, miscellaneous goods & services

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and durable articles. The reference period used during the survey for collection of data on consumer expenditure varied for different items. For items of food, pan, tobacco & intoxicants, fuel & light and miscellaneous goods and services including medical (non-institutional), rents and taxes, data were collected for the reference period of 'last 30 days' preceding the date of survey. Information for items of clothing, footwear, education and medical (institutional) expenses and durable goods was collected for the reference period of 'last 365 days' preceding the date of survey. Hence information gathered covers the sum of monetary value of all the items (i.e. goods & services) consumed by the household on domestic account during the reference period. The expenditure incurred towards the productive enterprises of the household is excluded from household consumer expenditure. Besides the consumer expenditure, information on population features, status of living conditions and employment & unemployment situation was also collected.

PLANNING OF FIELDWORK

During the 59th NSS round, data was collected by the field staff of the Directorate under the supervision of field officers. The data was collected through pre-designed schedules on door-to-door basis by adopting the personal interview technique. To elicit co-operation from informants, wide publicity was given about the purpose of survey.

SCHEME OF THE REPORT

The report is presented in five sections. Section two and three dealt with 'sample design and estimation procedure' and 'conceptual framework' respectively. Section four exhaustively dealt with the demographic characteristics, and level and pattern of household consumer expenditure in Delhi. Detailed statistical tables are given in section five.

SECTION TWO

SAMPLE DESIGN & ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The fifty-ninth round was of one year duration from 1st Jan 2003 to 31st Dec.2003, while the data collected in this round relate to fixed period of the agricultural year July 2002- June 2003. In order to reduce the recall error, the total information relating to each sample household was collected in two visits. The first visit (January to August) broadly covers the Kharif season of the agricultural year 2002-2003 and the second (September to December) the corresponding Rabi season.

SCHEDULES OF INQUIRY

The broad subjects and schedules of inquiry for the 59th Round are as follows.

SL. No.	Schedule	Description		
1	0.0	List of Households		
2	18.1	Land & Livestock Holdings		
3	18.2	Debt & Investment		
4	33	Situation Assessment Survey of Farmers		
5	1.0	Household Consumer Expenditure		

PERIOD OF SURVEY AND WORK PROGRAMME:

As already mentioned, the survey period of this round was the calendar year of 2003 i.e January to December 2003.

Visit 1 & 2:

Each sample FSU was visited twice during the round. Since the workload of the first visit (i.e visit 1) was more, the first visit continued till the end of August 2003. Thus period of the first visit was January- August 2003 and that of the second visit (i.e. visit 2) was September – December 2003.

The listing Schedules (Sch. 0.0) were canvassed only in the first visit. Schedules 18.1, 18.2 and 33 were canvassed in independent sets of sample households. Each sample household was visited twice. Visit 1 and visit 2 schedules were canvassed in the same set of sample households during first and second visit respectively.

Of the four households selected for schedule 1.0, two were canvassed in the first visit and the remaining two in the second visit.

As per the programme, the village/blocks visited in the first two months of the first visit were revisited in the first month of the second visit and so on i.e. villages/blocks visited in January, February, March & April, May & June and July & August were revisited in September, October, November and December respectively.

Sub-rounds:

The Survey period of the round was divided into two Sub-rounds. Sub-round one consists of the first half of the survey period of each visit while sub-round two consists of remaining period.

SAMPLE DESIGN

Outline of sample design: A stratified multi-stage sample design was adopted in this round. The first-stage units (FSU) were census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. The ultimate stage units (USUs) were households in both the sectors.

Sampling Frame for first-Stage Units: For the rural areas, the list of Population Census 1991 villages constituted the sampling frame. For the urban areas, the lists of latest available Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks were considered as the sampling frame. For stratification of towns by size class, provisional population of towns as per Census 2001 has been used.

Stratification:

Rural: Two **special strata** were formed as given below at the State/UT level on the basis of Population Census 1991 Viz.

Stratum 1: all FSUs with population between 0 to 50, and Stratum 2: FSUs with population more than 15,000

The special stratum 1 was formed if at least 50 such FSUs were found in a State/UT. Similarly, special stratum 2 was formed if at least 4 such FSUs were found in a State/UT. Otherwise, such FSUs were merged with the general strata.

From the remaining FSUs (not covered under stratum 1 & 2) general strata was formed numbered 3, 4, 5 ... etc. Each district of a State/UT was normally treated as a separate stratum. However, if the provisional population of the district was greater than or equal to 2.0 million as per Census 1991 or 2.5 million as per Census 2001, that the district was divided into two or more strata by grouping contiguous tehsils.

Urban Sector: In the urban sector, stratum was formed within each NSS region on the basis of size class of towns as per Census 1991 town population. The stratum number and their composition are given below:

Stratum Number	Composition Of Strata
1	all towns with population less than 50,000
2	all towns with population 50,000 or more but less than 2 lakhs
3	all towns with population 2 lakhs or more but less than 10 lakhs
4,5,6,	each city with population 10 lakhs or more

Selection of first stage units: FSUs were selected with probability proportional to size with replacement (PPSWR), size being the population as per population census 1991 in all the strata for rural sector except for stratum 1. In stratum 1 of the rural sector and in all the strata of the urban sector, selection was done using simple random sampling without replacement (SRSWOR). Samples were drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples both in rural and in urban sectors.

Selection of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks/Households

Formation of hamlet-group/sub-block: Large villages/ blocks having approximate present population 1200 or more were divided into a suitable number of hamlet-group/sub-blocks as given below:

Approximate present population (Value of 'P')	No. of hamlet-groups/sub blocks formed (Value of 'D')
Less than 1200	1 (No Hamlet-Groups/sub-blocks formed)
1200 to 1799	3
1800 to 2399	4
2400 to 2999	5
3000 to 3599	6
	And so on

Hamlet-groups / sub-blocks were formed by more or less equalising populations. Two hamletgroups / sub-blocks were selected from a large village or block by SRSWOR. Listing and selection of the households were done independently in the two selected hamlet-groups/sub-blocks so formed.

Formation of Second Stage Strata (SSS): Consumer Expenditure Survey:

Two SSS were formed.

Second stage strata in rural sector:

SSS No.	Composition of households		
1	households possessing land < Y		
2	households possessing land ≥ Y		

Second stage strata in urban sector:

SSS No.	Composition of households
1	households belonging to MPCE classes 1, 2 & 3
2	households belonging to MPCE class 4

Allocation of samples between Rural and Urban sectors: samples was allocated between two sector in proportion to provisional population as per Census 2001 with 1.5 weightage to urban sector.

Allocation & Selection of Sample Households: Two households were selected from each SSS of each type of schedule. In case of hamlet group/sub-block formation, one household was selected from each (hg/sb) x SSS. The total numbers of households surveyed in an FSU are given below.

Schedule No.	Rural	Urban	
1.0	4	4	

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

Notation:

s = subscript for s-th stratum

m = subscript for sub-sample (m = 1, 2)

i = subscript for i-th FSU [village (panchyat ward) / block]

d = subscript for a hamlet-group/sub-block (d=1,2)

j = subscript for j-th second stage stratum of an FSU/hg/sb

 $\label{eq:k} $k = subscript for k-th sample household under a particular second stratum within an $FSU/hg/sb$$

D = total number of hg's / sb's formed in the sample village (panchyat ward) / block

$$D^* = 1 \text{ if } D = 1$$

= D / 2 for FSUs with D > 1

- N = total umber of FSUs in an rural stratum 1 or in any urban stratum
- Z = total size of a rural stratum other than stratum 1 (= sum of size for all the FSUs of a rural stratum other than stratum 1)
- z = size of sample village used for selection.
- n = number of sample village / block surveyed including zero cases but excluding casualty for a particular sub-sample and stratum
- H = total of sample of households listed in a second-stage stratum of a hamlet-group/sub-block of sample FSU
- h = number of households surveyed in a second-stage stratum of a hamlet-group/subblock of sample FSU
- y = observed value of characteristics y under estimation
- Y = estimate of population total Y for the characteristics y

Under the above symbols,

 y_{smidjk} = observed of the characteristic y for the k-th household in the j-th second stage stratum of the d-th hg/sb (d=1,2) of the FSU belonging to the m-th sub-sample for the s-th stratum,

However, for ease of understanding, a few symbols have been suppressed in following paragraphs where they are obvious.

FORMULAE FOR ESTIMATION OF AGGREGATES FOR A PARTICULAR SUB-SAMPLE AND STRATUM IN RURAL / URBAN SECTOR:

Schedules 1.0

Rural:

- (a) Estimation formula for stratum 1:
 - i) For households selected in j-th second stage stratum:

$$\hat{Y}_{j} = \frac{N}{n_{j}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{j}} D_{i}^{*} \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

ii) For all selected households:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_{i} \hat{Y}_{i}$$

- (b) Estimation formula for other strata:
 - i) For households selected in j-th second stage stratum:

$$\hat{Y_j} = \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} D_i^* \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

ii) For all selected households:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_{j} \hat{Y}_{j}$$

Urban:

- (a) Estimation formula for a stratum:
 - (i) For households selected in j-th second stage stratum:

$$\hat{Y_j} = \frac{N}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} D_i^* \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

ii) For all selected households:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_{j} \hat{Y}_{j}$$

Note: i) **Values of** j=1 or 2;

ii) **Estimates in respect of joint operational holdings:** In case of joint operational holdings operated by the sample household jointly with other household(s), the value of a characteristic of the operational holding was

first multiplied by the percentage share of land of the sample household(s) and then the higher estimates were built up.

OVERALL ESTIMATE FOR AGGREGATES:

Overall estimate for aggregate for a stratum ($\hat{Y_{s}}$) based on two sub-samples is obtained as:

$$\hat{Y}_{s} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1}^{2} \hat{Y}_{sm}$$

OVERALL ESTIMATE OF AGGREGATES AT STATE/UT LEVEL:

The overall estimate \hat{Y} at the state/UT level is obtained by summing the stratum estimates $\hat{Y_s}$ over all strata belonging to the state/UT.

SECTION THREE

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

The concepts and definitions adopted during the NSS 59th round are explained in this section.

HOUSE: Every structure, tent, shelter, etc., is a house irrespective of its use. It may be used for residential or non-residential purpose or both or even may be vacant.

HOUSEHOLD: A group of persons normally living together and taking food from common kitchen constitute a household. The word 'normally' means that the temporary visitors are excluded but temporary stay-aways are included. Thus a son or daughter residing in hostel for studies is excluded from household of his/her parents, but a resident employee or resident servant or paying guest (but just not a tenant in the house) is included in the employers/host's household. 'Living together' is usually given more importance than 'sharing food from a common kitchen' in drawing the boundaries of a household. In case the two criteria are in conflict; however in special case of person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members is taken to include the person also. Each inmate of mess, hotel, boarding house, etc. is considered as single member household but a family living in a hotel is considered to be one household only; the same applies to residential staff of such establishments.

HOUSEHOLD SIZE: The number of normally resident members of a household is its size. It will include temporary stayaways but exclude temporary visitors and guests.

HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE: The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period is the household's

consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure is the total of the monetary value of consumption of various groups of items namely:

- i) food, pan(betal leaves), tobacco, intoxicants and fuels and light.
- ii) clothing and footwear; and
- iii) miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles.

For group (i) and (ii), the total value of consumption is derived by aggregating the monetary value of goods actually consumed during the reference period. An item of clothing and footwear would be considered to have been consumed if it is brought into maiden or first use during reference period, The consumption may be out of:

- a) purchase made during the reference period or earlier.
- b) home grown stock.
- c) receipt in exchange of goods and services.
- d) any other receipt like gift, charity, borrowings; and
- e) free collection.

For evaluating the consumption of the items of group (iii) i.e. items categorised as miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles, a different approach is followed, In this case, the value of actual purchase i.e., the expenditure made during the reference period for the purchase of goods and services is considered as consumption.

It is pertinent to mention here that the consumer expenditure for a household on food items relate to the actual consumption made by the normal resident member of the household and also by the guests during the ceremonies otherwise. To avoid double counting, transfer payments like charity, loan advances, etc. made by the households are not considered as consumption for items of groups (i) and (ii), since transfer receipts of these items have been taken into account. However, the item "cooked meals" is an exception to the rule. Meals prepared in that household kitchen and provided to the employees and/or other would automatically get included in domestic consumption of employer (payer) household. There is a practical difficulty of estimating the quantities and values of individual items used for preparing the meals served to the employees or the others. Thus, to avoid double counting, cooked meals received, as perquisites from employer household or as gift or charity are not recorded

in the recipient household. As a general principle, cooked meals purchased from the market for the consumption of the normal resident members and for the guest and employees will also be recorded in the purchaser household.

This procedure of recording cooked meals served to others in the expenditure of serving households only leads to bias free estimates of average per capita consumption as well as total consumer expenditure. However, as the proportions of donors and recipients of free cooked meals are likely to vary in opposite direction over the expenditure classes, the nutritional intake derived from the consumer expenditure survey data may present a somewhat distorted picture. These derived nutrition intakes may get inflated for the rich (net donors) and somewhat understated for the poor(net recipients). This point has to be kept firmly in mind while using the NSS consumer expenditure data for any nutritional studies.

TOTAL HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE: The total household expenditure is composed of expenditure of the household on broad group of items. The groups are:

- (1) Cereals
- (2) Gram
- (3) Cereals substitutes
- (4) Pulses & pulse products
- (5) Milk & Milk Products
- (6) Edible Oil
- (7) Meat, Egg and Fish
- (8) Vegetables
- (9) Fruits (Fresh and dry)
- (10) Sugar
- (11) Salt
- (12) Spices
- (13) Beverages, refreshments and processed food
- (14) Pan, tobacco and intoxicants
- (15) Fuel and light
- (16) Clothing
- (17) Footwear
- (18) Miscellaneous goods and services
- (19) Durable goods
- (20) Rent
- (21) Taxes and cesses
- (22) Medical: (institutional and non-institutional)
- (23) Education

The results of total household consumer expenditure expressed are broadly classified under (a) Food total and (b) Non-food total.

VALUE OF CONSUMPTION: Consumption out of purchase is evaluated at the purchase price. Consumption out of home produce is evaluated at ex factory prices. Value of consumption out of gifts, loans, free collection and goods received in exchange of goods and service is imputed at the rate of average local retail prevailing during the reference period.

MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE (MPCE): For a household, this is its 30 day's consumer expenditure divided by its size. A person's MPCE is understood as that of the household to which he or she belongs.

REFERENCE PERIOD: The reference periods used for collection of consumption data for different groups of items are given below:-

- □ Food, pan, tobacco and intoxicants, fuel & light, Miscellaneous goods & services, and medical care (non-institutional) last 30 days
- □ Education, medical care (institutional), clothing footwear and durable goods − last 365 days

MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS: This includes ghee, butter, curd, ice-cream etc. Milk-based sweetmeats (pera, rasogolla etc.) come under "beverages, refreshments and processed food". However, if these are prepared from milk, sugar, etc. within the household and consumed, then the consumption of ingredients are accounted separately instead of the entire consumption being accounted under "milk products". Clothing and footwear: This category includes bed sheets, bedcovers, pillows, curtains, mattresses, blankets, rugs, mats and mattings, cotton yarn, wool and knitting wool. It, however, excludes tailoring charges, which come under "miscellaneous goods and services".

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES: This is a residual group containing items other than goods, pan, tobacco, intoxicants, fuel and light, clothing, footwear, rent, taxes and durable goods.

INSTITUTIONAL AND NON-INSTITUTIONAL MEDICAL EXPENSES: The distinction between institutional and non-institutional medical expenses lies in whether the expenses were incurred for medical treatment undergone as an inpatient of a medical institution (such as a hospital or nursing home) or otherwise. Medical expenses include expenditure on medicines and medical goods including family planning appliances, payment made for medical treatment, and expenses incurred for clinical tests.

DURABLE GOODS: Items included here are distinguished from miscellaneous goods by having a longer expected lifetime of use (roughly, one year or more). Expenditure incurred on repairs and construction of durable used for domestic purpose is included in 'expenditure on durable goods'.

PUCCA STRUCTURE: A pucca structure is one whose walls and roof are made of pucca materials as cement, concrete, oven burnt bricks, hollow cement / ash bricks, stone, stone blocks, jack boards (cement plastered reeds), iron, zinc or other metal sheets, timber, tiles, slate, corrugated iron, asbestos cement sheet, veneer, plywood, artificial wood of synthetic material and ploy vinyl chloride(PVC) material.

KATCHA STRUCTURE: A structure, which has walls and roof made of non-pucca materials, is regarded as a katcha structure. Non-pucca materials include unburnt bricks, bamboo, mud, grass, leaves, reeds, thatch, etc. Katcha structures can be of the following two types:

UNSERVICEABLE KATCHA STRUCTURE includes all structures with thatch walls and thatch roof i.e. walls made of grass, leaves, reeds, etc. and roof of a similar material and

SERVICEABLE KATCHA STRUCTURE: includes all Katcha structure other than Unserviceable Katcha structure.

SEMI-PUCCA STRUCTURE: A structure, which cannot be classified as a pucca, or a katcha structure as per definition is a semi-pucca structure. Such a structure will have either the walls or the roof but not both, made of pucca materials.

BUILDING: Building is a free-standing structure comprising one or more rooms or other spaces covered by a roof and usually enclosed within external walls or dividing walls which extend from the foundation to the roof. Dividing walls refer to the walls of adjoining buildings, i.e. dividing walls of a row of houses. These houses are practically independent of one another and likely to have been built at different times and owned by different persons. If more than one physically separated structure constitute one living unit, all of them together also form a building. Usually, building will have four external walls. But in some areas the nature of building construction is such that it has no walls. Instead, it has a roof, which almost touches the ground, and it is provided with entrance. Such structures and also structures standing only on pillars will also be treated as building for the purpose of the survey.

DWELLING UNIT: It is the accommodation availed of by a household for its residential purpose. It may be an entire structure or a part thereof or consisting of more than one structure. There may be cases of more than one household occupying a single structure such as those living in independent flats or sharing a single housing unit, in each case, there will be as many dwelling units as the number of households sharing the structure. There may also be cases of one household occupying more than one structure (i.e. detached structures for sitting sleeping, cooking, bathing etc) for its housing accommodation. In this case, all the structure together constitutes a single dwelling unit. In general, a dwelling unit consists of living room, kitchen, store, bath, latrine, garage, open and closed veranda etc. A structure or a portion thereof used exclusively for non-residential purposes or let out to other households dose not form part of the dwelling unit of the household under consideration. However, a portion of a structure used for both residential and nonresidential purposes is treated as part of the dwelling unit except when the use of such portion for residential purpose is very nominal. The dwelling unit covers all pucca, semi-pucca and katcha structures used by a household. Households living more or less regularly under bridges, in pipes, under staircase, in purely temporary flimsy improvisations built by the road side (Which are liable to be removed at any moment) etc., are considered to have no dwelling.

CHAWL/BUSTEE: A chawl/bustee is a collection of huts (thatched houses) or tenements which is generally constructed of katcha or semi-pucca materials like mud, bamboo, grass, leaves, reeds, thatch, unburnt bricks etc., and is inhabited by a large number of households.

INDEPENDENT HOUSE: An independent house is one, which has a separate structure and entrance with self-contained arrangements. In other words, if the dwelling unit and the entire structure of the house are physically the same, it should be considered as an independent house. In some parts, particularly in rural areas, two or more structures together may constitute a single housing unit. While the main residence may be in one of the structures, the other structures may be used for sleeping, sitting and for store, bath etc. In all such cases, all the structures together will form a single housing unit and will be treated as an independent house.

FLAT: A flat, generally, is a part of the building and has one or more rooms with self-contained arrangement and normal housing facilities like water supply, latrine, toilet, etc., which are used exclusively by the household residing therein or jointly with other households. It also includes detached room or rooms with or without other housing facilities.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY: Any activity resulting in production of goods and services that add value to national product was considered as an economic activity. Such activities included production of all goods and services for market(i.e. production for pay or profit) and non market activities such as production of primary commodities for own consumption and own account production of fixed assets. Activities like prostitution, begging, smuggling etc., which though fetched earnings were, by convention, not considered as economic activities.

ACTIVITY STATUS: It is the activity situation in which a person was found during a reference period with regard to the persons's participation in economic and non-economic activities. According to this, a person could be in one or a combination of the following three broad activity statuses during a reference period.

 Working or being engaged in economic activity(work) as defined above,

- ii) Being not engaged in economic activity(work) but either making tangible efforts to seek 'work' or being available for 'work' if the work is available and
- iii) Being not engaged in any economic activity(work)and also not available for 'work'.

Broad activity status mentioned in (i) and (ii) above are associated with 'being in labour force' and the last with 'not being in the labour force'. Within the labour force, broad activity status (i) and (ii) were associated with 'employment' and 'unemployment', respectively.

CATEGORIES OF ACTIVITY STATUS: Identification of each individual into a unique situation could pose a problem when more than one of the three broad activity status listed above were concurrently obtained for a person. In such an eventuality, the identification uniquely under any one of the three broad activity status was done by adopting either the major time or priority criterion. The former was used for classification of persons according to the 'usual activity status' approach and the latter for classification of persons according to the 'current activity status' approach. Each of the three broad activity status was further sub-divided into several detailed activity categories. If a person categorises as engaged in economic/non-economic activity by adopting one of the two criteria mentioned above was found to be pursuing more than one economic/non-economic activity during the reference period, and the appropriate detailed activity status code related to the activity in which relatively more time had been spent. The detailed activity categories under each of the three broad activity statuses used in the survey along with the codes assigned to them (in brackets) are stated below:

- i) Situation of working or being engaged in economic activities (employed):
 - a) worked in household enterprise (self-employed) as own account worker(11);
 - b) worked in household enterprise (self-employed) as employer(12);
 - c) worked as helper in household enterprise (unpaid family worker)(21);
 - d) worked as regular salaried/wage employee (31);
 - e) worked as casual wage labour (i) in public works(41), (ii) in other types of work (51)

- f) had work in household enterprise but did not work due to : (i) sickness(61),(ii) other reasons (62); and
- g) had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to: (i) sickness(71), (ii) other reasons (72); and
- (ii) Situation of being not engaged in work but seeking or available for work (unemployed):
 - a) sought work (81) and
 - b) did not seek but was available for work (82)
- (iii) Situation of being not available for work (not in labour force):
 - a) attended educational institutions (91);
 - b) attended domestic duties only (92);
 - attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods(vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle-feed etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving etc. for household use (93);
 - d) rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipient, etc. (94);
 - e) not able to work due to disability(95);
 - f) beggars, prostitutes (96);
 - g) others (97) and
 - h) did not work due to sickness (for casual workers only) (98).

WORKERS (OR EMPLOYED): Persons who are engaged in any economic activity or who despite their attachment to economic activity, abstained from work for reason of illness, injury or other physical disability, bad weather, festivals, social or religious functions or other contingencies necessitating temporary absence from work, constituted workers. Unpaid helpers who assisted in the operation of an economic activity in the household farm or non-farm activities were also considered as workers. All the workers were assigned one of the detailed activity statuses under the broad activity category 'working' or 'being engaged in economic activity' (or employed).

SEEKING OR AVAILABLE FOR WORK (OR UNEMPLOYED): Persons, who are owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment

exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing conditions of work and remuneration, were considered as those who were 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed).

LABOUR FORCE: Persons, who were either 'working' (or employed) or 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed) constituted the labour force. Persons, who were neither 'working' nor 'seeking or available for work' for various reasons during the reference period were considered as 'out of labour force'. The persons under this latter category were students, those engaged in domestic duties, rentiers, pensioners, recipients of remittances, those living on alms, infirm or disabled persons, too young or too old persons, prostitutes, smugglers, etc. and casual labourers not working due to sickness.

SELF-EMPLOYED: Persons who operated their own farm or non-farm enterprises or were engaged independently in a profession or trade on account or with one or a few partners were deemed to be self-employed in household enterprises. The essential feature of the self-employed is that they have *autonomy* (i.e. how, where and when to produce) and *economic independence* (i.e. marker, scale of operation and money) for carrying out their operation. The fee or remuneration received by them comprised two parts — share of their labour and profit of the enterprise. In other words, their remuneration was determined wholly or mainly by sales or profits of the goods or services which were produced.

Categories of Self-employed persons: Self-employed persons were categorised as follows:

- i) Own-account workers: those self-employed persons who operated their enterprises on their own-account or with one or a few partners and who, during the reference period, by and large, ran their enterprise without hiring any labour. They could, however, have had unpaid helpers to assist them in the activity of the enterprise.
- employers: those self-employed persons who worked on their own-account or with one or a few partners and, who, by and large, ran their enterprise by hiring labour, and

helpers in household enterprise: those self-employed persons (mostly family members) who were engaged in their household enterprises, working full or part time and did not received any regular salary or wages in return for the work performed. They did not run the household enterprise on their own but assisted the related persons living in the same household in running the household enterprise.

REGULAR SALARIED/WAGE EMPLOYEE: These were persons who works in other's farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received salary or wages on a regular basis (i.e. not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract). This category included not only persons getting time wage but also persons receiving piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part time.

CASUAL WAGE LABOUR: A person who was casually engaged in other's farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and in return, received wages according to the terms of the daily or periodic work contract, was a casual wage labour.

USUAL ACTIVITY STATUS: The usual activity status relates to the activity status of a person during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The activity status on which a person spent relatively longer time (i.e. major time criterion) during the 365 days preceding the date of survey is considered as the principal usual activity status of the person. To decide the principal usual activity of a person, he/she was first categorised as belonging to the labour force or not during the reference period on the basis of major time criterion. Persons thus adjudged as not belonging to the labour force were assigned the broad activity status 'neither working nor available for work'. For persons belonging to the labour force, the broad activity status of either 'working' or 'not working but seeking and/or available for work' was ascertain based on the same criterion viz. Relatively longer time spent in accordance with either of the two broad statuses within the labour force during the 365 days preceding the date of survey. Within the broad activity status so determined, the detailed activity status of a person pursuing more than one such activity was determined once again on the basis of the relatively longer time spent on such activities. In terms of activity codes, codes 11-51 were applicable for persons classified as workers, while code 81 was assigned

to people either seeking or available for work(unemployed persons) and codes 91-97 for those who were out of labour force.

SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY STATUS: A person whose principal usual status was determined on the basis of the major time criterion could have pursued some economic activity for a relatively shorter time (minor) during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The status in which such economic activity was pursued was the subsidiary economic activity status of that person. Thus, activity status codes 11-51 only were applicable for persons reporting some subsidiary economic activity. It may be noted that engagement in work in subsidiary capacity could arise out of the following two situations, viz.

- a person could be engaged for a relatively longer period during the last 365 days in one economic/non-economic activity and for a relatively shorter period in another economic activity, and
- ii) a person could be pursuing one economic activity/non-economic activity almost throughout the year in the principal usual activity status and simultaneously pursue another economic activity for a relatively shorter period in a subsidiary capacity.

NUMBER OF SUBSIDIARY ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES PURSUED DURING LAST

365 DAYS: For persons reporting some subsidiary activity, the number of subsidiary activities pursued by him/her during last 365 days was ascertained and recorded. However, details of a maximum of two such subsidiary economic activities were recorded. The activities having different work status was considered as different activities. Activities within the same work status but with different industry and/or occupation were considered as different activities. If a person was engaged in two or more subsidiary economic activities, details of subsidiary economic activity pursued for the maximum time period among all the subsidiary economics activities, or in other words, the major subsidiary economic activity was deemed as 'subsidiary status number I' and the next major one as ' subsidiary status number II' were recorded.

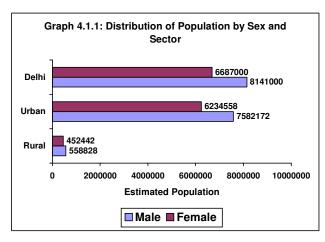
SECTION FOUR

SUMMARY FINDINGS

This section is devoted to the analysis of results of household consumer expenditure survey held during January – December 2003. The main focus is on level and pattern of consumer expenditure of households in Delhi. Besides, certain selected demographic features, indicators of living of population and employment-unemployment situation were also discussed. The estimates are based on 47 rural and 714 urban sample households.

4.1 DEMOGRAPHIC FEATURES

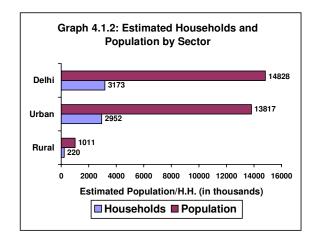
The Survey estimated that there were about 31.72 lakh households with an average household size of 4.7 persons during the above said period. Out of the total households 2.20 lakh were in rural and 29.52 lakh in urban areas. Rural population



account for 6.82 % and that of urban constitute 93.18 % of the total population. Sex wise distribution of population revealed that 81.41 lakhs were male and 66.87 lakhs were females and the sex ratio comes to 821 females for thousand males.

Statement 4.1.1: Distribution of households/Population

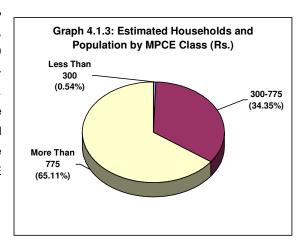
Sector	Estimated	Es	Household		
000101	Households	Male	Female	Total	Size
Rural	220399	558828	452442	1011270	4.59
Urban	2952293	7582172	6234558	13816730	4.68
Delhi	3172692	8141000	6687000	14828000	4.67



Statement 4.1.2 gives the distribution of population Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (MPCE) class-wise. rural areas 39.30% population were in the highest **MPCE** class namely Rs.950 and above; 22.15 % were in Rs.775-950 class and 19.92 % in Rs.615-775 MPCE class.

On the other hand in the urban areas 18.49 % of population were in the MPCE class

of Rs. 1925 and above, 8.04 % in the Rs.1500-1925 class, 15.40 % in Rs. 1120-1500 class, 11.80% in the Rs. 915-1120 Class and 11.64% in Rs. 775-915 MPCE Class. At the state/UT level it was observed that more than 65.11 % of the population was in the MPCE class of Rs.775 and above.



Statement 4.1.2: Estimated Households/Population by MPCE Class

MPCE Class	Estimated				Household
(Rs.)	Households	Male	Female	Total	Size
RURAL					
Less than 420	0	0	0	0	0.00
420 – 470	4383	11840	9956	21796	4.97
470 – 525	5725	19211	13236	32447	5.67
525 – 615	28041	89274	44855	134129	4.78
615 – 775	32970	107662	93806	201468	6.11
775 – 950	59349	125257	98725	223982	3.77
More than 950	89931	205585	191864	397449	4.42
Sub Total	220399	558828	452442	1011270	4.59
URBAN					
Less than 300	8658	38910	41130	80040	9.24
300 – 350	18741	38017	55298	93315	4.98
350 – 425	69163	230331	192409	422740	6.11
425 - 500	124760	368081	378008	746089	5.98
500 - 575	178922	508980	467687	976667	5.46
575 - 665	209203	624795	523539	1148334	5.49
665 - 775	259504	740272	575953	1316225	5.07
775 - 915	337593	886711	721424	1608135	4.76
915 - 1120	356249	918605	711749	16030354	4.58
1120-1500	456228	1212935	915418	2128353	4.67
1500-1925	264568	607133	504263	1111396	4.20
More than 1925	668704	1407412	1147688	2555100	3.82
Sub Total	2952293	7582172	6234558	13816730	4.68
DELHI					
Less than 300	8658	38910	41130	80040	9.24
300-775	931412	2738452	2354739	5093191	5.47
More than 775	2232622	5363638	4291131	9654769	4.32
Total	3172692	8141000	6687000	14828000	4.67

SOCIAL GROUP WISE DISTRIBUTION:

Social group-wise break-up of households is presented MPCE class wise in statement 4.1.3. It revealed that 22.02% of the total households belonged to 'Scheduled caste' category, 13.05% to 'Other Backward Classes' and 64.93% belonged to other social groups.

Statement 4.1.3: Social Group-wise Distribution of Estimated Households

MPCE Class	Social Group (Households)				
(Rs.)	Scheduled Castes	Other Backward Classes	Others	Total	
< 300	7537	1300	0	8657	
300 - 775	388259	189003	354149	931411	
> 775	302932	223770	1705922	2232624	
TOTAL	698548	414073	2060071	3172692	
Percentage					
< 300	84.98%	15.02%	0.00%	100.00%	
300 - 775	41.69%	20.29%	38.02%	100.00%	
> 775	13.57%	10.02%	76.41%	100.00%	
TOTAL	22.02%	13.05%	64.93%	100.00%	

FEMALE-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS:

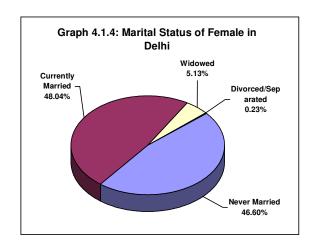
There has been a demand for bringing out data on women related parameters both at national and state level. Accordingly data was generated on female-headed households in Delhi. The survey indicated that only 7.18% of the total families in Delhi are having female as head of the household thereby showing an decrease by more than 2.6 % points over the previous round.

Statement 4.1.4: Distribution of Households by Gender of Head of the Family

Sector	Number of Households						
	Male as Head	Female as Head	%age of Female Headed Households to Total	Total			
RURAL	211177	9222	4.18	220399			
URBAN	2733616	218677	7.41	2952293			
DELHI	2944793	227899	7.18	3172692			

MARITAL STATUS:

Information on marital status was obtained through female approach during the survey. The outcome of the survey is that out of the total female population 48.04% were currently married, 5.13% widowed and only 0.23% were divorced/separated. The proportion of female population in the category of never married was 46.60%. Statement 4.1.5 provides age group-wise position of marital status in Delhi. In the age group 15 to 19 years, 94.69 percent of the females were in the category 'never married' while the remaining 5.31% were 'currently married'. It



has been observed that, as the age-group is progressing the proportion of female with status 'never married' decreasing is while that of 'currently married' is increasing. While in the age group 60 and above, about 54.47% females were currently married and 44.49% were widowed.

Statement 4.1.5: Distribution of Female Population by Marital Status in Delhi

	Marital Status (Female)					
Age-Group	Never Married	Currently Married	Widowed	Divorced/ Separated	Total	
0-14	2061268	0	0	0	2061268	
0-14	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	
15-19	612355	34316	0	0	646671	
15-19	94.69	5.31	0.00	0.00	100.00	
20-24	344421	322776	9416	1016	677629	
20-24	50.83	47.63	1.39	0.15	100.00	
25-29	69708	612986	0	271	682965	
25-29	10.21	89.75	0.00	0.04	100.00	
30-60	24436	2018962	151494	13831	2208723	
30-00	1.11	91.41	6.86	0.62	100.00	
Above 60	4249	223194	182301	0	409744	
ADOVE 60	1.04	54.47	44.49	0.00	100.00	
Total	3116437	3212234	343211	15118	66870000	
i Oldi	46.60	48.04	5.13	0.23	100.00	

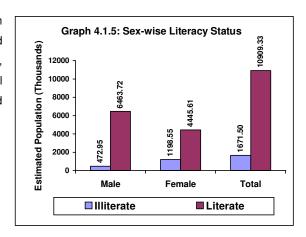
LITERACY LEVEL AND RATE:

Out of the total estimated population (Excluding 0-6 years Age-Group) in Delhi 15.07% were found to be illiterate and 84.94% were literate with different levels of educational attainment. Sex-wise literacy rate revealed that 91.42% of males and 77.15% of females in Delhi were literate.

Statement 4.1.6: Number of Literate among +6 year population In Delhi

S.No.	Educational Level	Male	Female	Total
Α	Illiterate	604429	1342404	1946833
В	Literate	6438381	4532229	10970610
1	Literate without Formal Schooling	21654	20500	42154
2	Literate below Primary	989456	810973	1800429
3	Primary	1121390	821748	1943138
4	Middle	1023543	794113	1817656
5	Secondary	1150300	674990	1825320
6	Higher Secondary	706430	447877	1154307
7	Diploma Certificate	107380	37189	144569
8	Graduate & Others	1318198	924839	2243037
С	TOTAL (A +B)	7042810	5874633	12917443
D	Literacy Rate	91.42%	77.15%	84.93%

Out of the total 109.71 lakh literates, 17.71% attained education upto primary, 16.64% upto secondary level and 20.45% completed graduation & above.



Statement 4.1.6A: Number of Literate among +15 year population In Delhi

S.No.	Educational Level	Male	Female	Total
Α	Illiterate	518645	1232928	1751573
В	Literate	5053782	3392800	8446582
1	Literate without Formal			
	Schooling	12623	13643	26266
2	Literate below Primary	248555	230826	479381
3	Primary	684408	411132	1095540
4	Middle	825859	652304	1478163
5	Secondary	1150330	674991	1825321
6	Higher Secondary	706429	447877	1154306
7	Diploma Certificate	107380	37189	144569
8	Graduate & Others	1318198	924838	2243036
С	TOTAL (A +B)	5572427	4625728	10198155
D	Literacy Rate	90.69%	73.35%	82.82%

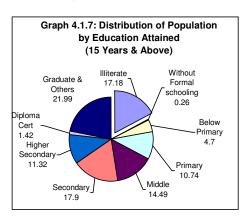
Of late adult literacy (15 years and above) is being accepted as a satisfactory parameter at international level to judge the quality of literacy of population. Literacy rate of Delhi for 15 year and above age group was estimated at 82.82%.

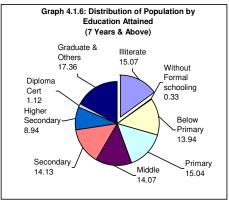
In case of Males this was 90.69% and that of female it was 73.75%. Sectorwise break-up revealed that 77.52% of the rural and 83.17% of the urban population in the 15 years and above age group were literate.

Statement 4.1.7: Number of Literate Among +15 Years Population

S.No.	Item	Rural	Urban	Delhi
Α	Male			
1	Population	311554	5260874	5572428
2	Number of Literate	287167	4766615	5053782
3	Percentage to Total	92.17%	90.61%	90.69%
В	Female			
1	Population	306945	4318785	4625730
2	Number of Literate	192286	3200516	3392802
3	Percentage to Total	62.65%	74.11%	73.75%
С	Persons			
1	Population	618499	9579659	10198158
2	Number of Literate	479453	7967131	8446584
3	Percentage to Total	77.52%	83.17%	82.82%

The comparative position between Universal and Adult Literacy rates is given in the statement 4.1.8 below. On the whole about 2.11% difference was noticed between the two sets of data. Among the literate in age group 15 years and above, 21.99% were Graduates and





others, 17.90% completed Secondary education and 10.74% Primary Level of education. The percentage of people who were literate but not completed primary level education was worked out to be 4.70%.

Statement 4.1.8: Percentage distribution of population in Delhi by their Age group and Education attainment.

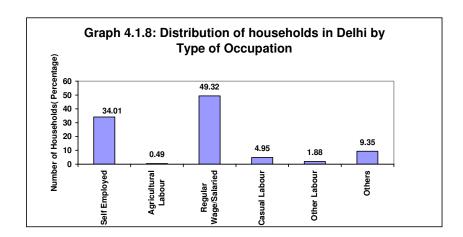
S.	Educational Level	7 Years &	15 Years &
No.		Above	Above
Α	Illiterate	15.07%	17.18%
В	Literate	84.93%	82.82%
1	Literate Without Formal Schooling	0.33%	0.26%
2	Literate below Primary	13.94%	4.70%
3	Primary	15.04%	10.74%
4	Middle	14.07%	14.49%
5	Secondary	14.13%	17.90%
6	Higher Secondary	8.94%	11.32%
7	Diploma Certificate	1.12%	1.42%
8	Graduate & Others	17.36%	21.99%
С	TOTAL (A +B)	100.00%	100.00%

OCCUPATIONAL DISTRIBUTION:

Analysis of occupational distribution of households as presented in statement 4.1.9 brought to light that 34.01% were self-employed households and 49.32% of the households were in the wage/salaried category and 9.35% were found to be pursuing other vocations.

Statement 4.1.9: Distribution of Households by Type of Occupation

S.No.	Item	Number of Households	Percentage
Α	RURAL		
1	Self Employed In non-agriculture	48324	21.93
2	Agricultural Labour	15539	7.05
3	Other Labour	59429	26.96
4	Self Employed in Agriculture	6933	3.15
5	Others	90174	40.91
6	Total	220399	100.00
В	URBAN		
7	Self Employed	1023830	34.68
8	Regular Wage/Salaried	1564841	53.00
9	Casual Labour	157183	5.33
10	Others	206439	6.99
11	Total	2952293	100.00
С	DELHI		
12	Self Employed (1+4+7)	1079087	34.01
13	Agricultural Labour (2)	15539	0.49
14	Regular Wage/Salaried (8)	1564841	49.32
15	Casual Labour (9)	157183	4.95
16	Other Labour (3)	59429	1.88
17	Others (5 +10)	296613	9.35
18	Total	3172692	100.00



Statement 4.1.10 provides comparative position of Delhi and All-India in respect of selected demographic features.

Statement 4.1.10: Selected Demographic Characteristics –Delhi vis-à-vis All India.

S.No.	Population Characteristics	De	lhi	All I	l India	
	•	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	
1	Average Household Size	4.59	4.68	5.0	4.5	
2	Average No. Adults Per Household	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.2	
3	Average No. Children Per Household	1.8	1.4	1.8	1.3	
4	Sex Ratio	810	822	957	932	
5	Sex Ratio among Adults	985	921	982	930	
6	Sex Ratio among Children	588	825	915	939	
7	% of Population	6.82	93.18	74.80	25.2	
8	Literacy Rate	91.42	77.15	60.00	81.00	

4.2 FEATURES ON LIVING CONDITIONS

COVERED AREA OF DWELLING UNITS:

Data was collected on the covered area (Sq. Meter) of the dwellings occupied by households, as it constitutes one of the important components of household characteristics. The survey revealed that 31.39% of the total families live in dwellings with an average covered area ranging from 30-60 square meters per family. 33.08% were residing in accommodation with a covered area above 60 square meters and nearly 0.21% of the households are in possession of living premises with covered area below 8 square meters.

Statement 4.2.1: Distribution of Households by Covered area of Dwelling Unit

Covered Area of		No. of Households			
Dwelling Unit (in Sq. Metre)	Rural	Urban	Delhi	Percentage to Total	
Less than 2	0	0	0	0.00	
2 - 4	0	0	0	0.00	
4 - 6	0	0	0	0.00	
6 - 8	0	6805	6805	0.21	
8 - 11	13505	162769	176274	5.56	
11 - 15	2867	143089	145956	4.60	
15 - 20	23100	274140	297240	9.37	
20 - 30	35090	465865	500955	15.79	
30 - 60	71627	924354	995981	31.39	
Above 60	74210	975271	1049481	33.08	
Total	220399	2952293	3172692	100.00	

DWELLING TYPE:

Type of dwelling occupied by households in Delhi from the angle of their nature, ownership and quality of dwelling were collected. Analysis revealed that 62.73% were owned, 26.02% rented and 11.25% in other category.

Statement 4.2.2: Distribution of households by Type of Dwelling Unit

Sector	Type of Dwelling Unit				
Sector	Owned	Hired	Other	Total	
RURAL	142585	77612	202	220399	
URBAN	1847662	747990	356641	2952293	
DELHI	1990247	825602	356843	3172692	
Percentage to Total	62.73	26.02	11.25	100.00	

Coming to the nature of dwellings in Delhi, 49.99% were residing in independent houses, 26.40% in flats and about 23.61% of households in Delhi were living in Chawl type of dwelling.

Statement 4.2.3: Distribution of households by Nature of Dwelling

	Nature of Dwelling				
Sector	Chawl	Independent House	Flat	Total	
RURAL	43686	111768	64945	220399	
URBAN	705265	1474160	772868	2952293	
DELHI	748951	1585928	837813	3172692	
Percentage to Total	23.61	49.99	26.40	100.00	

Statement 4.2.4: Distribution of Dwelling Unit by Covered Area

Type of Dwelling Unit	Average Covered Area (in Sq.m)				
Type of Dwelling Offic	Rural	Urban	Delhi		
Others	26.01	30.51	29.87		
Independent House	103.04	83.96	87.16		
Flat	56.66	51.39	52.35		

Statement 4.2.5: Distribution of households by Type of Structure

Sector	Type of Structure				
Sector	Pucca	Semi Pucca	Kutcha	Total	
RURAL	219539	860	0	220399	
URBAN	2742002	159873	50418	2952293	
DELHI	2961541	160733	50418	3172692	
Percentage to Total	93.34	5.07	1.59	100.00	

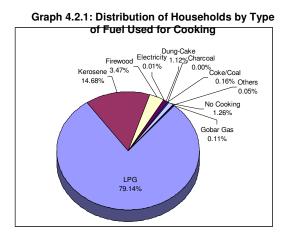
In terms of structure type as high as 93.34% were in Pucca Structure, 5.07% in semi-pucca and 1.59% in kutcha structure.

SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING

It is our experience that multiple types of energy are used by households in their day to day life, however survey focused on main source only. Statement 4.2.6

gives the distribution of households by source of energy for cooking.

The survey revealed that, 79.14% households used LPG, 14.68% Kerosene, 4.75% Dung cake, firewood, Coal, Coke etc. and rest 0.17% were using other type of energy as the primary source of cooking in Delhi. About 1.26% were not using any source for cooking purpose.

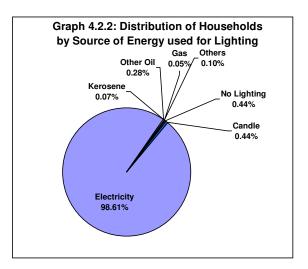


Statement 4.2.6: Distribution of Households by Primary Source of Cooking

S.	Sauras Of Engrave	Rural	Urban	Com	bined
No.	Source Of Energy	ince of Energy Hurai Orbai	Urban	Number	Percentage
1	LPG	179459	2331480	2510939	79.14
2	Kerosene	15775	450099	465874	14.68
3	fire-wood	5708	104284	109992	3.47
4	Electricity	0	285	285	0.01
5	Dung cake	19457	16195	35652	1.12
6	Charcoal	0	60	60	0.00
7	Coke/Coal	0	5006	5006	0.16
8	Gobar Gas	0	3357	3357	0.11
9	Others	0	1515	1515	0.05
Α	Sub Total	220399	2922281	3132680	98.74
В	No Cooking	0	40012	40012	1.26
С	Total	220399	2952293	3172692	100.00

SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING

Likewise of types energy used by households for lighting was also collected. 98.61% of the total households in Delhi were dependent on Electricity for their lighting needs. And for 0.07% households, Kerosene is the main source. The details of sources of energy for lighting are presented in statement 4.2.7.



Statement 4.2.7: Distribution of Households by Source of Energy used for Lighting

S.No.	Source Of Energy	Rural	Urban	Com	bined
3.110.	Source Of Effergy	nuiai	Olban	Number	Percentage
A	Source For Lighting				
1	Electricity	220399	2908303	3128702	98.61
2	Kerosene	0	2351	2351	0.07
3	Other Oil	0	9010	9010	0.29
4	Candle	0	13955	13955	0.44
5	Gas	0	1568	1568	0.05
6	Others	0	3064	3064	0.10
В	No Lighting Arrangement	0	14042	14042	0.44
С	Total	220339	2952293	3172692	100.00

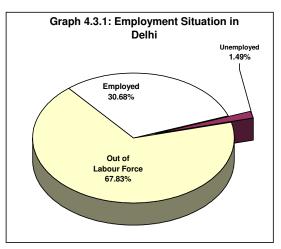
4.3 EMPLOYMENT - UNEMPLOYMENT

LABOUR FORCE

The term labour force may be taken to mean, those persons who are economically active in the economy. Labour force includes persons employed as well as those seeking and available for work. In nutshell it is composed of employed and unemployed persons. The results are based on the data collected on principal usual activity status and subsidiary activity status taken together during the reference period.

The survey revealed that out of the total estimated population (all age groups) of 148.28 lakh in Delhi, 47.70 lakh(32.17%) of them were estimated to be in the labour force during January to December 2003.

Sector wise break-up indicated that 26.79% of the rural and 32.56% of the urban population figured in the Labour force of Delhi. Further analysis of population revealed that out of the total male population 52.77% were in labour force whereas only 7.08% of the total female were in economically active category.



Coming to Work Force which constitutes the persons actually employed, , 90.30% and 9.70% were male and female respectively. Rural areas of Delhi account for 5.68% of labour force whereas 94.32% were in urban Delhi

Statement 4.3.1: Distribution of Labour Force.

	Estimated Number of Persons with Percentage Rural Urban Delhi											
Status	Rui	Del	hi									
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%						
1. Employed												
(a) Male	251405	44.99%	3856263	50.86%	4107668	50.46%						
(b) Female	4518	1.00%	436504	7.00%	441022	6.60%						
(c) Total	255923	25.31%	4292767	31.07%	4548690	30.68%						
2. Unemployed												
(a) Male	15005	2.69%	173721	2.29%	188726	2.32%						
(b) Female	0	0.00%	32366	0.52%	32366	0.48%						
(c) Total	15005	1.48%	206087	1.49%	221092	1.49%						
3. Labour Force (1+2)											
(a) Male	266410	47.67%	4029984	53.15%	4296394	52.77%						
(b) Female	4518	1.00%	468870	7.52%	473388	7.08%						
(c) Total	270928	26.79%	4498854	32.56%	4769782	32.17%						
4. Out of Labour I	Force											
(a) Male	292418	52.33%	3552188	46.85%	3844606	47.23%						
(b) Female	447924	99.00%	5765688	92.48%	6213612	92.92%						
(c) Total	740342	73.21%	9317876	67.44%	10058218	67.83%						
5. Estimated Popul	ulation (3+4)											
(a) Male	558828	55.26%	7582172	54.88%	8141000	54.90%						
(b) Female	452442	44.74%	6234558	45.12%	6687000	45.10%						
(c) Total	1011270	100.00%	13816730	100.00%	14828000	100.00%						

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES

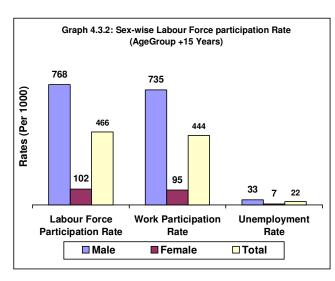
Labour force participation rate may be taken to mean as the number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons in the population. Statement 4.3.2 gives LFPRs sex-wise and sector-wise.

It is evident from the statement 4.3.2 that out of every 1000 persons in Delhi only 322 persons were found to be economically active persons. LFPR in respect of male was 528 persons per 1000 males in the total population and in case of females this rate was only 71 persons per 1000 females. Similarly, Work force participation rate worked out to 307 and that of un-employment stood at 15 persons per 1000 persons in the labour force.

LFPR OF POPULATION OF 15YEARS AND ABOVE

LFPR in respect of population of 15 years and above is perhaps the appropriate and meaningful indicator. Statement 4.3.2 provides these details sector and gender-wise. Accordingly, Labour force participation rate was estimated to be 466 In respect of males it was 768 and that of females were 102. Sector-wise position stood at 434 for rural and 468 for urban. This rate for males was 846 and 763 for rural and urban area respectively.

On the other hand Work Participation Rate in the Age Group 15 years and above were 735 and 95 among Males and Females respectively while this rate was



444 for Delhi. Unemployment rate worked out in the Group Years and above revealed that 1000 males per males in the labour force and 7 females per 1000 females in labour force were unemployed in Delhi. This rate for Delhi as a whole

was 22 persons per 1000 persons in labour force.

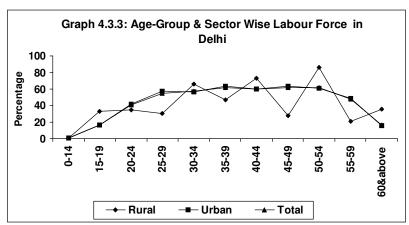
Statement 4.3.2: Labour Force participation Rate

S.	ITEM	PEF	R 1000 PER	SONS
NO.	IIEW	MALE	FEMALE	COMBINED
1	POPULATION 15+ YEARS			
Α	RURAL			
	Labour Force Participation Rate	846	15	434
	Work Force Participation Rate	807	15	414
	Un-employment Rate	39	0	20
В	URBAN			
	Labour Force Participation Rate	763	108	468
	Work Force Participation Rate	730	100	446
	Un-employment Rate	33	8	22
С	TOTAL			
	Labour Force Participation Rate	768	102	466
	Work Force Participation Rate	735	95	444
	Un-employment Rate	33	7	22
2	POPULATION - ALL AGE GROUPS			
	Labour Force Participation Rate	528	71	322
	Work Force Participation Rate	505	66	307
	Un-employment Rate	23	5	15

Analysis of statement 4.3.3 reveals that LFPRs in terms of percentage for Delhi as a whole was more than 50% in case of age-groups 25-54. It can be observed from the statement that the percentage of people in the labour force in the age-group 0-14 years was less than 1% and it was around 16% in respect of age group 60 years &above.

Statement 4.3.4 contains age-group and sex-wise labour force details. Among males labour force participation rates(%) for the age-groups 25-29years to 45-49 years was more than 95%. In case of 30-34 and 35-39 years age groups among males LFPR was near to 100%.

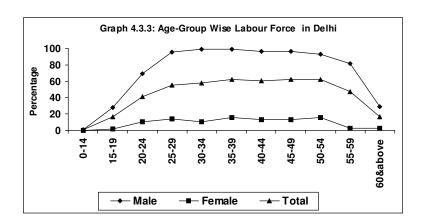
St	Statement 4.3.3 : Distribution of Labour Force by Age Group and Sector												
		Е	stimate	ed numbe	er of persor	ns in La	bour For	ce					
Age Group		Rural			Urban			Total					
Group	Labour Force	Population	%	Labour Force	Population	%	Labour Force	Population	%				
0-14	2751	392760	1%	19427	4237150	0.5%	22178	4629910	0.5%				
15-19	23480	70993	33.1%	227041	1413546	16.1%	250521	1484539	16.9%				
20-24	30747	88156	34.9%	554914	1333108	41.6%	585662	1421264	41.2%				
25-29	38613	125435	30.8%	725816	1259722	57.6%	764429	1385157	55.2%				
30-34	69399	104809	66.2%	632517	1113599	56.8%	701916	1218408	57.6%				
35-39	47378	100586	47.1%	754127	1189946	63.4%	801505	1290532	62.1%				
40-44	21929	30047	73.0%	576765	964780	59.8%	598694	994827	60.2%				
45-49	10229	36374	28.1%	432276	677956	63.8%	442505	714331	61.9%				
50-54	9742	11348	85.8%	304566	496683	61.3%	314308	508031	61.9%				
55-59	1929	9144	21.1%	142425	293977	48.4%	144354	303121	47.6%				
60 & Above	14729	41618	35.4%	128982	836264	15.4%	143711	877882	16.4%				
All	270927	1011270	26.8%	4498856	13816730	32.6%	4769783	14828000	32.2%				



Among females LFPR was at its best, namely, 16.0% for the age-group 50-54. This was followed by around 15.9% in 35-39 year age group.

Statement 4.3.4: Distribution of Labour Force by Age Group and Sex.

	Statement 4.3.4 : Distribution of Labour Force by Age Group and Sex												
		E	stimate	d number	of persons	in Labo	our Force						
Age		Male			Female			Total					
Group	Labour Force	Population	%	Labour Force	Population	%	Labour Force	Population	%				
0-14	19503	2568535	0.8%	2675	2061374	0.1%	22178	4629910	0.5%				
15-19	238181	837868	28.4%	12340	646671	1.9%	250521	1484539	16.9%				
20-24	515153	743770	69.3%	70509	677494	10.4%	585662	1421264	41.2%				
25-29	671167	702188	95.6%	93262	682969	13.7%	764429	1385157	55.2%				
30-34	643315	650875	98.8%	58601	567533	10.3%	701916	1218408	57.6%				
35-39	710592	719726	98.7%	90913	570806	15.9%	801505	1290532	62.1%				
40-44	539959	558521	96.7%	58735	436306	13.5%	598694	994827	60.2%				
45-49	402112	415966	96.7%	40393	298364	13.5%	442505	714331	61.9%				
50-54	281468	302215	93.1%	32840	205816	16.0%	314308	508031	61.9%				
55-59	140866	173199	81.3%	3489	129922	2.7%	144354	303121	47.6%				
60 & Above	134079	468137	28.6%	9632	409745	2.4%	143711	877882	16.4%				
All	4296395	8141000	52.8%	473387.5	6687000	7.1%	4769783	14828000	32.2%				



4.4 CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

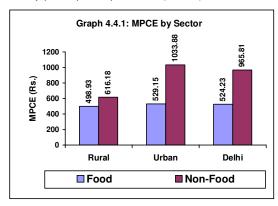
The main results of consumer expenditure survey are presented with reference to per capita/household consumer expenditure both in rural and urban areas, distribution of expenditure under main heads namely food and non-food items, and further details each sub-group wise. This analysis will help to ascertain the pattern of consumer expenditure in the state of Delhi.

Statement4.4.1: Per capita/Household Monthly Consumer Expenditure by Sector

SECTOR	FOOD	NON-FOOD	TOTAL								
MONTHLY PER CAPITA EXPENDITURE (Rs)											
RURAL	498.93	616.18	1115.11								
URBAN	529.15	1033.88	1563.03								
DELHI	524.23	965.81	1490.04								
AVERAGE M	ONTHLY HOUSEHOLI	D CONSUMER EXPEN	NDITURE (Rs)								
RURAL	2289.31	2827.29	5116.60								
URBAN	2476.43	4838.55	7314.98								
DELHI	2445.42	4505.33	6950.75								

Statement 4.4.1 gives the Household consumer expenditure on food and nonfood groups sector-wise. The average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) worked out

to Rs.1490.04. Out of this Rs. 524.23 (35.18%) was spent on food items and Rs.965.81 (68.82%) on non-food items. Average monthly consumer expenditure per family in Delhi was estimated at Rs.6950.75. The expenditure pattern in rural, urban and Delhi as a whole is presented in graph 4.4.1.



Statement 4.4.2: Household Monthly Consumer Expenditure (Rs.) by Sector

S.NO.	ITEM GROUP	RURAL	URBAN	DELHI
A	FOOD ITEMS	HOHAL	OHDAN	DELIII
1	Cereals	392.63	408.00	405.45
2	Cereal Substitutes	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	Pulses & Products	133.34		126.50
4	Milk & Milk Products	733.45	715.26	718.28
5	Edible Oil	152.17	171.73	168.49
6	Meat, Egg & Fish	67.77	77.13	75.58
7	Vegetables	274.61	283.09	281.69
8	Fruits (Fresh)	115.54	122.97	121.74
9	Fruits (Dry)	11.22	38.09	33.64
10	Sugar	86.49	72.59	74.90
11	Salt	6.21	8.69	8.28
12	Spices	58.84	69.79	67.98
40	Beverages,Refreshments & Processed			
13	Food	257.04	383.93	362.90
14	Food Sub-Total	2289.31	2476.43	2445.42
В	NON-FOOD ITEMS			
1	Pan	9.22	12.54	11.99
2	Tobacco	63.18	41.89	45.41
3	Intoxicants	87.46	29.48	39.09
4	Fuel & Light	431.44	542.83	524.38
5	Clothing	312.57	368.80	359.49
6	Bedding	27.66	36.76	35.26
7	Foot Wear	91.22	118.68	114.13
8	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods			
а	Goods for Personal care	20.17	40.33	36.99
	Toilet Articles	116.40	231.85	212.72
С	Sundry Articles	93.72	189.27	173.44
	Sub Total (8)	230.29	461.45	423.15
9	Miscellaneous Consumer Services			
	Entertainment	93.37	175.22	161.66
	Consumer Services	315.63	741.79	671.18
С	Conveyance	343.40	816.14	737.81
	Sub Total (9)	752.40	1733.15	1570.65
10	Rent	192.27	449.98	407.28
11	Taxes & Cesses	23.68	66.92	59.76
12	Durable Goods	131.18		239.49
13	Education	317.02	562.35	521.70
14	Medical	65.42	33.46	38.76
15	Medial Non Inst.	92.28		
16	Non-Food Sub-Total	2827.29		4505.33
С	All	5116.60	7314.98	

Statement 4.4.3 gives the comparative position of MPCE under 55th 56th 57th

 58^{th} and 59^{th} rounds of NSS in much-detailed manner for rural and urban sectors.

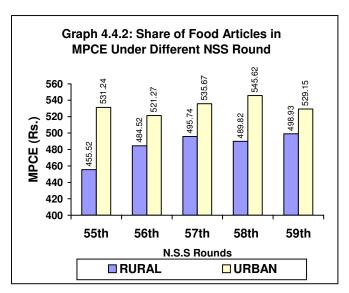
Statement 4.4.3: Comparative Position of MPCE(Rs.) Under Different NSS Rounds

	Statement 4.4.3: Comparative Position of MPCE(Rs.) Under Different NSS Rounds												
				Monthly	Per Capita Expenditure	(Rs.)							
		Rural						Urban					
55 th Round (Jul 1999 - Jun 2000)	56 th Round (Jul 2000 - Jun 2001)	57 th Round (Jul 2001 - Jun 2002)	58 th Round (Jul 2002 - Dec 2002)	59 th Round (Jan 2003- De2003)	Item Group	59 th Round (Jan 2003- De2003)	58 th Round (Jul 2002 - Dec 2002)	57 th Round (Jul 2001 - Jun 2002)	56 th Round (Jul 2000 - Jun 2001)	55 th Round (Jul 1999 - Jun 2000)			
87.67	90.97	80.77	86.56	85.57	Cereals	87.18	86.67	84.37	84.97	93.79			
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	Cereal Substitutes	0.00	0.00	0	0	0.07			
31.51	27.83	27.59	28.21	29.06	Pulses & Products	26.74	26.74	26.86	28.47	34.13			
152.47	157.29	156.08	157.98	159.85	Milk & Milk Products	152.83	157.34	157.73	156.35	150.98			
26.97	31.54	23.26	25.49	33.16	Edible Oil	36.69	30.24	27.35	29.8	31.37			
14.18	16.48	23.08	12.61	14.77	Meat, Egg & Fish	16.48	17.94	20.6	26.02	21.66			
52.11	50.99	65.93	63.83	59.85	Vegetables	60.49	72.44	64.73	60.85	63.65			
19.47	30.91	25.48	25.15	25.18	Fruits (Fresh)	26.28	30.81	29.39	25.02	36.03			
3.73	3.26	2.16	2.88	2.45	Fruits (Dry)	8.15	9.65	6.17	3.96	7.25			
13.08	13.25	16.29	18.89	18.85	Sugar	15.51	16.46	16.22	17.1	13.97			
1.38	1.5	1.35	1.48	1.35	Salt	1.86	1.60	1.44	1.35	1.45			
14.65	12.47	12.35	12.62	12.82	Spices	14.91	14.58	15.34	14.38	16.6			
38.3	48.03	61.4	54.10	56.02	Beverages,Refreshments & Processed Food	82.04	81.13	85.47	73	60.29			
455.52	484.52	495.74	489.82	498.93	Food Sub-Total	529.15	545.62	535.67	521.27	531.24			
0.5	2	1.74	2.00	2.01	Pan	2.68	1.87	1.35	3.12	1.24			
13.15	25.54	10.45	10.95	13.77	Tobacco	8.95	7.48	8.96	10.23	9.4			
7.69	11.52	17.21	17.45	19.06	Intoxicants	6.30	5.66	4.61	11.28	6.93			
61.63	59.82	84.92	90.68	94.03	Fuel & Light	115.99	113.58	98.24	96.97	72.97			
51.42	64.26	74.65	76.26	74.15	Clothing	86.66	81.27	79.07	86.86	61.83			
15.05	15.95	16.55	18.46	19.88	Foot Wear	25.36	20.03	19.63	19.31	17.47			
57.18	40.45	43.43	48.10	50.19	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods	98.60	91.21	79.76	66.47	72.24			
124.36	115.75	157.41	158.44	163.98	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	370.33	357.91	343.06	336.94	203.77			
174.93	19	34.96	38.31	41.90	Rent	96.15	89.80	90.18	110.75	47.18			
29.96	1.84	3.27	5.08	5.16	Taxes & Cesses	14.30	13.51	9.63	8.17	9.22			
28.51	20.88	34.64	52.36	69.09	Education	120.16	112.68	109.65	79.55	45.36			
0.31	1.05	1.42	10.99	14.26	Medical:Institutional	7.15	6.21	5.34	4.15	1.54			
10.66	16.04	11.34	17.57	20.11	Medical:Non-Institutional	25.48	24.64	26.62	23.71	17.77			
9.08	14.1	23.12	25.55	28.59	Durable Goods	55.77	49.71	41.06	39.65	30.37			
584.43	408.2	515.11	572.20	616.18	Non-Food Sub-Total	1033.88	975.57	917.16	897.16	597.29			
1039.95	892.72	1010.85	1062.01	1115.11	All 46	1563.03	1521.18	1452.83	1418.43	1128.53			

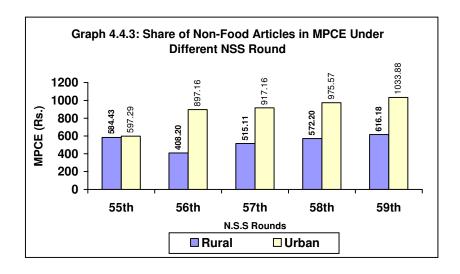
Further Percentage distribution of MPCE for broad groups of food and non-food

items is presented in statement 4.4.4. The statement reveals that out of every hundred rupees spent by households in Delhi about Rs.35/- were spent on food items and Rs.65/- on nonfood items.

Further study revealed that miscellaneous consumer services account for 22.60%, Milk and Milk Products 10.33%, cereals 5.83%, rent 5.86%, clothing 5.17% and



fuels & lighting 7.54%, education 7.51%, beverages 5.22% of the MPCE.

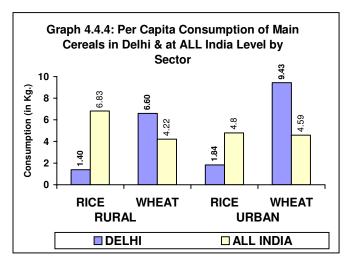


Statement 4.4.4: Percentage Distribution of Broad Groups of Food & Non-Food Items

S.No. 1	Items 2	Rural 3	Urban 4	Delhi 5
Α	Food Items			
1	Cereals	7.67%	5.58%	5.83%
2	Ceral Subst.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
3	Pulses & pro	2.61%	1.71%	1.82%
4	Milk & Product	14.34%	9.78%	10.33%
5	Edible Oil	2.97%	2.35%	2.42%
6	Meat, Egg	1.32%	1.05%	1.09%
7	Vegetables	5.37%	3.87%	4.05%
8	Fruits(fresh)	2.26%	1.68%	1.75%
9	Fruits(dry)	0.22%	0.52%	0.48%
10	Sugar	1.69%	0.99%	1.08%
11	Salt	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%
12	Spices	1.15%	0.95%	0.98%
13	Beverage	5.02%	5.25%	5.22%
	Food - Total	44.74%	33.85%	35.18%
В	Non-Food Items			
1	Pan	0.18%	0.17%	0.17%
2	Tobacco	1.24%	0.57%	0.65%
3	Intoxicants	1.71%	0.40%	0.56%
4	Fuel & Light	8.43%	7.42%	7.54%
5	Clothing	6.11%	5.04%	5.17%
6	Bedding	0.54%	0.50%	0.51%
7	Footwear	1.78%	1.62%	1.64%
8	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods			
а	Goods for personal care	0.39%	0.55%	0.53%
b	Toilet articles	2.28%	3.17%	3.06%
С	Sundry articles	1.83%	2.59%	2.50%
	Sub-Total (8)	4.50%	6.31%	6.09%
9	Miscellaneous Consumer Services			
a	Entertainment	1.83%	2.39%	2.33%
b	Consumer services	6.17%	10.14%	9.66%
С	Conveyance	6.71%	11.16%	10.61%
	Sub-Total (9)	14.71%	23.69%	22.60%
10	Rent	3.76%	6.15%	5.86%
11	Consumer taxes	0.46%	0.91%	0.86%
12	Durable goods	2.56%	3.57%	3.45%
13	Education	6.20%	7.69%	7.51%
14	Medical – Institutional	1.28%	0.46%	0.56%
15	Medical – non-Institutional	1.80%	1.63%	1.65%
	Non-Food – Total	55.26%	66.15%	64.82%
С	Total Expenditure (A+B)	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Per capital monthly consumption of selected Cereals (in quantity) are presented in

statement 4.4.5. In Rural Delhi the Per Capita monthly consumption of Cereals was worked out to 8.03 Kgs. While the corresponding figures for all India was 12.34 Kgs. Similarly in Urban Delhi the quantity of cereals consumption month/ per capita was estimated at 11.30 Kgs as against 9.90 Kgs for all India.



Statement 4.4.5: Per Capita Monthly Consumption of Different Cereals (Quantity in Kg)

-		Quantity Consumed In Kg									
S. No.	Item	Ru	ıral	Urban							
110.		Delhi	All- India*	Delhi	All- India*						
1	Rice	1.40	6.83	1.84	4.80						
2	Wheat	6.60	4.22	9.43	4.59						
3	Jowar	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.24						
4	Bazra	0.03	0.37	0.00	0.24						
5	Maize	0.00	0.31	0.03	0.05						
6	Other Cereals	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.09						
7	Total Cereals	8.03	12.34	11.30	9.90						

MPCE in respect of major states including Delhi is given in statement 4.4.6. The data of other states pertains to central sample. It may be noted from the statement that Delhi

topped in rural as well as urban areas among States/UT's. This signifies the prevalence of relatively better levels of living standards in Delhi when compared to other states.

Statement 4.4.6: MPCE - State-wise

S.No.	State/UT	Monthly Per Capita Ex	penditure (Rs.)
3.NO.	State/U1	Rural	Urban
1	Andhra Pradesh	566.89	1064.86
2	Assam	520.45	875.17
3	Bihar	414.63	674.46
4	Gujrat	626.02	1046.03
5	Haryana	780.76	1140.95
6	Himachal Pradesh	858.88	NA
7	Jammu & Kashmir	761.29	1185.86
8	Karnataka	555.50	960.33
9	Kerala	981.41	1299.67
10	Madhya Pradesh	454.58	1029.07
11	Maharashtra	584.05	1166.30
12	Orissa	397.89	831.64
13	Punjab	886.10	1250.20
14	Rajasthan	569.59	911.74
15	Tamil Nadu	609.08	1086.95
16	Uttar Pradesh	509.03	785.52
17	West Bengal	538.06	990.90
18	Delhi	1115.11	1563.03
19	Jharkhand	422.07	888.43
20	Chattisgarh	408.64	NA
21	NE States	662.65	1008.44
22	Group of UTs	872.01	1411.43
23	All India	554.15	1021.89

Further, item group-wise percentage distribution of MPCE by States/UT's is presented in Statement 4.4.7 and 4.4.8 for Rural and urban respectively. These statements provide inter-state/UTs comparison of the expenditure incurred on item groups. The data presented in these statements pertains to central sample except Delhi.

Statement 4.4.7: Item Group-wise Percentage Distribution of Monthly Per Capita Expenditure of States/UTs (Rural)

S.No.	Item/State/UT	Andhra Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Chhattis- garh	Delhi	Gujarat	Haryana	Himachal Pradesh	Jammu& Kashmir	Jharkhand	Karnataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh
(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1	Cereal	20.14	25.35	25.84	28.55	7.67	12.32	9.16	12.06	16.67	26.5	16.86	11.36	17.81
2	Gram	0.03	0.05	0.3	0.03	0	0.09	0.13	0.45	0.36	0.19	0.37	0.25	0.11
3	Cereal substitutes	0	0.02	0.04	0.01	0	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0.58	0.11
4	Pulses & their Products	2.98	2.97	3.54	3.25	2.61	3.28	2.2	3.67	2.86	2.97	3.41	1.55	3.83
5	Milk & Milk Products	4.95	3.79	7.07	2.42	14.34	12.44	21.8	13.03	12.59	4.09	6.03	4.02	9.73
6	Edible Oil	4.37	4.45	5.24	4.28	2.97	6.67	2.07	4.06	4.5	4.92	4.03	2.72	4.5
7	Egg, Fish & Meat	4.04	9.16	2.65	2.2	1.32	1	0.35	1.32	3.27	3.87	3.2	6.66	1.08
8	Vegetables	5.42	9.02	8.19	8.19	5.37	7.39	4.42	3.94	6.03	9.05	4.9	3.5	5.94
9	Fruits (fresh)	1.24	1.09	1.04	1.05	2.26	1.42	1.33	1.32	1.46	0.83	2.26	4.06	1.12
	Fruits (dry)	0.42	0.05	0.12	0.11	0.22	0.29	0.17	0.39	0.16	0.09	0.41	0.26	0.27
11	Sugar	1.11	1.45	1.49	1.67	1.69	2.54	2.94	2.2	1.29	1.41	2.01	1.28	2.58
12	Salt	0.22	0.33	0.25	0.23	0.12	0.1	0.15	0.19	0.24	0.3	0.21	0.13	0.2
13	Spices	2.81	1.66	2.24	2.01	1.15	2.23	1.42	1.73	1.72	2.38	2.45	2.02	2.26
	Beverages, etc.	5.07	3.96	2.84	2.87	5.02	4.82	3.61	4.59	5.07	3.76	6.42	6.52	3.7
	Food total (1-14)	52.80	63.33	60.82	56.87	44.74	54.60	49.76	48.94	56.22	60.36	52.57	44.92	53.25
	Pan	0.19	1.85	0.2	0.25	0.18	0.47	0	0	0.02	0.23	0.77	0.27	0.51
16	Ttobacco	1.69	0.98	0.96	0.89	1.24	1.62	1.75	1.52	1.3	0.9	1.49	0.94	1.76
17	Intoxicants	1.41	1.14	0.43	1.15	1.71	0.17	0.66	1.13	0.4	1.36	1.24	1.14	1.07
В	Pan, Tobacco & Intoxicants(15-17)	3.29	3.97	1.59	2.29	3.13	2.26	2.41	2.65	1.72	2.49	3.50	2.35	3.34
18	Fuel and Light	7.83	8.85	10.08	10.49	8.43	8.8	9.81	7.57	6.88	9.73	9.58	7.29	10.3
19	Clothing & Bedding	6.35	7.12	8.2	8.24	6.65	6.01	6.53	6.41	8.1	7.55	7.92	5.12	7.61
20	Footwear	0.74	0.85	0.82	0.96	1.78	1.08	1.68	2.06	2.05	0.91	1.03	0.81	1.23
21	Education	2.18	2.26	2.22	2.35	6.2	2.07	5.54	6.45	5.33	2.78	1.96	3.3	2.31
22	Medical (institutional)	2.65	0.24	0.6	0.52	1.28	2.52	1.88	1.37	0.1	1.12	1.89	5.14	1.06
	Medical (non- institutional)	6.08	2.13	3.22	4.28	1.8	3.63	4.84	4.7	3.03	2.67	3.84	5.66	5.89
	Fuel, Clothing, Education etc.(18-23)	25.83	21.45	25.14	26.84	26.14	24.11	30.28	28.56	25.49	24.76	26.22	27.32	28.40
	Entertainment	1.06	0.61	0.34	0.31	1.83	0.94	0.22	0.38	0.37	0.43	0.76	0.81	0.27
25	Goods for Personal Care & Effects	0.13	0.32	0.38	0.27	0.39	0.29	0.16	0.39	0.4	0.47	0.12	0.32	0.31
26	Toilet Articles	3.3	2.31	2.44	3.59	2.28	2.36	1.87	4.69	2.02	2.72	3.17	2.19	2.78
27	Sundry Articles	2.19	1.87	2.08	2.67	1.83	2.17	2.01	1.92	1.82	2.16	2.39	1.71	2.34
D	Misc. Consumer Goods	6.68	5.11	5.24	6.84	6.33	5.77	4.26	7.38	4.61	5.78	6.44	5.03	5.70
	Consumer Services	2.78	2	3.51	1.88	6.17	3.63	3.67	4.31	3.82	2.19	3.33	4.6	3.37
	Conveyance	5.03	1.86	1.13	1.48	6.71	5.12	4.36	3.51	3.76	2.13	3.9	5.73	2.71
	Misc. Consumer Services	7.81	3.86	4.64	3.36	12.88	8.76	8.03	7.82	7.58	4.32	7.23	10.33	6.08
30	Rent	0.93	0.38	0	0.17	3.76	0.58	0.99	1.52	0.09	0.2	0.55	0.5	0.22
31	Taxes and Cesses	0.26	0.02	0.01	0.19	0.46	0.38	0.06	0.11	0.06	0	0.32	0.21	0.19
F	Misc. Consumer Goods & Services	15.68	9.37	9.89	10.56	23.43	15.49	13.34	16.83	12.34	10.30	14.54	16.07	12.19
	Durable Goods	2.41	1.89	2.55	3.42	2.56	3.53	4.21	3.01	4.24	2.09	3.16	9.35	
G	Non -Food Total(B+C+F+32)	47.20	36.67	39.18	43.13	55.26	45.39	50.24	51.06	43.78	39.64	47.43	55.08	46.75
	Total Consumer Expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Statement 4.4.7: Item Group-wise Percentage Distribution of Monthly Per Capita Expenditure of States/UTs (Rural)

S.No.	Item/State/UT	Maharashtra	Manipur	Meghalaya	Orissa	Punjab	Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Tripura	Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	N-Eastern States	Group of UTs	All-India
(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)
1	Cereal	14.55	29.24	19.89	27.55	8.14	14.46	15.4	20.9	17.31	24.05	21.11	11.18	17.82
2	Gram	0.11	0.06	0.01	0.04	0.29	0.04	0.3	0.01	0.1	0.03	0.03	0.27	0.14
3	Cereal substitutes	0.39	0	0.2	0	0	0	0.01	0.03	0	0	0.07	0	0.07
4	Pulses & their Products	3.91	1.41	1.48	2.46	2.21	2.13	3.54	2.18	3.92	2.32	1.77	2.94	3.12
5	Milk & Milk Products	5.18	1.04	1.96	2.11	15.88	18.08	4.55	3.31	9.96	3.43	2.64	5.66	8.08
6	Edible Oil	5.54	1.99	3.02	3.65	3.54	3.73	3.78	3.78	4.75	5.13	2.85		
7	Egg, Fish & Meat	2.5	7.38	13.23	4.44	0.46	0.67	4.06	11.74	1.46	8.31	10.6	5.4	
8	Vegetables	5.54	5.79	7.44	8.77	4.42	5.17	5.99	8.13	6.77	8.49	7.84	5.69	6.37
9	Fruits (fresh)	1.49	1.04	1.02	1.2	1.23	0.92	2.03	1.74	1.26	1.22	1.25		
10	Fruits (dry)	1.43	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.15	0.2	0.08	0.03	0.38	0.06	0.04	0.22	0.33
11	Sugar	2.54	0.76	1.44	1.36	3.29	2.84	1.14	0.97	2.33	1.23	1.12	1.28	1.95
12	Salt	0.19	0.28	0.25	0.29	0.14	0.2	0.2	0.32	0.15	0.25	0.27		
13	Spices	2.36	1.49	1.11	1.98	1.4	2.51	3.41	1.76	2.11	2.14	1.34	2.35	2.24
14	Beverages, etc.	3.87	3.54	6.52	4.13	4.28	3.24	7.2	3.06	3.45	3.75	4.17	7.88	4.41
Α	Food total (1-14)	49.61	54.05	57.59	58.05	45.43	54.18	51.70	57.95	53.95	60.44	55.11	48.92	53.88
15	Pan	0.46	0.82	3.63	0.93	0	0.01	0.5	1.15	0.43	0.53	1.55		0.42
16	Ttobacco	0.86	1.04	2.54	0.82	0.42	2.57	1.08	2.82	1.61	1.42	1.89	0.68	
17	Intoxicants	0.62	0.29	0.58	0.78	1.35	0.86	0.75	1.12	0.44	0.28	1.19	1.93	0.79
В	Pan, Tobacco & Intoxicants(15-17)	1.94	2.15	6.75	2.53	1.77	3.44	2.33	5.09	2.48	2.23	4.63	3.52	2.58
18	Fuel and Light	9.62	10.42	7.27	10.99	11.86	9.36	8.64	7.84	8.97	9.29	9.15	7.72	
19	Clothing & Bedding	7.46	5.38	7.57	7.48	5.91	7.58	5.52	6.59	7.36	6.96	6.58	5.86	6.97
20	Footwear	0.97	1.55	1.61	0.56	1.39	1.52	0.6	0.94	1.19	0.78	2.66		
21	Education	1.96	6.59	3.71	2.05	5.03	2.3	3.07	3.78	3.29	3.02	4.46		2.93
22	Medical (institutional)	2.32	1.48	0.14	1.18	3.16	1.93	1.88	1.19	1.89	1.74	0.82	1.1	1.92
23	Medical (non- institutional)	6.39	2.94	0.77	5.07	5.85	4.86	5.39	5.72	6.59	4.64	2.9	4.14	5.09
С	Fuel, Clothing, Education etc.(18-23)	28.72	28.36	21.07	27.33	33.20	27.55	25.10	26.06	29.29	26.43	26.57		
24	Entertainment	0.36	0.76	0.46	0.24	0.29	0.11	1.29	0.12	0.36	0.44	0.53	1.33	0.54
25	Goods for Personal Care & Effects	0.29	0.55	0.41	0.2	0.14	0.14	0.1	0.3	0.25	0.22	0.7	0.36	
26	Toilet Articles	2.93	2.45	2.12	2.65	2.82	1.96	3.45	2.15		2.35	2.24		
27	Sundry Articles	2.58	1.68	2.13	1.93	2.32	2.62	2.69	1.36	1.88	1.61	1.65	2.48	2.14
D	Misc. Consumer Goods	6.16	5.44	5.12	5.02	5.57	4.83	7.53	3.93	4.85	4.62	5.12	7.21	5.57
	Consumer Services	3.91	3.09	3.12	1.53	4.83	3.96	3.57	2.05	3.56		2.51	3.96	
	Conveyance	4.86	4.4	3.62	1.77	5.27	3.42	5.34	2.79	2.59		3.04	6.71	3.54
E	Misc. Consumer Services	8.77	7.49	6.74	3.30	10.10	7.38	8.91	4.84	6.15	3.77	5.55		6.86
30	Rent	0.37	0.33	0.8	0.06	0.13	0.15	1.28	0.22	0.09	0.03	0.61	2.88	
31	Taxes and Cesses	0.87	0.09	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.18	0.38	0	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.22	
F	Misc. Consumer Goods & Services	16.17	13.35	12.67	8.39	15.88	12.54	18.10	8.99	11.10	8.46	11.31	20.98	
	Durable Goods	3.56	2.11	1.93	3.7	3.73	2.29	2.78	1.92		2.45	2.4	1	
G	Non -Food Total(B+C+F+32)	50.39	45.95	42.41	41.95	54.57	45.82	48.30	42.05	46.05	36.56	44.89	51.08	45.12
	Total Consumer Expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.00	100.00	100.00	99.00

Statement 4.4.7 : Item Group-wise Percentage Distribution of Monthly Per Capita Expenditure of States/UTs (Urban)

S.No.	Itom/State/LIT	Andhra	A = = = ==	Dibor	Dalbi	Cuioret	Homion-	Jammu&	المسادام منا	Varnatal:-	Verels	Madhya
S.IVO.	Item/State/UT	Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Delhi	Gujarat	Haryana	Kashmir	Jharkhand	Karnataka	Kerala	Pradesh
(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1	Cereal	11.92	15.84	16.33	5.58	8.24	6.85	11.89	14.38	12.01	8.42	8.36
2	Gram	0.03	0.03	0.31	0	0.1	0.16	0.19	0.27	0.08	0.25	0.03
3	Cereal substitutes	0	0	0	0	0.02	0		0	0.01	0.19	0.08
4	Pulses & their Products	2.02	2.24	2.68	1.71	2.47	1.74	2.23	2.25	2.48	1.39	2.31
5	Milk & Milk Products	5.59	4.36	8.56	9.78	10.47	13.65	11.23	7.13	6.28	3.98	8.74
6	Edible Oil	3	3.76	3.96	2.35	5.26	2.36	3.7	3.49	3.03	2.33	3.14
7	Egg, Fish & Meat	2.95	6.3	2.55	1.05	1.01	0.6	4.29	3.73	2.42	5.56	0.93
8	Vegetables	3.68	6.35	6.45	3.87	5.16	4.16		6.63	3.55	3	3.96
9	Fruits (fresh)	1.4	1.55	1.23	1.68	1.57	2.31	1.76	1.53	1.96	3.54	1.28
10	Fruits (dry)	0.41	0.14	0.37	0.52	0.62	0.34	0.45	0.38	0.39	0.27	0.44
11	Sugar	0.78	1.15	1.39	0.99	1.59	1.72	0.87	1.21	1.22	1.04	1.42
12	Salt	0.14	0.22	0.18	0.12	0.1	0.12	0.18	0.21	0.13	0.1	0.13
13	Spices	1.59	1.22	1.61	0.95	1.69	1.17	1.37	1.53	1.7	1.55	1.38
14	Beverages, etc.	5.88	5.36	4.55	5.25	5.48	4.36		5.32	7.85	6.74	4.27
Α	Food total (1-14)	39.40	48.53	50.16	33.85	43.80	39.53	48.33	48.08	43.13	38.36	36.45
15	Pan	0.18	1.3	0.26	0.17	0.46	0.01	0	0.18	0.21	0.15	0.35
16	Ttobacco	1.3	0.78	0.55	0.57	0.65	0.84	0.96	0.59	0.47	0.67	0.93
17	Intoxicants	0.64	0.54	0.38	0.4	0.04	0.44	0.33	0.37	0.45	0.83	0.36
В	Pan, Tobacco & Intoxicants(15-17)	2.13	2.62	1.19	1.14	1.15	1.29	1.29	1.14	1.13	1.65	1.64
18	Fuel and Light	8.03	9.65	9.68	7.42	10.71	11.29	7.06	7.57	9.73	7.11	9.27
19	Clothing & Bedding	5.81	6.8	6.85	5.54	5.83	7.19	6.8	6.88	6.3	4.78	5.54
20	Footwear	0.88	1.18	0.93	1.62	1.09	1.83	1.94	1.15	1.08	0.73	1.05
21	Education	7.67	5.03	8.2	7.69	4.03	8.64	8.36	7.31	4.93	5.67	7.89
22	Medical (institutional)	0.99	0.46	0.36	0.46	2.22	1.4	0.47	0.43	1.12	4.51	1.34
23	Medical (non- institutional)	3.59	6.49	5.24	1.63	3.52	4.07	2.92	2.33	3.1	5.76	4.98
C	Fuel, Clothing, Education etc.(18-23)	26.97	29.61	31.26	24.36	27.40	34.42	27.55	25.67	26.26	28.56	30.07
24	Entertainment	2.45	0.92	0.63	2.39	2.37	1.35	0.68	1.33	1.73	1.41	1.2
25	Goods for Personal Care & Effects	0.14	0.37	0.3	0.55	0.29	0.26	0.6	0.33	0.09	0.26	0.22
26	Toilet Articles	2.61	2.72	2.54	3.17	2.66	2.32	2.24	2.9	3	1.92	2.71 2.02
27	Sundry Articles	1.89	1.84	1.73	2.59	2.18	1.96		2.1	2.21	1.62	_
D	Misc. Consumer Goods	7.09	5.85	5.20	8.70	7.50	5.89	5.36	6.66	7.03	5.21	6.15
28	Consumer Services	6.08	3.62	3.72	10.14	5.68	5.73	5	3.99	5.42	7.54	5.21
29	Conveyance	5.71	3.63	3.03	11.16	6.41	6.07	6.35	5.6	5.99	7.39	6.31
E	Misc. Consumer Services	11.79	7.25	6.75	21.30	12.09	11.80	11.35	9.59	11.41	14.93	11.52
30	Rent	7.54	4.45 0.17	3.54	6.15	3.27	3.22	1.47	5.92	7.66	3.57	3.75
31	Taxes and Cesses	1.2		0.12	0.91	0.92	0.74	0.71	0.13	1.15	0.47	0.68
F 32	Misc. Consumer Goods & Services	27.62 3.87	17.72 1.51	15.61 1.78	37.06 3.57	23.78 3.87	21.65 3.12	18.89 3.92	22.30 2.82	27.25 2.24	24.18 7.24	22.10 9.73
32 G	Durable Goods	60.60	51.47	49.84	66.15	56.20	60.47	51.67	51.92	56.87	61.64	63.55
G	Non -Food Total(B+C+F+32)											
	Total Consumer Expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Statement 4.4.7 : Item Group-wise Percentage Distribution of Monthly Per Capita Expenditure of States/UTs (Urban)

S.No.	Item/State/UT	Maharashtra	Orissa	Punjab	Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Uttar Pradesh	U	N-Eastern States	Group of UTs	all-India
(1)	(2)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
1	Cereal	8.29	14.41	6.27	8.96	10.5	11.26	11.87	14.79	7.24	9.98
2	Gram	0.06	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.18	0.12	0.03	0.07	0.26	0.11
3	Cereal substitutes	0.17	0.03	0	0	0	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05
4	Pulses & their Products	2.35	2.33	1.73	1.61	2.52	2.81	1.69	1.67	1.88	2.22
	Milk & Milk Products	6.68	4.35	11.55	13.95	5.46	10.15	4.24	3.8	8.57	7.82
6	Edible Oil	3.9	3.16	2.93	3.37	2.76	3.64	3.96		2.88	3.42
7	Egg, Fish & Meat	2.47	4.71	0.55	0.89	3.23	1.85	7.29		2.17	2.67
8	Vegetables	4.16	6.03	3.7	4.44	4.13	4.87	5.89	6.47	3.77	4.49
9	Fruits (fresh)	1.99	1.33	1.63	1.57	1.73	1.72	1.42	1.51	2.08	1.77
	Fruits (dry)	0.99	0.13	0.31	0.44	0.15	0.56	0.1	0.08	0.3	0.48
11	Sugar	1.29	1.14	1.82	1.72	0.87	1.74	0.98	0.95	1	1.28
12	Salt	0.13	0.21	0.11	0.15	0.12	0.16	0.18	-	0.13	0.14
13	Spices	1.29	1.45	1.09	1.65	2.14	1.59	1.46		1.4	1.51
	Beverages, etc.	6.68	7.84	4.83	4.92	7.76	4.75	6.55		7.44	6.06
Α	Food total (1-14)	40.44	47.16	36.75	43.70	41.56	45.23	45.68	46.86	39.13	41.98
15	Pan	0.32	1.08	0.02	0.17	0.13	0.5	0.3		0.27	0.29
16	Ttobacco	0.48	0.67	0.45	0.89	0.94	0.9	1.51	1.4	0.68	0.81
17	Intoxicants	0.47	0.49	0.74	0.43	0.44	0.34	0.4		1.04	0.47
В	Pan, Tobacco & Intoxicants(15-17)	1.27	2.24	1.21	1.49	1.51	1.74	2.21	3.31	1.99	1.57
	Fuel and Light	8.83	9.08	10.72	10.33	8.17	9.56	10.17	8.51	7.28	9.17
	Clothing & Bedding	5.39	6.3	5.92	6.43	5.19	6.43	6.51	6.16	6.17	5.88
20	Footwear	0.98	0.84	1.55	1.49	0.68	1.21	0.83	2.8	1.39	1.07
21	Education	5.27	5.03	7.74	6.75	5.71	6.89	7.03	6.9	5.61	6.33
	Medical (institutional)	2.21	1.66	1.59	0.84	2.15	1.35	1.56	1.2	1.42	1.61
	Medical (non- institutional)	4.29	4.28	4.67	3.89	3.9	5.06	6.4	2.61	5.03	4.28
С	Fuel, Clothing, Education etc.(18-23)	26.97	27.19	32.19	29.73	25.80	30.50	32.50		26.90	28.34
	Entertainment	1.76	1.35	1.4	0.76	1.85	0.72	1.01	1.33	1.28	1.54
25	Goods for Personal Care & Effects	0.16	0.21	0.23	0.13	0.15	0.35	0.13	0.67	0.13	0.23
26	Toilet Articles	2.86	2.51	2.89	2.6	2.76	2.69	2.51	2.4	2.79	2.67
	Sundry Articles	2.26	2.17	2.1	2.17	2.48	2.05	1.76		2.33	2.1
	Misc. Consumer Goods	7.04	6.24	6.62	5.66	7.24	5.81	5.41	6.02	6.53	6.54
	Consumer Services	6.96	3.72	6.11	5.57	5.58	5.12	4.75		6.93	5.79
	Conveyance	6.72	4.26	6.65	6.3	5.66	4.89	4.51	4.3	6.92	5.96
E	Misc. Consumer Services	13.68	7.98	12.76	11.87	11.24	10.01	9.26	8.89	13.85	11.75
30	Rent	5.44	5.75	2.31	2.6	8.99	2.53	2.42		6.86	4.91
31	Taxes and Cesses	1.47	0.19	0.72	0.7	0.78	0.54	0.18		1.08	0.84
F	Misc. Consumer Goods & Services	27.63	20.16	22.41	20.83	28.25	18.89	17.27	19.34	28.32	24.04
	Durable Goods	3.69	3.23	7.45	4.23	2.88	3.63	2.33		3.65	4.06
G	Non -Food Total(B+C+F+32)	59.56	52.84	63.25	56.30	58.44	54.77	54.32		60.87	58.02
	Total Consumer Expenditure	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

OFFTAKE FROM PDS & OTHER SOURCES

The popularity of PDS can be measured in terms of the proportion of purchases made from PDS vis-à-vis open market. During the survey, data on off take from PDS and other sources was collected in respect of certain selected items of daily use. Statement reveals that out of the total quantity of wheat/atta purchased nearly 1.64% is from PDS and 98.36% from open market. In case of Rice and Sugar, the percentage of purchase made from PDS is very insignificant. Nearly one-third of the Kerosene needs alone was purchased from PDS outlets.

Statement 4.4.8. : Off-take from Public Distribution System and Other Sources in Delhi (Quantity Percentage)

			Percentac	e (Quantity)			
	RU	JRAL		BAN	DELHI		
Item	From PDS	From Other Sources	From PDS	From Other Sources	From PDS	From Other Sources	
Rice	0.00	100.00	1.20	98.80	1.05	98.95	
Wheat/Atta	1.90	98.10	1.59	98.41	1.64	98.36	
Sugar	1.24	98.76	2.20	97.80	2.06	97.94	
Kerosene	10.14	89.86	38.35	61.65	35.83	64.17	

4.5 COMPARISION OF KEY FINDINGS

Selected findings of Central and State Samples are presented along with sample households covered in statement 4.5.1 Rural sample results in central sample have not been published separately hence the comparison is not feasible. The important indicators of the survey, namely estimated population, households, household size, household consumer expenditure and per capita monthly consumption of cereals were by and large found to be comparable in both sets of data.

Statement 4.5.1: Comparison of Key Results of Central & State Sample

S.No	Item	Nun	nber
3.110	Item	Rural	Urban
Α	Sample (Households)		
1	Central Sample (Delhi)	N.A	708
2	State Sample (Delhi)	47	714
В	Estt. Households ('00)		
1	Central Sample (Delhi)	N.A	23707
2	State Sample (Delhi)	2204	29523
С	Estt. Population('00)		
1	Central Sample (Delhi)	N.A	99170
2	State Sample (Delhi)	10113	138167
D	Household Size	•	•
1	All-India	5.00	4.50
2	Central Sample (Delhi)	4.20	4.20
3	State Sample (Delhi)	4.59	4.68
Е	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure	•	
1	All-India	554.15	1021.89
Α	Food Items	298.57	429.01
В	Non-Food Items	255.59	592.88
2	Central Sample (Delhi)	N.A	1224.32
Α	Food Items	N.A	499.14
В	Non-Food Items	N.A	725.18
3	State Sample (Delhi)	1115.11	1563.03
Α	Food Items	498.93	529.15
В	Non-Food Items	616.18	1033.88
F	Monthly Per Capita Consumption Of Cere	eals In Kg.	
1	All-India	12.34	9.90
2	Central Sample (Delhi)	N.A	8.30
3	State Sample (Delhi)	8.03	11.30

SECTION FIVE

NOTE ON STATISTICAL TABLES

ESTIMATED POPULATION:

The estimated population of Delhi as per survey was 12453341 persons during as against population projections available from Registrar General of India as on 1 July 2003 was 14828000.

Statement 5.1: Estimated Survey Population & Households

Item	Ru	ral	Urb	an		
item	Male	Female	Male	Female		
Survey Population	1230059	799420	5473514	4950348		
RGI Population Projections (As On1st July, 2003)	558828	452442	7582172	6234558		
Adjustment Factor	0.4543099	0.5659628	1.3852476	1.2594181		
Household (Survey)	442	309	2227321			
Household (Projected)	220	399	2952293			
Adjustment Factor	0.49829	191809	1.32549057814			

Comparison of survey population with projected RGI population was made (as on 01.07.2003) to ascertain the discrepancies, if any, between the two sets of data. Sample survey estimates were found to be on the lower side in urban and on higher side in rural for obvious reasons. For the benefit of data users adjustment factor was worked out and presented in the statement 5.1. This is to be applied in respect of rural (deflated) and urban(inflated) aggregates to get the data comparable with RGI's population projections. However these adjustment factors have already been applied while presenting the data in all the statements under section 4 of this report.

59th Round

Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0) TABLE (1): Estimated number of household and persons by sex for each MPCE

State : DELHI

RURAL

MPCE Class	Estimated	Ad	ults	Chil	Total	
(Rs.)	Households	Male	Female	Male	Female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
< 225	0	0	0	0	0	0
225 - 255	0	0	0	0	0	0
255 - 300	0	0	0	0	0	0
300 - 340	0	0	0	0	0	0
340 - 380	0	0	0	0	0	0
380 - 420	0	0	0	0	0	0
420 - 470	8796	8796	8796	17265	8796	43652
470 - 525	11490	14951	22979	27335	408	65673
525 - 615	56274	68983	59257	127522	19998	275760
615 - 775	66166	172798	101184	64181	64561	402724
775 - 950	119105	143047	141021	132662	33417	450146
>950	180480	277201	209108	175320	129897	791526
Total	442311	685776	542345	544285	257077	2029481

59th Round

Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0) TABLE (1): Estimated number of household and persons by sex for each MPCE

State : DELHI

URBAN

MPCE Class	Estimated	Ad	ults	Chil	dren	Total
(Rs.)	Households	Male	Female	Male	Female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
< 300	6532	8494	12418	19595	20240	60746
300 - 350	14139	10886	16450	16558	27458	71351
350 - 425	52179	73337	69119	92937	83657	319048
425 - 500	94124	160779	167648	104936	132497	565859
500 - 575	134986	227334	218134	140095	153218	738781
575 - 665	157831	252505	215726	198530	199973	866734
665 - 775	195780	366480	297250	167917	160067	991713
775 - 915	254693	424533	379487	215577	193336	1212932
915 - 1120	268768	482166	419985	180968	145156	1228275
1120-1500	344196	633473	555800	242136	171058	1602465
1500-1925	199600	335828	311393	102457	89001	838678
>1925	504496	821975	765785	194025	145499	1927283
Total	2227324	3797790	3429195	1675731	1521160	10423865

TABLE (2): Quantity of consumption of Cereals & pulses prepares for a period of 30 days for each MPCE classes

State : Delhi

RURAL

													NUNAL
Items								MPCE Class	ses				
	0-225	225-255	255-300	300-340	340-380	380-420	420-470	470-525	525-615	615-775	775-950	>950	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.Rice	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	34856.00	110892.00	263054.50	456102.50	364705.75	882614.00	2112224.75
2.Wheat	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	242668.00	327578.15	1643701.58	2441702.95	3103976.38	4833643.20	12593270.25
3.Jower	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.Bazra	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	22375.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	31863.00	54238.00
5.Mize	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.Barely	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7.Small mi	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8.Ragi	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9.Total Cer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	277524.00	460845.15	1906756.08	2897805.45	3468682.13	5748120.20	14759733.00
10.Gram	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4397.75	5917.20	11449.50	60879.00	56608.50	82976.23	222228.18
11.Cereal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	281921.75	466762.35	1918205.58	2958684.45	3525290.63	5831096.43	14981961.18

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0) TABLE (4): Break-up of total monthly (value) per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE) over borad groups of items for houehold in different MPCE classes

State : Delhi

State : Delhi														RURAL
Items	Code							MPCE CLAS	SS					HOLLE
		0-225	225-255	255-300	300-340	340-380	380-420	420-470	470-525	525-615	615-775	775-950	>950	Total
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Cereals	129	0	0	0	0	0	0	2277050.00	4549422.30	17902059.25	25997542.00	29777750.00	52561192.75	133065016.30
Ceral Subst.	139	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pulses & pro	159	0	0	0	0	0	0	561827.50	1020671.60	7018690.38	9449294.38	12343915.00	20049421.80	50443820.65
Milk & Prod	169	0	0	0	0	0	0	1744336.50	5886057.50	18990882.50	42903476.50	69160773.00	145127473.50	283812999.50
Edible Oil	179	0	0	0	0	0	0	798215.00	1562136.80	9878103.00	15358232.75	13316861.50	26390863.50	67304412.55
Meat, egg	189	0	0	0	0	0	0	1040477.00	447500.00	3482675.00	1131745.00	3884743.00	7805020.00	17792160.00
Vegetables	229	0	0	0	0	0	0	1477850.50	2211240.50	11121366.88	19165424.75	23134365.00	43050694.50	100160942.13
fruits(fresh)	249	0	0	0	0	0	0	336185.00	783728.00	2276238.00	6672428.50	7142825.50	13597721.00	30809126.00
Fruits(dry)	259	0	0	0	0	0	0	115100.00	71460.00	115283.00	346985.00	1391548.50	2923136.00	4963512.50
Sugar	269	0	0	0	0	0	0	509048.00	639647.70	3596941.50	5160523.75	6169610.50	12027439.75	28103211.20
Salt	279	0	0	0	0	0	0	55324.50	79349.90	325535.50	368804.25	741566.00	1177036.83	2747616.98
Spices	289	0	0	0	0	0	0	398186.00	719386.80	2454139.35	4277327.75	7256167.50	10920804.00	26026011.40
Beverage	309	0	0	0	0	0	0	1419755.00	1396263.00	5236013.00	12319698.75	22333990.00	51656735.00	94362454.75
Food Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	10733355.00	19366864.10	82397927.35	143151483.38	196654115.50	387287538.63	839591283.95
Pan	319	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tobacco	329	0	0	0	0	0	0	604275.00	592080.00	743506.00	398675.00	1792574.00	3518786.50	7649896.50
Intoxicants	339	0	0	0	0	0	0	460400.00	309660.00	0.00	236175.00	1151000.00	0.00	2157235.00
Fuel & Light	359	0	0	0	0	0	0	2157273.00	3825299.00	20216735.00	29343693.75	36171537.50	80252420.90	171966959.15
Clothing	379	0	0	0	0	0	0	794848.77	1707810.82	8995229.18	14360806.85	21439567.40	34995262.81	82293525.82
Bedding	389	0	0	0	0	0	0	135123.29	228032.88	462124.52	763414.11	2236944.66	3454387.19	7280026.64
Footwear	399	0	0	0	0	0	0	133428.08	477575.34	1984818.90	4349088.70	5250594.66	13937778.95	26133284.63
Education	409	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	420986.30	2694397.40	10619040.00	10428874.93	116057461.64	140220760.27
Medical	419	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7795448.63	21141731.51	28937180.14
Medical-non	429	0	0	0	0	0	0	287750.00	1528700.00	1284530.00	3128322.50	14897280.00	19687920.00	40814502.50
Entertainment	439	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	493550.00	2199650.00	4413680.00	9039800.00	18987225.00	35133905.00
Goods for per	449	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	326400.00	29830.00	395467.50	1462850.00	6705860.00	8920407.50
Toilet articl	459	0	0	0	0	0	0	327935.00	1320006.00	5207533.50	8847041.00	14278843.00	21502099.50	51483458.00
Sundry articl	479	0	0	0	0	0	0	411000.00	984666.00	4462626.50	5284114.00	12285436.00	18025806.50	41453649.00
Consumer serv	499	0	0	0	0	0	0	415890.00	685170.00	9327712.50	19012469.00	17079740.00	71817483.00	118338464.50
Conveyance (5	519	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	1229780.00	3801640.00	11076480.00	17059935.00	95423145.00	128590980.00
Rent(529	529	0	0	0	0	0	0	2877500.00	0.00	7175762.50	13790675.00	26297025.00	34902600.00	85043562.50
Consumer taxe	549	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	864130.00	1247960.00	857939.00	1409107.50	4379136.50
Durable goods	659	0	0	0	0	0	0	36145.89	429914.59	1003818.70	1463848.56	5706419.59	18949267.60	27589414.93
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	8641569.03	14559630.93	70454044.7	128730951	205231809.4	580768343.6	1008386349
Total Expenditure		0	0	0	0	0	0	19374924.03	33926495.03	152851972.1	271882434.4	401885924.9	968055882.2	1847977633

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0) TABLE (4): Break-up of total monthly (value) per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE) over borad groups of items for houehold in different MPCE classes

State : Delhi

State : Delhi														URBAN
Items	Code							MPCE CLAS	SES					
		0-300	300-350	350-425	425-500	500-575	575-665	665-775	775-915	915-1120	1120-1500	1500-1925	>1925	Total
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Cereals	129	2784020.00	4038057.00	20685126.25	35300185.25	45465087.60	58238342.50	71180151.30	90139986.25	97856229.70	136962602.05	78677316.05	215329691.05	856656795.00
Ceral Subst.	139	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pulses & pro	159	793021.00	1468531.00	6665329.25	12640698.85	16237662.75	19625082.70	24762172.30	27843489.68	33170991.38	43978548.78	25746448.88	65799427.32	278731403.88
Milk & Prod	169	2282415.00	2413240.00	15088483.50	33836605.50	50671336.00	69079591.75	98209471.00	141007234.50	162870045.25	266287454.75	184118252.50	567258055.38	1593122185.13
Edible Oil	179	715263.00	1646643.50	7894832.50	15262434.00	21222271.25	23945546.50	30940220.25	40807706.25	42717462.38	63521646.13	37252811.25	96575544.05	382502381.05
Meat, egg	189	352650.00	84260.00	2556133.50	5058765.00	10764250.75	12636149.00	18756672.00	19119862.00	17755434.00	28621405.00	13412388.50	42671392.50	171789362.25
Vegetables	229	828078.00	2574727.00	10764785.05	22689938.00	30160282.00	38428213.75	52494669.25	66591494.00	70062915.95	96494986.50	63739990.08	175711199.98	630541279.55
fruits(fresh)	249	160060.00	134765.00	922649.00	2434586.00	5704947.75	7553797.25	12068679.00	20583118.25	22447135.50	42808440.25	32180081.00	126899135.25	273897394.25
Fruits(dry)	259	0.00	0.00	95277.00	440205.50	589514.00	762131.00	1528379.25	2930639.50	3478552.50	10197379.13	9464395.88	55350815.00	84837288.75
Sugar	269	406605.00	594209.50	3613851.50	6213579.00	7820487.15	10963416.90	13983438.10	18952713.09	19496788.63	25608219.25	15584997.83	38451299.00	161689604.94
Salt	279	52587.50	74945.50	398150.75	667655.50	903688.08	1237907.28	3967230.90	1782523.55	2074166.55	2814068.85	1510774.23	3869681.18	19353379.85
Spices	289	545520.50	748129.90	3179754.65	5877857.95	7827788.70	11012537.08	12588191.45	16541764.80	18772493.70	25762604.15	14589818.10	38003198.05	155449659.03
Beverage	309	250881.00	1131535.00	7301691.00	14295648.50	20499181.50	28769788.25	40539460.50	63043490.75	70962449.50	112311613.75	74688808.25	421334275.63	855128823.63
Food Total		9171101.00	14909043.40	79166063.95	154718159.05	217866497.53	282252503.95	381018735.30	509344022.62	561664665.03	855368968.58	550966082.53	847253714.38	5463699557.29
Pan	319	0.00	0.00	0.00	169200.00	127740.00	592390.50	1317865.00	1080600.00	1186665.00	752880.00	655810.00	1220015.00	7103165.50
Tobacco	329	0.00	100146.00	895908.50	1702789.50	2771984.50	5004890.50	4812980.50	8408405.00	6755568.50	5761423.25	4002389.00	11414943.00	51631428.25
Intoxicants	339	0.00	0.00	1015470.00	1157542.50	2059362.00	3861395.00	1599305.00	3446740.00	2139895.00	2208055.00	1099692.00	5360090.50	23947547.00
Fuel & Light	359	1611391.00	3700777.50	15452384.83	29670958.24	42740795.99	58192050.43	77344708.85	102518476.29	123183105.30	187086412.43	116255894.01	430415029.58	1188171984.43
Clothing	379	241829.18	633546.58	5613560.18	12531550.27	24240499.11	23012883.86	33400963.56	54681608.84	59614991.71	102076431.16	66895520.18	248914941.16	631858325.79
Bedding	389	8466.16	18998.63	180064.93	1262426.51	1539684.04	1463190.00	2888291.10	5068975.07	5928805.68	8844703.56	6514756.85	29277350.14	62995712.67
Footwear	399	107833.15	130851.37	1564749.04	3123090.62	5216646.16	5173007.47	8895596.92	14192602.40	14926411.03	25542407.47	18855994.52	62374321.03	160103511.16
Education	409	139723.97	45729.04	2349674.30	5785961.34	9237003.66	22964458.68	27107901.82	41585297.92	64104616.44	170967472.15	130849037.26	621024837.95	1096161714.53
Medical	419	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	90875.34	384986.30	296876.71	707054.79	391068.49	6757947.95	1374780.82	2018034.25	12021624.66
Medical-non	429	392400.00	0.00	1840145.00	4323635.00	5296297.50	8029632.50	13677980.00	20496672.50	26093780.00	39957847.50	29594982.50	84596957.50	234300330.00
Entertainment	439	196200.00	0.00	145160.00	1880540.00	3023585.00	9112302.50	10226010.00	16693562.50	28142670.00	51424665.00	32717890.00	131172365.00	284734950.00
Goods for per	449	0.00	69345.00	24460.00	488370.00	819759.50	1862910.50	2982239.00	3579130.00	6698630.00	11098310.00	7468995.00	27415185.00	62507334.00
Toilet articl	459	295595.00	730658.00	3835796.50	8064291.50	12889016.00	16688994.50	20630040.00	31318710.00	37148501.00	62397676.00	41072119.00	124204970.00	359276367.50
Sundry articl	479	236862.50	682649.00	2893068.00	7499395.50	10000904.50	14073870.00	18977710.50	26943407.00	32576294.00	46275486.00	32404458.50	100714774.00	293278879.50
Consumer serv	499	320247.50	612315.00	4433785.00	11361835.00	17827022.50	23887179.00	32814967.00	62254788.00	79649863.50	156973226.50	129592617.00	686486651.50	1206214497.50
Conveyance (5	519	294300.00	768895.00	4705710.00	16687292.50	23667592.50	28955807.50	39433985.00	59740885.00	92424030.00	185642792.50	146021547.50	728641155.00	1326983992.50
Rent(529	529	0.00	0.00	1259400.00	112800.00	11063212.50	25129400.00	26317425.00	40743665.00	66433775.00	90567160.00	86369400.00	445769220.00	793765457.50
Consumer taxe	549	39240.00	155556.00	275332.50	1311265.00	1984666.00	2270837.50	3030122.00	5343198.50	8685412.50	14317051.50	11638979.00	47922854.31	96974514.81
Durable goods	659	45959.18	91770.00	570950.75	1304709.41	3019768.15	6897938.22	8178942.74	10868475.99	14038631.42	29321993.51	23355028.07	118828051.03	216522218.47
Total		3930047.64	7741237.12	47055619.53	108437652.89	177616414.95	257558124.96	333933910.70	509672254.80	670122714.57	1197973941.48	886739891.21	3907771745.95	8108553555.77
Total Expenditure		13101148.64	22650280.52	126221683.48	263155811.94	395482912.48	539810628.91	714952646.00	1019016277.42	1231787379.60	2053342910.06	1437705973.74	4755025460.33	13572253113.06

59th Round

Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0)

TABLE (6): Distribution of persons by level of education for each age-group

State : DELHI

										RURAL
Age					Educ	ation Level				
Group							,	1		
	Not literate		Litrate but	Primary	Middle	Secondary	Higher	Diploma /	Graduate	All
		without	below				secondary	Certificate	& above	
		formal	primary							
		training								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
MALE										
0-4	152954	0	0	0	0			0		
05-08	36669	0	97135	0	0			0	0	
09-13	29467	0	69729	1954			0	0		101150
10-14	5755	0	80987	54126	15509		J	0		
15-19	2210	0	408	39336	16519	34737	19829	0		
20-24	2022	0	9384	1305	6107	35731	16981	0		75259
25-29	3774	0	0	4764		42719	11650	0	15164	
30-34	3568	0	0	13826	1726	62949	56077	0	14611	152755
35-39	0	0	5755	17957	11290	30449	33629	0	6076	105154
40-44	6122	0	10746	7709	0	0	11382	0	8538	44497
45-49	6000	0	4692	11807	5252	3729	3015	0	0	34494
50-54	408	0	0	0	9110	2985	0	0	5850	18352
55-59	0	0	0	0	0	2510	0	0	1737	4247
60 & above	29577	0	0	0	2475	6212	954	0	13774	52991
Estd.	278523	0	278836	152783	74906	222019	153516	0	69478	1230059
FEMALE										
0-4	106067	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	106067
05-08	18660	0	8880	0	0	0	0	0	0	27540
09-13	0	0	53625	0	0	0	0	0	0	53625
10-14	0	0	39235	24669	5942	0	0	0	0	69846
15-19	408	0	0	6408	6183	13312	8387	0	0	34698
20-24	16373	0	9456	10716	27714	17743	8065	0	5283	95349
25-29	59826	0	49599	1492	24392	9709	5765	0	2624	153405
30-34	7706	0	6026	17957	5252	13620	2910	0	9096	62566
35-39	45473	0	9577	2953	29190	3028	0	0	2688	92907
40-44	10381	0	0	0	4370	0	0	0	0	14751
45-49	21306	0	0	10716	0	1889	3961	0	0	
50-54	0	0	0	0	0	2510	0	0	1737	4247
55-59	12747	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2809	15556
60 & above	28373	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2624	30997
Estd.	327318	0	176396	74908	103043	61810	29087	0	26859	799420

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0)

TABLE (6): Distribution of persons by level of education for each age-group

State : DELHI URBAN **Education Level** Group Not literate Literate Litrate but Primary Middle Secondary Higher Diploma / Graduate All without below secondary Certificate & above formal primary training (5) (9) (10) (11) (1) (2) (4) (6) (7) (8) (3) MALÉ 0-4 05-08 09-13 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60 & abov Estd. FEMALE 0-4 05-08 09-13 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60 & abov Estd.

TABL State : Delhi													
Sector Type of dwelling unit													
	Owned	Hired	Dwelling unit	Other	Total								
RURAL	286148	155756	0	406	442309								
URBAN	1393946	564312	766	268297	2227321								
TOTAL	1680094	720068	766	268703	2669630								

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0) TABLE (8): Distribution of Household by Type dwelling unit State: Delhi

Sector	Type of dwelling units								
	Independent	Flats	Others	Total					
RURAL	224303	130336	87671	442309					
URBAN	1112162	583081	532078	2227321					
TOTAL	1336464	713417	619749	2669630					

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0)

State : Delhi

TABLE (9): Distribution of Households by Type of structure

Sector		Type of structure								
	Katcha	Semi - Pacca	Pucca	Other	Total					
RURAL	0	1726	440584	0	442309					
URBAN	38037	120614	2068670	0	2227321					
TOTAL	38037	122339	2509254	0	2669630					

Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0) TABLE (10) Distribution of ouseholds by Primary Source of Energy for cooking for different MPCE classes

STATE : Delhi

RURAL

	•	•	Primary so	urce of Energ	gy for Cookin	ıg		•	•	
coke / coal	firewood	LPG	Gobar gas	Dung cake	Charcoal	Kerosene	Electricity	Others	No cooking	Total
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	3041	0	0	0	5755	0	0	0	8796
0	0	8844	0	2238	0	408	0	0	0	11490
0	0	38157	0	11452	0	6666	0	0	0	56274
0	0	56474	0	9692	0	0	0	0	0	66166
0	0	108951	0	4399	0	5755	0	0	0	119105
0	11455	144682	0	11269	0	13074	0	0	0	180480
0	11455	360148	0	39048	0	31658	0	0	0	442309
	(2) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(2) (3) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 11455	(2) (3) (4) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3041 0 0 8844 0 0 38157 0 0 56474 0 0 108951 0 11455 144682	coke / coal firewood LPG Gobar gas (2) (3) (4) (5) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3041 0 0 0 3844 0 0 0 38157 0 0 0 56474 0 0 0 108951 0 0 11455 144682 0	coke / coal firewood LPG Gobar gas Dung cake (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3041 0 0 0 0 38157 0 11452 0 0 56474 0 9692 0 0 108951 0 4399 0 11455 144682 0 11269	coke / coal firewood LPG Gobar gas Dung cake Charcoal (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) 0	coke / coal firewood LPG Gobar gas Dung cake Charcoal Kerosene Electricity (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	coke / coal firewood LPG Gobar gas Dung cake Charcoal Kerosene Electricity Others (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0<	coke / coal firewood LPG Gobar gas Dung cake Charcoal Kerosene Electricity Others No cooking (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) 0

STATE : Delhi

		п	A	A
u	к	п	4	ľ

_											UNDAN
MPCE				Primary sc	urce of Ener	gy for Cookir	ng				
class (Rs.)	coke / coal	firewood	LPG	Gobar gas	Dung cake	Charcoal	Kerosene	Electricity	Others	No cooking	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
< 300	0	0	1962	0	0	0	4570	0	0	0	6532
300 - 350	0	0	2419	0	0	0	11720	0	0	0	14139
350 - 425	0	6075	9144	0	1183	0	31934	0	1143	2702	52179
425 - 500	0	15133	30368	0	0	0	48624	0	0	0	94124
500 - 575	0	26841	60712	0	0	0	47434	0	0	0	134986
575 - 665	0	9688	104981	0	1909	0	41254	0	0	0	157831
665 - 775	1035	12728	142019	0	726	0	39272	0	0	0	195780
775 - 915	0	2826	201944	0	2662	0	43686	0	0	3575	254693
915 - 1120	2635	5386	224324	0	0	0	34582	0	0	1842	268768
1120-1500	0	0	308861	0	5081	0	29879	0	0	376	344196
1500-1925	108	0	192216	2452	0	0	4577	0	0	431	199783
>1925	0	0	480008	81	659	45	2044	215	0	21263	504313
Total	3777	78676	1758957	2533	12218	45	339572	215	1143	30187	2227321

Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0) TABLE:10A Distribution of ouseholds by Primary Source of Energy for Lighting for different MPCE classes STATE: Delhi

								Rural
MPCE class (Rs.)			Prima	ry source	of Energy fo	r Lighting		
	Kerosene	Other Oil	Gas	Candle	Electricity	Other	No Lighting	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
< 225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
225 - 255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255 - 300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300 - 340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340 - 380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380 - 420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420 - 470	0	0	0	0	8796	0	0	8796
470 - 525	0	0	0	0	11490	0	0	11490
525 - 615	0	0	0	0	56274	0	0	56274
615 - 775	0	0	0	0	66166	0	0	66166
775 - 950	0	0	0	0	119105	0	0	119105
>950	0	0	0	0	180480	0	0	180480
Total	0	0	0	0	442309	0	0	442309

								urban
MPCE class (Rs.)			Prima	ry source	of Energy for	r Lighting		
	Kerosene	Other Oil	Gas	Candle	Electricity	Other	No Lighting	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
< 300	0	0	0	0	5551	0	981	6532
300 - 350	0	0	0	0	11061	0	766	11827
350 - 425	0	0	1183	941	50055	0	0	52179
425 - 500	901	0	0	3441	85743	0	4041	94126
500 - 575	81	0	0	0	134906	0	0	134987
575 - 665	0	4513	0	3441	149878	0	0	157832
665 - 775	0	0	0	1506	191909	0	2366	195781
775 - 915	0	0	0	610	253288	0	795	254693
915 - 1120	0	0	0	108	268526	0	135	268769
1120-1500	0	2285	0	0	341857	0	54	344196
1500-1925	0	0	0	484	197842	0	1458	199784
>1925	793	0	0	0	503520	0	0	504313
Total	1774	6798	1183	10528	2194133	0	10594	2225009

59th Round

Consumer Expenditure TABLE 11: Distribution of Households by covered area of dweling units for different MPCE class

State : Delhi

RURAL

MPCE class		no. o	f househo	lds with pe	r capita co	verd* (sa.	meter) of o	dwelling un	its		RURAL
(Rs.)	<2	2-4	4-6	6-8	8-11	11-15	15-20	20-30	30-60	60& above	All
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
< 225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
225 - 255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
255 - 300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
300 - 340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
340 - 380	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
380 - 420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
420 - 470	0	0	0	0	3041	5755	0	0	0	0	8796
470 - 525	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4488	7002	11490
525 - 615	0	0	0	0	0	0	14901	0	23417	17957	56274
615 - 775	0	0	0	0	8235	0	11054	4373	5212	37293	66166
775 - 950	0	0	0	0	3480	0	0	61355	38168	16103	119105
>950	0	0	0	0	12348	0	20405	4692	72460	70575	180480
Total	0	0	0	0	27103	5755	46359	70420	143745	148928	442309

URBAN

											OHDAN
MPCE class		no. c	of househo	lds with pe	er capita co	overd* (sq.	meter) of o	dwelling un	its		
(Rs.)	<2	2-4	4-6	6-8	8-11	11-15	15-20	20-30	30-60	60&	All
										above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
< 300	0	0	0	0	0	4570	0	0	1962	0	6532
300 - 350	0	0	0	0	0	766	0	8642	4731	0	14139
350 - 425	0	0	0	0	2325	981	20833	16155	8848	3038	52179
425 - 500	0	0	0	0	7682	10484	14679	16743	34813	9726	94124
500 - 575	0	0	0	0	4897	36215	17346	27935	25866	22728	134986
575 - 665	0	0	0	0	23332	9598	30256	12012	67199	15436	157831
665 - 775	0	0	0	0	19358	15281	20889	43547	71541	25166	195780
775 - 915	0	0	0	0	34649	7755	32811	61557	68364	49559	254693
915 - 1120	0	0	0	5134	24311	6465	30011	49906	85880	67062	268768
1120-1500	0	0	0	0	4214	12351	22257	50328	145948	109100	344196
1500-1925	0	0	0	0	242	1392	3011	23004	69560	102574	199783
>1925	0	0	0	0	1791	2097	14732	41639	112660	331395	504313
Total	0	0	0	5134	122799	107952	206822	351466	697368	735781	2227321

59th Round

Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0)

TABLE 12: Distribution of persons by type of marital status

State: Delhi RURAL

Age Group	Never Married	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced / separated	Total			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
0 -14	257076	0	0	0	257076			
15-19	31467	3231	0	0	34698			
20-24	14029	70604	10716	0	95349			
25-29	0	153405	0	0	153405			
30-60	0	207720	20176	0	227896			
Above 60	0	19676	11321	0	30997			
Total	302572	454636	42212	0	799420			

State: Delhi URBAN

Age Group	Never Married	Currently married	Widowed	Divorced / separated	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
0 -14	1521157	0	0	0	1521157
15-19	472080	25795	0	0	497875
20-24	267172	224562	2661	807	495202
25-29	55349	417784	0	215	473348
30-60	19403	1509745	111222	10986	1651356
Above 60	3374	168378	139663	0	311415
Total	2338533	2346262	253546	12008	4950348

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch . 1.0) TABLE (13): Break up of broad groups of items for household

STATE: DELHI

RURAL

ITEM	No. of ho	No. of households		DS	Others		
	PDS	Other	Qty.	Value	Qty.	Value	
Rice	0	423373	0	0	2106588.5	28396167	
Wheat/Atta	8534	433775	228765	2268935	11813815.5	93146289	
Sugar	9118	437031	22546.5	313756.5	1799603.48	26589859.2	
Kerosin	15191	62331	53463	481167	473840	7076787.5	
						LIDDAN	

URBAN

ITEM	No. of ho	useholds	Р	DS	Others			
	PDS	Other	Qty.	Value	Qty.	Value		
Rice	22850	2141384	176292.5	1660688.75	14463263.4	215711871.5		
Wheat/atta	47038	2151547	972305	9161845	60066099.5	559494556.3		
Sugar	77009	2148205	230094.25	3267795.49	10236463.8	153656174.5		
Kerosin	193074	399302	2064418	19828229.5	3318405	49488930.5		

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0) TABLE :(14) Female Headed Household

State: Delhi

Sector	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Rural	423802	18508	442309
Urban	2062343	164978	2227321
Total	2486144	183486	2669630

Consumer Expenditure TABLE (15): Distribution of persons by MPCE and average MPCE of different social group

STATE: Delhi

STATE: Deini					RURAL
MPCE class	ST	SC	OBC	Others	Total
(Rs.)					
< 225	0	0	0	0	0
225 - 255	0	0	0	0	0
255 - 300	0	0	0	0	0
300 - 340	0	0	0	0	0
340 - 380	0	0	0	0	0
380 - 420	0	0	0	0	0
420 - 470	0	0	0	8796	8796
470 - 525	4764	4080	2238	408	11490
525 - 615	0	26191	21692	8392	56274
615 - 775	20727	9451	14901	21087	66166
775 - 950	55060	31670	11829	20547	119105
>950	0	17206	92744	70530	180480
Total	80551	88598	143402	129759	442309
					URBAN
MPCE class	ST	SC	OBC	Others	Total
(Rs.)					
< 300	0	5551	981	0	6532
300 - 350	0	4731	0	9408	14139
350 - 425	0	22714	13252	16213	52179
425 - 500	1548	46600	12056	33921	94124
500 - 575	941	73335	23452	37259	134986
575 - 665	7204	59656	46307	44664	157831
665 - 775	0	70950	32927	91904	195780
775 - 915	2272	58813	40922	152686	254693
915 - 1120	296	62859	41685	163930	268768
1120-1500	0	60152	30006	254039	344196
1500-1925	0	10511	8844	180428	199783
>1925	3119	17836	8052	475307	504313
Total	15378	493704	258482	1459757	2227321

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch 1.0) TABLE (16): Distribution of household by household type of each MPCE classes

STATE: Delhi

MPCE	Self employee	Agriculture &	Other Labour	Self employee	Other	Total
class		Labour		in Agriculture		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
< 225	0	0	0	0	0	0
225 - 255	0	0	0	0	0	0
255 - 300	0	0	0	0	0	0
300 - 340	0	0	0	0	0	0
340 - 380	0	0	0	0	0	0
380 - 420	0	0	0	0	0	0
420 - 470	5755	0	3041	0	0	8796
470 - 525	4080	0	7002	0	408	11490
525 - 615	28435	17957	6666	0	3217	56274
615 - 775	18204	0	22302	4130	21531	66166
775 - 950	9497	0	77720	4840	27049	119105
>950	31010	13228	2537	4943	128763	180480
Total	96980	31185	119266	13913	180967	442309
	•		•		•	URBAN

						UNDAN
MPCE	Self employee	Agriculture &	Other Labour	Self employee	Other	Total
class		Labour		in Agriculture		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
< 300	0	6532	0	0	0	6532
300 - 350	766	2312	2419	8642	0	14139
350 - 425	17033	26907	5538	2702	0	52179
425 - 500	37452	47616	8369	688	0	94124
500 - 575	49172	75798	8835	1182	0	134986
575 - 665	47910	87165	18000	4756	0	157831
665 - 775	77045	103977	14208	551	0	195780
775 - 915	82610	140502	10419	21163	0	254693
915 - 1120	79657	145547	28882	14683	0	268768
1120-1500	116587	188228	20041	19340	0	344196
1500-1925	73425	109746	1338	15274	0	199783
>1925	190761	246249	538	66766	0	504313
Total	772416	1180575	118585	155746	0	2227321

59th Round Consumer Expenditure Table (18) Distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age group State: Delhi Rural

Current	Industry							Age Group							
Weekly	,	0-4	05-09	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60& above	Total
status															
MALE															
11 12 21	01-05	0	0	0	0	9440	2916	5765	0	4884	2238	1925	2510	4985	34660
61,62	10-45	0	0	0	0	487	4692	0	22154	0	0	0	0	0	27333
	50-93	0	0	0	4427	13278	21830	4956	23160	13915	13550	487	0	2809	98411
sub-total		0	0	0	4427	23205	29437	10721	45314	18799	15788	2412	2510	7794	160403
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1276	1276
72	10-45	0	0	0	676	24463	33837	13950	38684	6666	327	0	0	0	118602
	50-93	0	0	0	22681	10374	19479	69985	19779	19032	4237	15532	1737	23351	206186
sub-total		0	0	0	23357	34836	53316	83935	58463	25698	4564	15532	1737	24627	326063
51&41	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	1872	0	2238	3041	0	0	0	0	0	0	7150
	50-93	0	0	0		4692	0	55060	0		0	0	0	0	59752
sub-total		0	0	0	1872	4692	2238	58100	0	0	0	0	0	0	66901
11-72	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81&82		0	0	6056	22027	4945	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33028
		0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91		2624	216778	138811	58534	7582	0	0	0		0	0	0	-	424327
92		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
93		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
94-97		150331	18176	11510	2823	0	0	0	1378	0	14143	408	0		219338
98		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0
99		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		152954	234954	156377	113039	75259	84990	152755	105154	44497	34494	18352	4247	52991	1230059

59th Round Consumer Expenditure Table (18) Distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age group State : Delhi Rural

Current	Industry							Age Group							
Weekly		0-4	05-09	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60& above	Total
status															
FEMALE															
11 12 21	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61,62	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	408	3028	1737	2809	0	7982
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	408	3028	1737	2809	0	7982
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51&41	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11-72	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81&82		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91		4495	72432	67953	12593	14029	1492	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	172993
92		0	0	1893	22105	76202	147515	59101	90866	12538	32954	2510	9267	24200	479148
93		0	0	0	0	5118	4399	3465	149	1806	1889	0	0	1815	18640
94-97		101572	8732	0	0	0	0	0	1893	0	0	0	3480	4982	120658
98		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0
99		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		106067	81164	69846	34698	95349	153405	62566	92907	14751	37871	4247	15556	30997	799420

59th Round Consumer Expenditure Table (18) Distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age group State : Delhi Rural

la .							State : De								
Current	Industry							Age Group							
Weekly		0-4	05-09	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60& above	Total
status															
	Persons														
11 12 21	01-05	0	0	0	0	9440	2916	5765	0	4884	2238	1925	2510	4985	34660
61,62	10-45	0	0	0	0	487	4692	0	22154	0	0	0	0	0	27333
	50-93	0	0	0	4427	13278	21830	4956	23160	13915	13550	487	0	2809	98411
sub-total		0	0	0	4427	23205	29437	10721	45314	18799	15788	2412	2510	7794	160403
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1276	1276
72	10-45	0	0	0	676	24463	33837	13950	38684	6666	327	0	0	0	118602
	50-93	0	0	0	22681	10374	19479	69985	19779	19440	7265	17269	4546	23351	214167
sub-total		0	0	0	23357	34836	53316	83935	58463	26106	7592	17269	4546	24627	334045
51&41	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	1872	0	2238	3041	0	0	0	0	0	0	7150
	50-93	0	0	0	0	4692	0	55060	0	0	0	0	0	0	59752
sub-total		0	0	0	1872	4692	2238	58100	0	0	0	0	0	0	66901
11-72	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81&82		0	0	6056	22027	4945	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33028
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91		7119	289210	206764	71127	21611	1492	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	597320
92		0	0	1893	22105	76202	147515	59101	90866	12538	32954	2510	9267	24200	479148
93		0	0	0	0	5118	4399	3465	149	1806	1889	0	0	1815	18640
94-97		251902	26908	11510	2823	0	0	0	3270	0	14143	408	3480	25553	339996
98		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		259021	316118	226222	147736	170607	238395	215321	198061	59248	72365	22598	19802	83987	2029479

59th Round Consumer Expenditure

Table (18) Distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age group

State : Delhi Urban Industry Current Age Group 60& above Weekly 0-4 05-09 10-14 20-24 25-29 35-39 40-44 50-54 55-59 Total status Male 11 12 21 01-05 61,62 10-45 75068 50-93 sub-total 01-05 31,71 & 10-45 50-93 511 81538 150029 254315 266449 254859 210265 155745 117137 65531 29973 sub-total 01-05 10634 51&41 1102 10-45 50-93 sub-total 01-05 10-45 50-93 1815 sub-total 81&82 94-97

Total

59th Round Consumer Expenditure Table (18) Distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age group State : Delhi Urban

Current	Industry							Age Group							
Weekly		0-4	05-09	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60& above	Total
status		• .						•••							
Female															
11 12 21	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5081	45	0	0	0	0	5126
61,62	10-45	0	0	0	3212	3226	2204	2885	0	4220	686	0	2366	0	18797
	50-93	0	0	0	6075	15551	688	5592	10824	11277	1882	5494	0	0	57381
sub-total		0	0	0	9287	18776	2892	8476	15905	15542	2567	5494	2366	0	81303
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72	10-45	0	0	0	0	5133	6089	4399	8345	3871	4059	2446	0	1143	35485
	50-93	0	0	511	0	23096	44601	23292	40073	23416	23563	14413	323	6505	199790
sub-total		0	0	511	0	28229	50690	27691	48418	27287	27622	16859	323	7648	235275
51&41	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	511	511	0	6089	7067	6820	1452	0	1559	81	0	24087
	50-93	0	0	1102	0	0	0	1816	0	995	1102	901	0	0	5915
sub-total		0	0	1613	511	0	6089	8882	6820	2446	1102	2460	81	0	30001
11-72	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81&82		0	0	0	0	8979	14381	1479	860	0	0	0	0	0	25698
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91		68694	392396	541742	321757	108750	8874	0	0	0	366	0	0	0	1442577
92		0	10417	51062	146700	298834	383973	371614	327209	285727	184563	131918	79661	193501	2465174
93		0	0	0	0	3991	3871	0	0		0	0	0		9642
94-97		341598	83531	29596	19620	27534	2581	4371	12083	5845	4247	4300	15001	110266	660570
98		0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
															,
Total		410292	486343	624522	497874	495091	473348	422511	411293	338626	220466	161030	97430	311414	4950238

59th Round Consumer Expenditure Table (18) Distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age group State : Delhi Urban

Current	Industry							Age Group							
Weekly		0-4	05-09	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60& above	Total
status															
	Persons														
11 12 21	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	2446	1156	7881	2807	1358	0	0	1846	17493
61,62	10-45	0	0	72	9684	33366	38560	27744	49609	46884	20997	19361	15300	19655	281229
	50-93	0	0	3417	28075	102300	115850	100121	139873	106509	95519	61202	20649	30986	804498
sub-total		0	0	3488	37759	135666	156856	129021	197362	156199	117874	80562	35948	52486	1103220
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	0	4244	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4244
72	10-45	0	0	0	37908	65248	105648	108292	104705	71903	38743	23686	19648	8173	583952
	50-93	1613	511	5495	39386	113010	199357	185848	198572	165649	144624	110310	46205	29448	1240025
sub-total		1613	511	5495	81538	178257	305005	294140	303276	237552	183367	133996	65853	37621	1828220
51&41	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	2006	11145	14940	16201	23108	45366	22205	10287	5555	1263	3617	155691
	50-93	0	0	1102	11948	6855	7810	4240	3212	2702	3369	2003	0	0	43239
sub-total		0	0	3108	23093	21795	24011	27348	48578	24906	13656	7558	1263	3617	198929
11-72	01-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50-93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sub-total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81&82		0	0	0	22399	69953	44813	10324	1720	1815	0	0	0	81	151103
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91		134420	923141	1153331	712395	255670	20800	538	0	0	366	0	0	1277	3201936
92		0	10417	54546	150987	299022	383973	371614	327209	285727	184563	133598	84580	207531	2493762
93		0	0	0	0	3991	3871	0	0	1780	0	0	0	0	9642
94-97		715679	144394	46745	37481	42975	13049	9290	18225	19245	9610	17463	33423	329367	1436941
98		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		851711	1078462	1266711	1065651	1007327	952375	842272	896369	727223	509434	373175	221066	631978	10423752

59th Round Consumer Expenditure (Sch. 1.0) TABLE (22) :Distribution of dwelling unit by covered area

STATE: Delhi

Type of dwelling unit	Covere	ed area (Sq. mts.)						
	Rural	Rural Urban						
Independent	23112957	93372926	116485883					
Flats	7384690	29963971	37348661					
Others	2280105	16233846	18513951					
Total	32777752	139570743	172348494					