

# DELHI STATE INDICATOR FRAMEWORK 2024: STATUS REPORT

**DIRECTORATE OF ECONOMICS & STATISTICS**  
**VIKAS BHAWAN-II, 3<sup>RD</sup> FLOOR, 'B'-WING,**  
**UPPER BELA ROAD, DELHI-110054**



# GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI



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बिपुल पाठक  
अति. मुख्य सचिव (वित्त)

**BIPUL PATHAK**  
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## MESSAGE

United Nation (UN) General Assembly, in 2015, adopted the document titled "Transforming our World: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development" comprising 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and associated 169 targets. The Sustainable Development Goals provide a comprehensive framework for promoting a more equitable, inclusive, and sustainable future for all. The Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation develops the National Indicator Framework (NIF) of SDGs to assist the Government in monitoring and tracking the progress of SDGs at national level. Accordingly Govt. of NCT of Delhi has prepared its State Indicator Framework (SIF).

I am pleased to present the Delhi State Indicator Framework 2024: Status Report for the National Capital Territory of Delhi, compiled by the Directorate of Economics & Statistics. The report offers data based status of where we stand, where we are heading, and where intensified efforts need to be executed.

I commend the efforts of the SDG Unit of the Directorate and Nodal Officer (SDG), GNCTD whose team has worked diligently to ensure the accuracy and consistency to release of this publication. This report was made possible through the technical guidance from the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation and cooperation from the line departments of Government of NCT of Delhi.

I hope the report will serve as a valuable tool for policy making, planning, administrators, researchers and other stakeholders.

SEPTEMBER, 2025  
DELHI

  
(BIPUL PATHAK)



अजीमुल हक, भा.प्र.से.  
सचिव (योजना विभाग)  
**AZIMUL HAQUE, I.A.S.**  
**SECRETARY (PLANNING)**



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## FOREWORD

India is a signatory to the resolution adopted on "Transforming our World: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development" at the 70th Session of the United Nations General Assembly held on 25th September 2015. To monitor the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and its associated targets, a Status Report on Delhi State Indicator Framework (SIF) 2024 comprising 226 State Indicators along with identified data sources and periodicity of the indicators has been developed by the Directorate of Economics and Statistics.

The report has been compiled as per the guidelines prescribed by the Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, Government of India. Data used in this report has been pooled from different reliable national sources, state sources and line departments of Government of NCT of Delhi. This report will serve as a starting point to highlight areas of progress and areas where more actions need to be taken to ensure no one is left behind.

I appreciate the sincere efforts made by the team of the SDG Unit of this Directorate in collecting, verifying and compiling the data. I also extend my gratitude to the Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, Government of India for their technical guidance and line departments of Delhi for their continued support.

This publication serves as a reliable reference for government departments and policymakers and will enable to identify the areas that require intensified and focused interventions.

**SEPTEMBER, 2025**  
**DELHI**

**(AZIMUL HAQUE, IAS)**  
**SECRETARY (PLANNING)**

प्रेमानन्द प्रुष्टी  
निदेशक एवं मुख्य रजिस्ट्रार  
PREMANANDA PRUSTY  
DIRECTOR & CHIEF REGISTRAR



राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र दिल्ली सरकार  
Govt. of NCT Delhi  
अर्थ एवं सांख्यिकी निदेशालय व मुख्य रजिस्ट्रार ( जन्म व मृत्यु )  
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## PREFACE

India is committed to implementing the SDGs based on the nationally defined indicators responding to national priorities and needs. State Indicator Framework is the backbone of monitoring of SDGs at the state level and provides appropriate direction to the policy makers and the implementing agencies of various schemes and programmes.

In this endeavour, towards integrating SDGs at state level, the Directorate of Economics and Statistics, Government of Delhi has developed Delhi State Indicator Framework 2024: Status Report on SDGs with the help of different stakeholders for monitoring the progress made towards achieving SDGs. This Status Report will provide a benchmark to track our progress towards SDGs targets till 2030 keeping in view, 2015-16 as baseline period. In this report, all indicators have been mapped with their availability (periodicity), baseline reference period and data sources.

The “Delhi State Indicator Framework 2024: Status Report” consisting of 226 indicators against 16 Goals associated with their targets. This report contains data snapshot pooled from different reliable national and state sources. It provides an overview of the progress made by Delhi on SDGs and the data gaps which need to be addressed for better monitoring of SDGs.

I commend the efforts of officers of Directorate of Economics & Statistics and Planning Department involved in SDG work and the line Departments for their valuable inputs in development of Delhi State Indicator Framework 2024: Status Report and for providing data in time bound manner. I hope they continue to extend their support for next edition of the report as well.

I welcome continued suggestions and constructive feedback from Central Ministries, the research community, policymakers, and all relevant stakeholders to further enhance the relevance and utility of this publication.

SEPTEMBER, 2025  
DELHI

  
(PREMANANDA PRUSTY)  
DIRECTOR/ NODAL OFFICER, SDG, DELHI

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## ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AISHE	All India Survey on Higher Education
ANC	Antenatal Care
ANER	Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio
ART	Antiretroviral Therapy
ATM	Automated Teller Machines
BCG	Bacillus Calmette-Guerin
BMI	Body Mass index
CEO	Chief Electoral Officer
CNG	Compressed Natural Gas
CO	Carbon monoxide
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon dioxide
DES	Directorate of Economics & Statistics
DGHS	Directorate General of Health Services
DJB	Delhi Jal Board
DPT	Diphtheria-Pertussis-Tetanus
DTC	Delhi Transport Corporation
EWS	Economically Weaker Section
g/dl	gram/deciliter
GER	Gross Enrolment Ratio
GNCTD	Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi
GoI	Government of India
GSDP	Gross State Domestic Product
GSVA	Gross State Value Added
Hb	Hemoglobin
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
ICDS	Integrated Child Development Services
ICT	Information and Communication Technology
IPC	Indian Penal Code
ISFR	India State of Forest Report
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LFPR	Labour Force Participation Rate
LPG	Liquefied petroleum Gas
MCV	Measles Containing Vaccine
MHA	Ministry of Home Affairs
mm of Hg	Millimeters of Mercury (unit used to measure blood pressure)
MMR	Maternal Mortality Rate
MoH&FW	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
MoSPI	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
MSME	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
MVA	Manufacturing Value Added
NACO	National AIDS Control Organization
NCRB	National Crime Record Bureau
NCT	National Capital Territory
NDP	Net Domestic Product

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

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NER	Net Enrolment Ratio
NFHS	National Family Health Survey
NIF	National Indicator Framework
NITI	National Institution for Transforming India
NO2	Nitrogen dioxide
NPS	National Pension Scheme
NSDP	Net State Domestic Product
NSS	National Sample Survey
O3	Ozone
OPV	Oral Polio Vaccine.
PLFS	Periodic Labour Force Survey
PM10	particulate matter with a diameter of 10 micrometers or less
PM2.5	particulate matter with a diameter of 2.5 micrometers or less
PMMVY	Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)
SC	Schedule Caste
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
SO2	Sulfur Dioxide
SRS	Sample Registration System
ST	Schedule Tribes
TB	Tuberculosis
TRAI	Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
UD	Urban Development
UDISE	Unified District Information System for Education
ug/m3	Microgram per cubic meter
ULB	Urban Local Bodies
USD	United States Dollar
WASH	Water, Sanitation and Hygiene
WTE	Waste to Energy



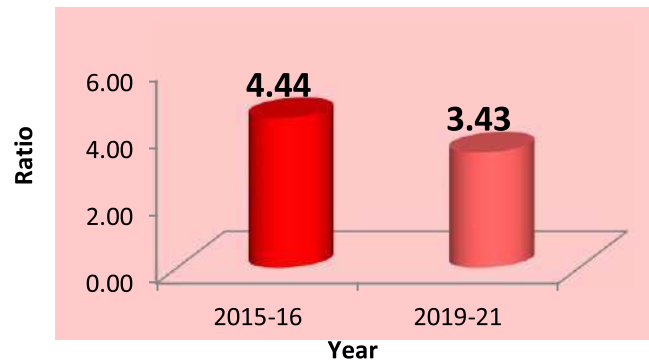
## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

INDICATOR FRAMEWORK					
GOAL NO.	GOAL NAME	NATIONAL FRAMEWORK		DELHI STATE FRAMEWORK	
		TARGET	NO. OF NATIONAL INDICATORS (2024)	TARGET	NO. OF STATE INDICATORS (2024)
1	No Poverty	7	18	6	18
2	Zero Hunger	8	19	5	12
3	Good Health and Well-Being	13	38	12	36
4	Quality Education	10	19	8	29
5	Gender Equality	9	31	6	22
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	8	13	5	13
7	Affordable and Clean Energy	5	5	4	5
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	12	26	8	20
9	Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	8	16	2	5
10	Reduced Inequalities	10	12	3	9
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	10	13	6	20
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	11	14	5	6
13	Climate Action	5	7	2	10
14	Life below Water	10	11	NA	NA
15	Life on Land	12	15	3	4
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	12	21	7	16
17	Partnerships for the Goals	19	12	1	1
TOTAL		169	290	83	226

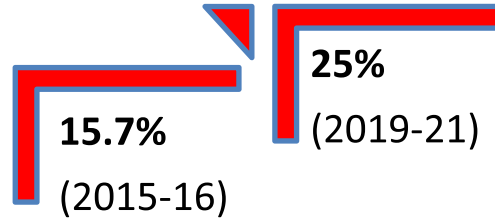
<b><i>INDEX</i></b>		
<b>Goal No.</b>	<b>CONTENTS</b>	<b>PAGE NO.</b>
1	No Poverty	1-4
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## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 1 (No Poverty)

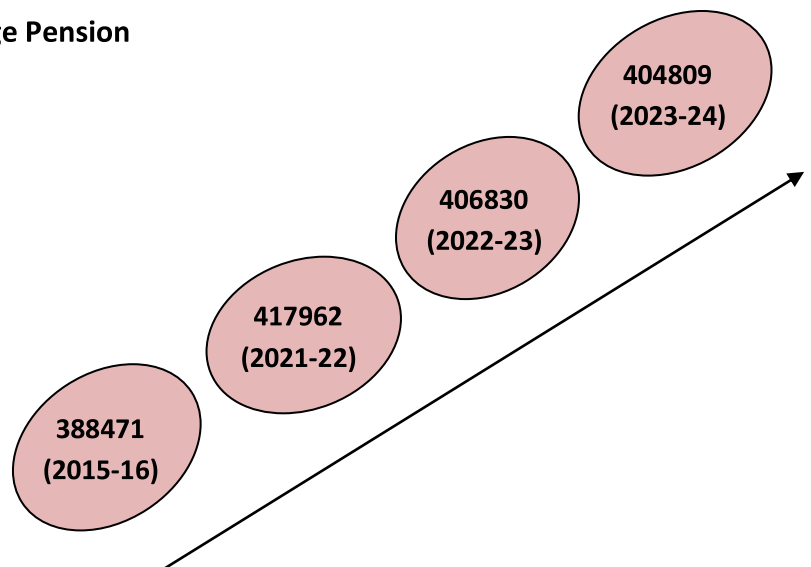
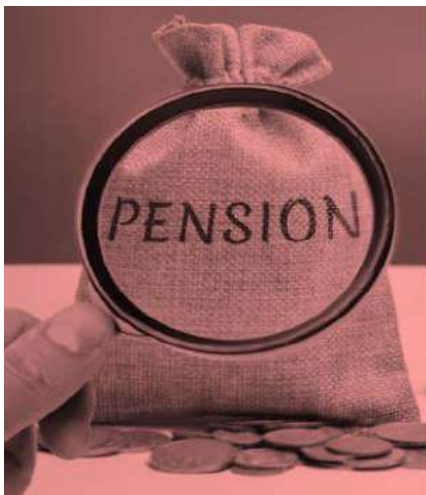
### Head Count Ratio as per the Multidimensional Poverty Index (%)



### Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance



### Number of beneficiaries receiving Old age Pension



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 1 : End Poverty in all its forms everywhere			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
Target1.1 : By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than USD 1.25 a day			
		Year	Value
1	1.1.1: Poverty Gap Ratio  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : 5 years</i>	2011-12	Urban- 1.62 Rural- 1.79
Target 1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions			
1	1.2.1: Percentage of population living below the poverty line  <i>Source: NITI Aayog, Publication:- Report of the Expert Group to review the Methodology for measurement of Poverty/ Periodicity : 5 years</i>	2011-12	9.91
2	1.2.2: Annual rate of reduction of people below the poverty line (%)  <i>Source: NITI Aayog/ Periodicity : 5 years</i>	2011-12	0.46
3	1.2.3: Head count ratio as per the Multidimensional Poverty Index (%)  <i>Source: NITI Aayog (National Multidimensional Poverty Index Progress Review) / Periodicity : 5 years</i>	2015-16	4.44
		2019-21	3.43
Target1.3 : Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable			
1	1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	15.7
		2019-21	25.0
2	1.3.2: Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Senior Citizens Homes/Day care Centers funded by the Government  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	150
		2020-21	125
		2021-22	25
		2022-23	125
		2023-24	200

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

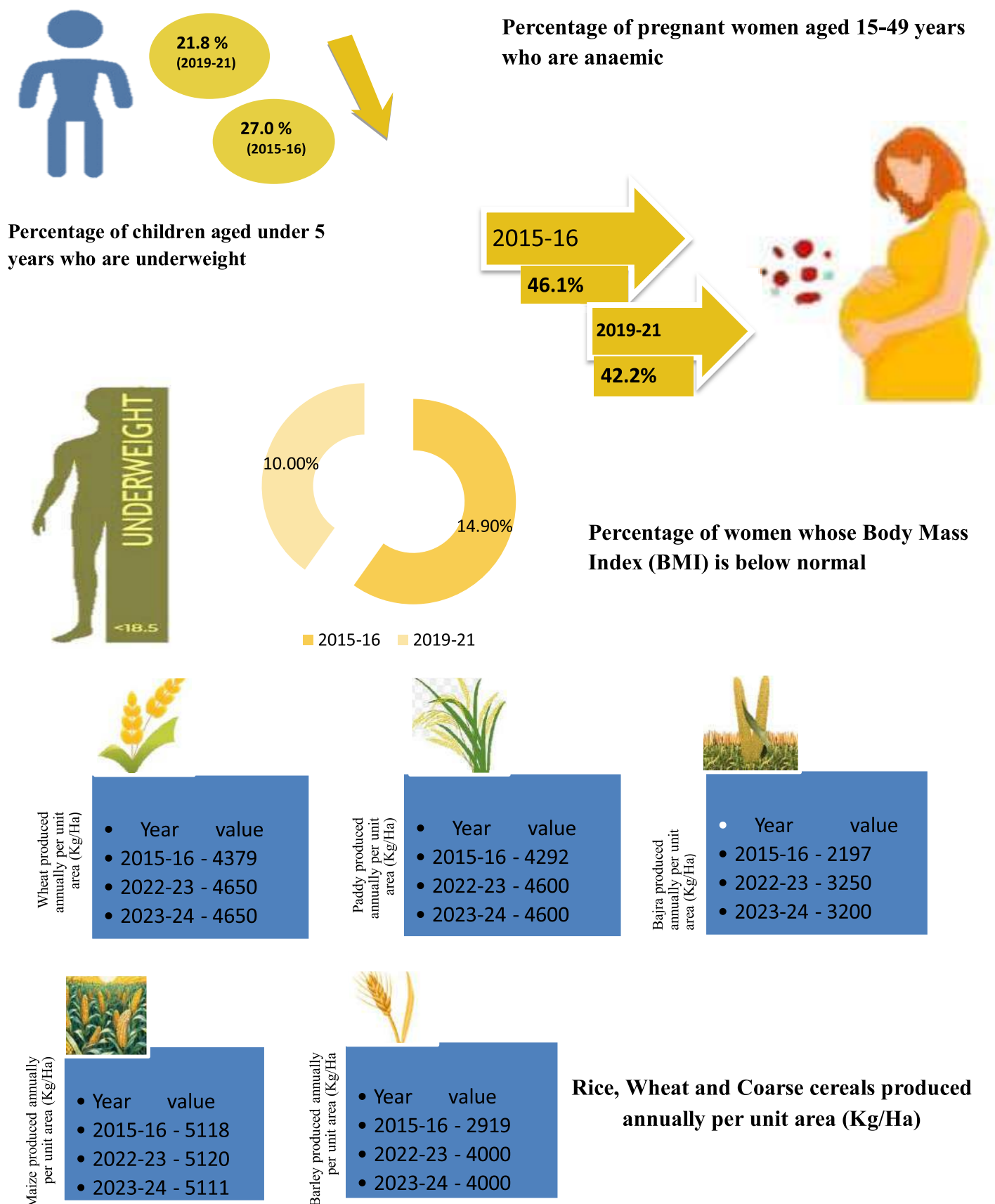
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
		Year	Value	
3	1.3.3 : Number of beneficiaries receiving Old age Pension/ Disability Pension <i>Source: Department of Social Welfare, , GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>		OAP	DP
		2015-16	388471	60657
		2021-22	417962	106762
		2022-23	406830	113039
		2023-24	404809	124811
4	1.3.4 : Number of beneficiaries receiving widow pension  <i>Source: Women &amp; Child Development Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	168977	
		2023-24	379165	
5	1.3.5 : Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Scheme - ICDS  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	841520	
		2016-17	841520	
		2017-18	566950	
		2018-19	551310	
		2019-20	534741	
		2020-21	36994	
		2021-22	881463	
		2022-23	751197	
6	1.3.6 : Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18	95.71	
		2018-19	94.60	
		2019-20	96.50	
		2020-21	56.90	
		2021-22	80.10	
		2022-23	82.23	
		2023-24	46.85	
7	1.3.7 : Coverage of New Pension Scheme (NPS)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	221229	
		2016-17	261653	
		2017-18	298941	
		2018-19	330023	
		2019-20	366225	
		2020-21	400560	
		2021-22	448341	
		2022-23	504287	
		2023-24	541427	



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Target 1.4 : By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance			
1	1.4.1: Percentage of households living in kachcha house (rural + urban)  <i>Source: NSS Rounds Report (State Sample), DES, GNCTD</i>	2012	0.22
		2018	0.00
2	1.4.2: Households having access to toilet services with in Premises (%)  <i>Source: NSS Round Reports, MoSPI, Gol</i>	2012	96.7
		2018	95.2
		2020-21	95.4
3	1.4.3: Households having drinking water facilities within the household premises (%)  <i>Source: NSS Rounds Report (State Sample), DES, GNCTD</i>	2012	82.1
		2018	91.6
4	1.4.4: Households having access to electricity within Premises (%)  <i>Source: 2012 &amp; 2018- NSS Round Reports, MoSPI, Gol 2023- Power Department, GNCTD</i>	2012	99.50
		2018	99.30
		2023	100
5	1.4.5: Number of telephone subscriptions as percentage of total population  <i>Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	272
		2022	270
		2023	276
Target 1.5: By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 1.a : Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development co-operation , in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions			
1	1.a.1: Proportion of the total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection) (%)  <i>Source: Finance Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	50.00
		2021-22	53.00
		2022-23	53.00
Target 1.b : Create sound policy framework at the national ,regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions			
1	1.b.1: Proportion of budget earmarked under gender budget  <i>Source: Finance Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	5.8
		2023-24	7.3

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 2 (Zero Hunger)



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 2 : End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture				
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
Target 2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round				
		Year	Value	
1	2.1.1: Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013 (%)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	99.42	
		2016-17	99.94	
		2017-18	99.94	
		2018-19	99.94	
		2019-20	100.00	
		2020-21	100.00	
		2021-22	100.00	
		2022-23	100.00	
		2023-24	100.00	
2	2.1.2 : Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	27.00	
		2019-21	21.80	
Target 2.2 : By 2030 , end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women, and older persons				
1	2.2.1: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	31.9	
		2019-21	30.9	
2	2.2.2: Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15 to 49 years, by pregnancy status (percentage) (Hb<11.0 g/dl)  <i>National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	Year	Pregn ant	Non-Pregnant
		2015-16	46.1	54.7
		2019-21	42.2	50.2
3	2.2.3: Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anemic (Hb<11.0 g/dl)  <i>National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	59.7	
		2019-21	69.2	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

4	2.2.4: Percentage of Wasted children under age 5	2015-16	15.9					
	National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&FW/ Periodicity : 3 years	2019-21	11.2					
5	2.2.5: Percentage of adolescent aged 10–19 years who are anaemic Source: Comprehensive National Nutrition Survey 2016-18, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, GoI	2016-18	29.2					
6	2.2.6: Percentage of women (aged 15-49 years) whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI<18.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> )  National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&FW/ Periodicity : 3 years	2015-16	14.90					
		2019-21	10.00					
Target 2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment								
1	2.3.1: Rice, wheat and coarse cereals produced annually per unit area (Kg/Ha)  Source: Agriculture Unit, Development Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual		Wheat	Paddy	Bajra	Maize	Barley	
		2015-16	4379	4292	2197	5118	2919	
		2022-23	4650	4600	3250	5120	4000	
		2023-24	4650	4600	3200	5111	4000	
Target 2.4 : By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather , drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality								
1	2.4.1: Proportion of Net Sown Area to Cultivable land (%)  Source: Agriculture Unit, Development Department/ Periodicity :Annual	2015-16	79.3					
		2021-22	100					
		2022-23	100					
		2023-24	100					
2	2.4.2 : Number of farmers issued Soil Health card  Source: Agriculture Unit, Development Department/ Periodicity :Annual	2015-16	173					
		2021-22	118					
		2022-23	615					
		2023-24	1370					
Target 2.5: By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed								
Indicator not yet evolved								

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

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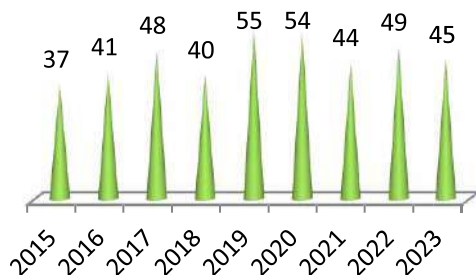
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator
Target 2.a: Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries		
Indicator not yet evolved		
Target 2.b: Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round		
Indicator not yet evolved		
Target 2.c: Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility		
1	2.c.1 : Percentage of agriculture mandis enrolled in e-market  <i>Source: Development Department, GNCTD</i>	Under Procedure



## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 3 (GOOD HEALTH & WELL BEING)

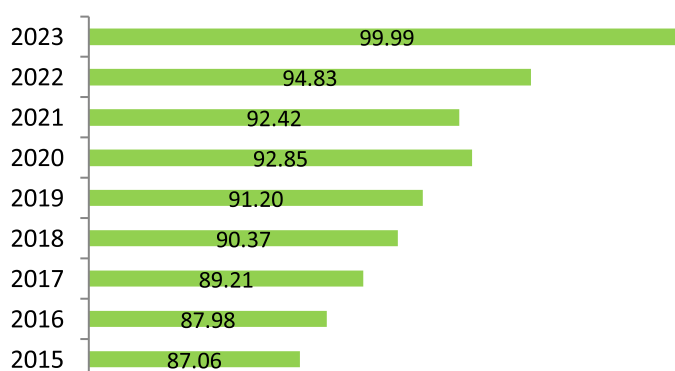
Percentage of currently married women aged 15- 49 years who use any modern method of family planning

Maternal Mortality Ratio (Per 1,00,000 lives Birth)

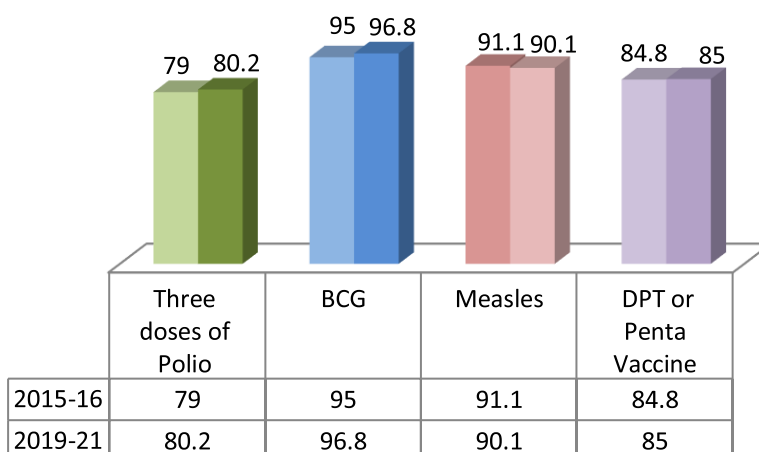


Year	Value
2015-16	48.6
2019-21	57.7

Percentage of Birth attended by Skilled Health Personal (Period 1 year)



Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully vaccinated with three doses each of polio, BCG, 1<sup>st</sup> dose of Measles, DPT or Pentavalent Vaccine



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 3 : Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
Target 3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 1,00,000 live births			
		Year	Value
1	3.1.1 : Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) (per 1,00,000 live births)  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES,GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	37
		2016	41
		2017	48
		2018	40
		2019	55
		2020	54
		2021	44
		2022	49
		2023	45
2	3.1.2 : Maternal Deaths in Delhi  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	139
		2016	156
		2017	178
		2018	146
		2019	200
		2020	162
		2021	119
		2022	148
		2023	142
3	3.1.3: Proportion of Institutional deliveries (%)  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	84.41
		2016	86.74
		2017	89.10
		2018	90.28
		2019	91.15
		2020	91.94
		2021	91.21
		2022	94.02
		2023	95.58

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
4	3.1.4: Percentage of mothers who had Antenatal care (ANC) coverage (at least 4)  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, GoI/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	67.9
		2019-21	77.2
5	3.1.5: Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1000 women age 15-19 years) <i>Source: SRS, O/o Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	3.4
		2020	2.6
		2021	2.7
		2022	2.6
6	3.1.6: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (period 1 year)  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	87.06
		2016	87.98
		2017	89.21
		2018	90.37
		2019	91.20
		2020	92.85
		2021	92.42
		2022	94.83
		2023	99.99
Target 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births			
1	3.2.1 : Under 5 mortality rate (per 1000 live births)  <i>Source: SRS, O/o Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	22
		2020	14
		2021	14
		2022	15
2	3.2.2 : Number of children in the age group 9-11 old months fully immunized (BCG+DPT (123)/ Pentavalent (123) + OPV+ measles)  <i>Source: Directorate of Family welfare, H &amp; FW Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	296438
		2021-22	254912
		2022-23	312742
3	3.2.3: Neonatal Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	15.80
		2016	12.87
		2017	13.82
		2018	15.40
		2019	16.18
		2020	13.62
		2021	15.26
		2022	15.73
		2023	14.27

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
Target 3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases			
1	3.3.1: Total case notification rate of Tuberculosis per 1 lakh population  <i>Source: India TB Report, Central TB Division, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	348
		2021	534
		2022	546
2	3.3.2: HIV Incidence per 1000 uninfected population  <i>Source: India HIV Estimations Report, National AIDS Control Organization (NACO), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	0.12
		2019	0.11
		2020	0.12
		2021	0.13
		2022	0.15
3	3.3.3: Estimated number of affected persons from HIV  <i>Source: India HIV Estimations Report, National AIDS Control Organization (NACO), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	47086
		2017	48857
		2020	54011
		2021	55801
		2022	59069
4	3.3.4 : Number of affected persons from Malaria  <i>Source: Directorate General of Health Services, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	311
		2016	454
		2017	577
		2018	473
		2019	713
		2020	228
		2021	167
		2022	263
		2023	378
5	3.3.5: Dengue Cases  <i>Source: Directorate General of Health Services, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	15867
		2016	4431
		2017	4726
		2018	2798
		2019	2036
		2020	1072
		2021	9613
		2022	4469
		2023	7493

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator				
Target 3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention, treatment and promote mental health and well-being						
1	3.4.1: Number of deaths due to cancer  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015			4666	
		2016			4812	
		2017			5162	
		2018			6396	
		2019			5815	
		2020			3938	
		2021			4283	
		2022			5408	
		2023			6054	
2	3.4.2: Suicide rate (Per 1,00,000 population)  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015			8.80	
		2016			10.00	
		2021			13.70	
		2022			16.20	
3	3.4.3: Mortality rate attributed to Neoplasms, Diabetes Mellitus, Respiratory and Circulatory, disease (%)  <i>Source: Medical Certification of Cause of Deaths, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>		Neoplasms	Diabetes Mellitus	Respiratory	Circulatory
		2016	5.32	2.82	9.13	17.59
		2017	5.78	2.87	8.40	19.25
		2018	6.52	2.25	8.61	19.81
		2019	6.07	1.73	8.36	19.43
		2020	4.55	1.69	9.32	16.14
		2021	4.32	1.02	14.57	20.14
		2022	6.63	0.84	9.10	20.80
		2023	6.83	1.31	9.93	17.73
Target 3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol						
1	3.5.1: Number of persons treated in de-addiction centres  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16			1107	
		2016-17			5904	
		2017-18			1476	
		2018-19			2394	
		2019-20			2238	
		2020-21			12993	
		2021-22			18549	
		2022-23			26635	
2023-24			44454			



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
		Year	Value	
2	3.5.2: Percentage of men (15 years and above) who consume alcohol  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	Year	Men	Women
		2015-16	NA	NA
		2019-21	21.6	0.5
Target 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents				
1	3.6.1: People killed/injured in road accidents  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol/Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	9880	
		2021	5228	
		2022	6174	
Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes				
1	3.7.1: Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years who use any modern method of family planning  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	48.6	
		2019-21	57.7	
2	3.7.2: Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	2.1	
		2019-21	3.3	
Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services, and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all				
1	3.8.1: Bed population Ratio (per 1000 persons)  <i>Source: DGHS, Health &amp; Family welfare Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	2.73	
		2016-17	2.86	
		2017-18	2.99	
		2018-19	2.96	
		2019-20	2.74	
		2020-21	2.88	
		2021-22	2.89	
		2022-23	2.70	
2	3.8.2: HIV patients currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV (in %)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2019-20	75	
		2020-21	73	
		2021-22	73	
		2022-23	74	
		2023-24	73	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
		Year	Value	
3	3.8.3: Percentage of women aged 30-49 years who have ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	NA	
		2019-21	0.7	
4	3.8.4: Prevalence of hypertension among men & women age 15 years and above {Elevated Blood Pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg)} (in percentage)  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	Year	Men	Women
		2015-16	NA	NA
		2019-21	32.8	24.1
5	3.8.5: Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period  <i>Source: India TB Report, Central TB Division, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2018	72	
		2019	71	
		2020	72	
		2021	74	
		2022	76	
6	3.8.6: Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income (%) <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18		
		>10%	4.42%	
		>25%	1.12%	
7	3.8.7: Percentage of population in age group 15-49 who reported sought treatment out of total population in that age group having diabetes <i>Source: National Family Health Survey-5 (NFHS-5 ), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	Year	Women	Men
		2019-21	2.3	4.2
Target 3.9: By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination				
1	3.9.1: Proportion of men and women reporting Asthma in the age group 15-49 years <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>		Women	Men
		2015-16	1.4	0.2
		2019-21	1.3	0.5

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

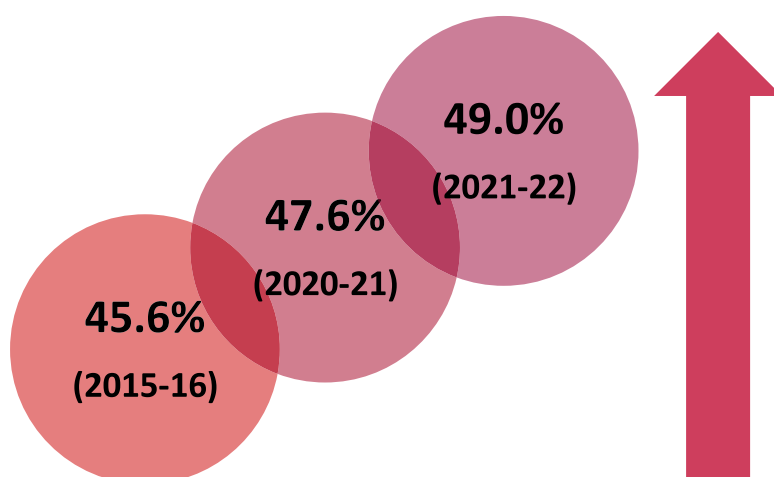
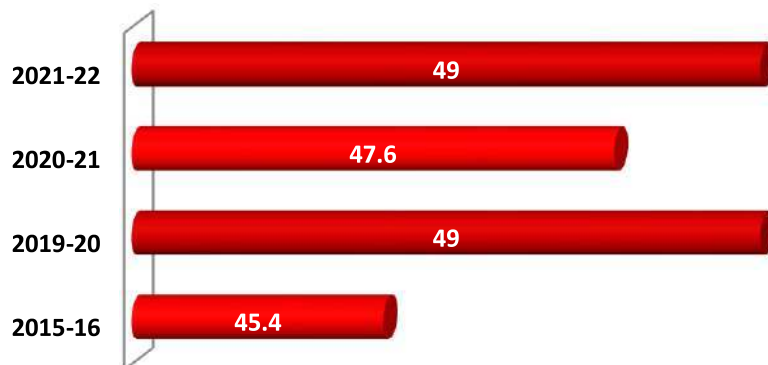
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
Target 3.a: Strengthen the implementation of World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate				
		Year	Value	
1	3.a.1: Percentage of men & Women (15 years & above) using tobacco  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>		Men	Women
		2015-16	NA	NA
		2019-21	26.3	2.2
Target 3.b: Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health and in particular, provide access to medicines for all				
1	3.b.1: Percentage of children age of 12-23 months fully vaccinated with three doses each of polio  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	79.0	
		2019-21	80.2	
2	3.b.2 : Percentage of children age of 12-23 months fully vaccinated with BCG  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	95.0	
		2019-21	96.8	
3	3.b.3: Percentage of children age of 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles containing vaccine (MCV)  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	91.1	
		2019-21	90.1	
4	3.b.4: Percentage of children age of 12-23 months fully vaccinated with DPT or Pentavalent vaccine  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol / Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	84.8	
		2019-21	85.0	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

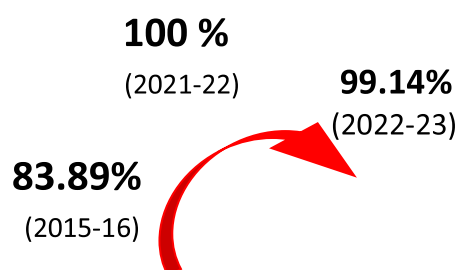
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
Target 3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States			
		Year	Value
1	3.c.1: Percentage of government spending in health sector to GSDP  <i>Source: Planning Department, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	0.66
		2019-20	0.72
		2020-21	0.86
		2021-22	1.03
		2022-23	0.93
Target 3.d: Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 4 (Education)

### Gross Enrolment Ratio in Higher Education (18-23 years)

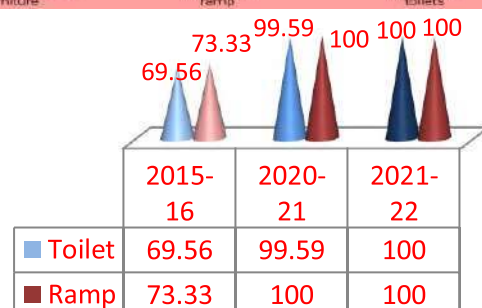


### Gross Enrolment ratio for tertiary Education



### Proportion of Schools with computer for pedagogical purposes (%)

### Proportion of Schools with access to adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/disabled friendly ramp and toilet





## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all				
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
Target 4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes				
		Year	Value	
1	4.1.1: Net Enrolment Ratio (NER) in primary & upper primary education  <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	Year	Primary	Upper Primary
		2015-16	100	89.95
		2021-22	100	98.84
		2022-23	90.86	85.0
2	4.1.2: Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in Secondary (Class 9-10) Education  <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>		Elementary (I to VIII)	Secondary (IX to X)
		2015-16	100	80.83
		2021-22	100	90.88
		2022-23	100	94.45
3	4.1.3: Percentage of girls' enrolment in higher education  <i>Source: All India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE), M/o Education / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	48.09	
		2019-20	48.91	
		2020-21	48.94	
		2021-22	48.89	
4	4.1.4: Percentage of girls' enrolment in Technical education  <i>Source: Department of Training &amp; Technical Education, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	33.49	
		2021-22	34.02	
		2022-23	36.56	
		2023-24	35.62	
5	4.1.5: Ratio of Girls to Boys ( I to V)  <i>Source: UDISE / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	0.87	
		2021-22	0.89	
		2022-23	0.87	
6	4.1.6: Ratio of Girls to Boys (Secondary Level) <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	0.87	
		2021-22	0.88	
		2022-23	0.89	
7	4.1.7: Average annual dropout rate at secondary level <i>Source: UDISE / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	11.81	
		2021-22	4.84	
		2022-23	7.27	
8	4.1.8: Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) in IX to X class  <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	103.51	
		2021-22	111.24	
		2022-23	105.9	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator				
9	4.1.9: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5 and 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : 3 years</i>		2017		2021	
		Grade	Lang.	Maths	Lang.	Maths
		3	32.4	35.5	26	25
		5	33.4	24.8	36	15
		8	31.6	17.4	42	24
10	4.1.10: Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/ secondary levels (%)  <i>Source: Education Department, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>		2015-16	2021-22	2022-23	
		Primary	118.05	125.26	122.16	
		Upper Primary	103.20	116.25	113.05	
		Secondary	76.29	104.24	101.81	
Target 4.2: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education						
1	4.2.1: Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry  <i>Source: Education Department, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16			98.26	
		2021-22			99.70	
		2022-23			59.83	
Target 4.3: By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university						
1	4.3.1: Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher education (18-23 years)  <i>Source: All India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE), Ministry of Education, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16			45.4	
		2019-20			49.0	
		2020-21			47.6	
		2021-22			49.0	
2	4.3.2: Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16			45.6	
		2016-17			45.4	
		2017-18			46.7	
		2018-19			46.9	
		2019-20			49.0	
		2020-21			47.6	
		2021-22			49.0	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
3	4.3.3: Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education <i>Source: All India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE), Ministry of Education, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	52:48
		2019-20	51:49
		2020-21	51:49
		2021-22	51:49
4	4.3.4: Proportion of male-female enrolled in technical and vocational education <i>Source: Department of Training &amp; Technical Education, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	59:41
		2021-22	51:49
		2022-23	56:44
		2023-24	57:43
Target 4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship			
1	4.4.1: Proportion of youth and adults with information and communication technology (ICT) skills (%)  <i>Source: Department of Training &amp; Technical Education, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	100
		2020-21	100
		2021-22	100
		2022-23	100
Target 4.5: By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations			
1	4.5.1: Gender Parity Index for higher education (18-23 years)  <i>Source: All India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE), Ministry of Education, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	1.12
		2019-20	1.05
		2020-21	1.04
		2021-22	1.03
2	4.5.2: Disabled children (5-19 Years) attending educational institution  <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2018-19	25914
		2021-22	27026
		2022-23	22530
3	4.5.3: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities (per 1,000)  <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	5.86
		2021-22	5.91
		2022-23	4.37
Target 4.6: By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy			
1	4.6.1: Literacy rate  <i>Source: (2011-12)- Office of the Registrar General &amp; Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs &amp;(2017-18)- NSS Round (State Sample)</i>	2011-12	86.2
		2017-18	88.7

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
Target 4.7: By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture’s contribution to sustainable development				
Indicator not yet evolved				
Target 4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, nonviolent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all				
		Year	Value	
1	4.a.1: Total public expenditure on education as a percentage of GSDP <i>Source: Delhi Economic Survey/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	1.41	
		2022-23	1.51	
		2023-24	1.5	
2	4.a.2: Proportion of schools with access to electricity (%) <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	100	
		2020-21	100	
		2021-22	100	
		2022-23	100	
3	4.a.3: Proportion of schools with Computer for pedagogical purposes (%)  <i>Source: Education Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	83.89	
		2021-22	100	
		2022-23	99.14	
4	4.a.4: Proportion of schools with access to adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/disabled friendly ramp and toilets (%) <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>		Toilet	Ramp
		2015-16	69.56	73.33
		2016-17	70.30	72.76
		2017-18	71.19	74.12
		2018-19	87.87	74.35
		2019-20	100	100
		2020-21	99.59	100
2021-22	100	100		
5	4.a.5: Proportion of schools with access to basic drinking water facilities (%) <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	100	
		2020-21	100	
		2021-22	100	
		2022-23	100	
6	4.a.6: Proportion of schools with access to single -sex basic sanitation facilities (%)  <i>Source: Education Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>		Boys	Girls
		2015-16	100	100
		2020-21	100	100
		2021-22	100	100
		2022-23	100	100

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

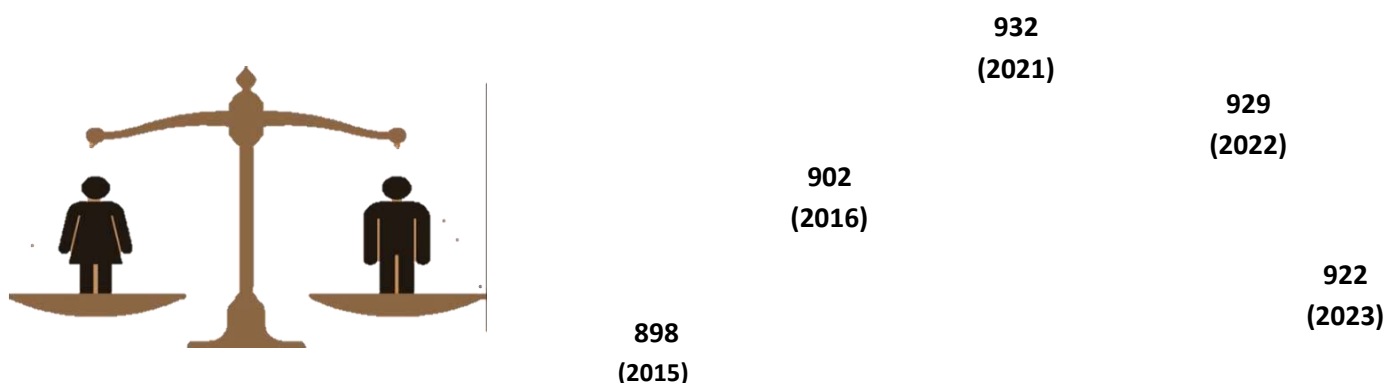
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator				
		Year	Value			
7	4. a.7: Proportion of schools with access to basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions) (%) <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	99.18			
		2016-17	99.37			
		2017-18	99.44			
		2018-19	99.96			
		2019-20	99.89			
		2020-21	100			
		2021-22	100			
		2022-23	100			
Target 4.b: By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries						
Indicator not yet evolved						
Target 4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States						
1	4.c.1: Proportion of trained teacher, by education level  <i>Source: 2015-16- MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 &amp; for 2021-22- UDISE Report 2021-22/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	Year	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary	Higher Secondary
		2015-16	92.13	90.52	92.11	100
		2016-17	92.09	89.94	91.49	100
		2017-18	91.41	89.21	91.58	100
		2018-19	90.19	87.23	89.33	93.3
		2019-20	90.11	86.07	88.6	92.78
		2020-21	98.66	96.68	97.41	99.94
		2021-22	98.2	96.8	97.7	99.7

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

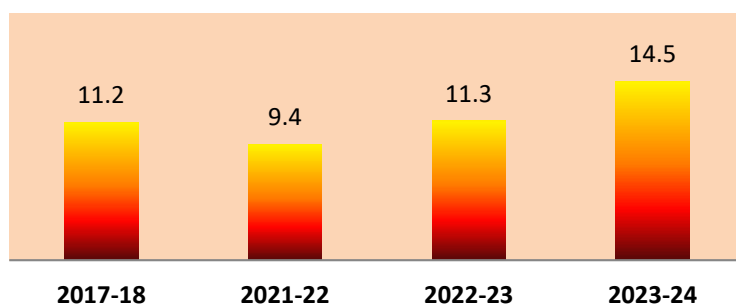
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator			
		Year	Value		
2	4.c.2: Pupil teacher ratio at the primary, upper primary and secondary levels  <i>Source: UDISE/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	Year	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary
		2015-16	33	30	29
		2020-21	33	30	29
		2021-22	33	32	27
		2022-23	34	31	24

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 5 (Gender Equality)

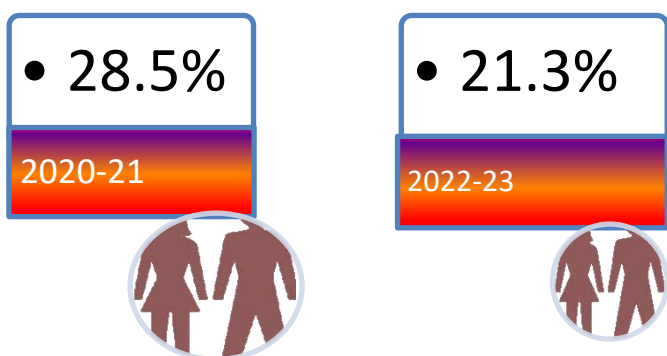
Sex ratio at Birth (per 1,000 male live births)



Female labour force participation rate



Ratio of women to men in professional and technical work



Percentage of seats won by women in the general elections to Delhi state legislative assembly

8.57%	11.43%	7.14%
(2015)	(2020)	(2025)





## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 5 : Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls					
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator			
Target 5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere					
		Year	Value		
1	5.1.1 : Sex ratio at birth (Per 1,000 male live births)  <i>Source: Annual Report of Birth &amp; Death, DES,GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	898		
		2016	902		
		2017	913		
		2018	924		
		2019	920		
		2020	933		
		2021	932		
		2022	929		
		2023	922		
2	5.1.2: Female to male ratio of average wage/salary earnings received among regular wage /salaried employees (rural + urban)  <i>Source: Periodic Labour Force Survey, MoSPI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18	0.99		
		2021-22	1.13		
		2022-23	1.01		
		2023-24	0.87		
3	5.1.3: Women that have been subjected to dowry offences during the year (per 1,00,000 females)  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	0.2		
		2021	0.2		
		2022	0.2		
4	5.1.4: Rate of Crimes Against Women Per 100,000 Female Population  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	160.4		
		2021	147.6		
		2022	144.4		
Target 5.2 : Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation					
1	5.2.1 : Child Sex ratio (0-6 years )  <i>Source: Source: Office of the Registrar General &amp; Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: 10 Years</i>	Year	Total	Rural	Urban
		2011	871	814	873
2	5.2.2: Women and girls trafficked (number)  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	93		
		2021	143		
		2022	146		

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
3	5.2.3 : Percentage of ever-married women age 18-49 who have ever experienced emotional, physical, or sexual violence committed by their husband  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, GoI/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	26.8
		2019-21	22.6
4	5.2.4 : Proportion of sexual crime against girl children to total crime against children during the calendar year (%)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	18.38
		2017	18.33
		2018	18.83
		2019	19.04
		2020	19.77
		2021	18.57
5	5.2.5: Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the NCT of Delhi during the calendar year (in %)  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	7.05
		2021	4.67
		2022	4.45
6	5.2.6: Women who have experienced sexual crimes during the year (per 1,00,000 females)  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	43.6
		2021	21.4
		2022	20.4
7	5.2.7: Women who have experienced cruelty/physical violence by husband or his relatives during the year (per 1,00,000 females)  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	40.6
		2021	48.9
		2022	49.7
Target: 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation.			
1	5.3.1: Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married before age 18 (%)  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, GoI/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	14.3
		2019-21	9.9

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
Target 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 5.5: Ensure women’s full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision making in political, economic and public life			
		Year	Value
1	5.5.1 : Percentage of women candidates out of total candidates contesting elections in Delhi State Legislative Assembly  <i>Source: O/o Chief Electoral Officer, GNCTD / Periodicity : 5 Years</i>	2015	9.8
		2020	11.76
		2025	13.73
2	5.5.2: Female labour force participation rate (LFPR)  <i>Source: PLFS, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18	11.2
		2018-19	13.7
		2019-20	12.8
		2020-21	10.7
		2021-22	9.4
		2022-23	11.3
		2023-24	14.5
3	5.5.3: Ratio of women to men in professional and technical work <i>Source: Year 2020-21-PLFS, MoSPI, GoI Year 2022-23-MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2020-21	28.5
		2022-23	21.3
4	5.5.4: Percentage of seats won by women in the general elections to Delhi State Legislative Assembly  <i>Source: O/o Chief Electoral Officer, GNCTD / Periodicity : 5 Years</i>	2015	8.57
		2020	11.43
		2025	7.14
5	5.5.5: Ratio of female to male Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) (15-59 years)  <i>Source: PLFS, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18	0.19
		2018-19	0.24
		2019-20	0.22
		2020-21	0.19
		2021-22	0.18
		2022-23	0.21
		2023-24	0.28

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

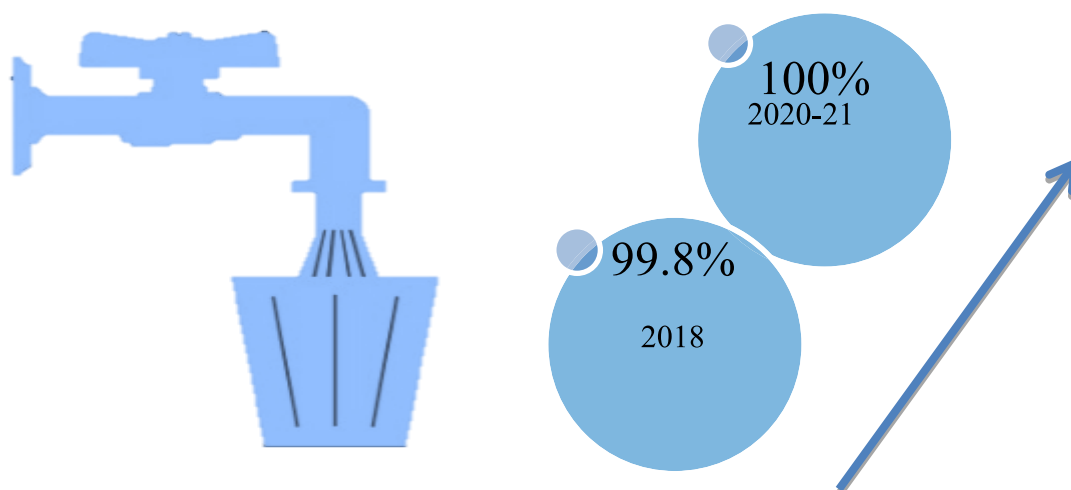
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator			
Target 5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the programme of action of the International Conference on population and Development and the Beijing platform for action and the outcome documents of their review conferences					
		Year	Value		
1	5.6.1 : Percentage of population aged 15-49 years with comprehensive knowledge of HIV/AIDS  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>		Male	Female	
		2015-16	27.5	32.7	
		2019-21	43.9	29.5	
2	5.6.2: Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years who use any modern method of family planning  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	48.6		
		2019-21	57.7		
3	5.6.3: Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years (in %)  <i>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS), MoH&amp;FW, Gol/ Periodicity : 3 years</i>	2015-16	15.0		
		2019-21	6.1		
Target 5.a: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws					
1	5.a.1: Percentage of operational land holdings operated by female  <i>Source: Agriculture Census 2015-16, Ministry of Agriculture &amp; Farmer Welfare, Gol</i>	2015-16	13.46		
2	5.a.2: Wages of casual labourers (gender wise) other than public works (Rs. per day)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 Periodicity : Annual</i>	Quarter	Year	Male	Female
		July – Sep.	2017-18	403	300
			2018-19	430	244
			2019-20	433	368
			2020-21	465	-
			2021-22	495	-
			2022-23	549	-
			2023-24	548	500
		Oct. – Dec.	2017-18	459	250
			2018-19	386	299
			2019-20	397	286
			2020-21	485	-
			2021-22	526	-
2022-23	553		500		
2023-24	560	-			

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

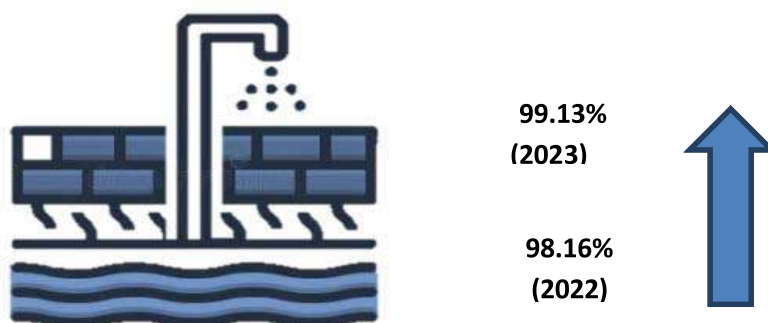
		Jan.- Mar.	2017-18	438	500
			2018-19	399	250
			2019-20	422	-
			2020-21	475	400
			2021-22	438	-
			2022-23	547	500
			2023-24	559	500
		April - June	2017-18	376	400
			2018-19	418	250
			2019-20	485	383
			2020-21	503	-
			2021-22	549	-
			2022-23	559	600
			2023-24	556	500
Target 5.b: Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women					
Indicator not yet evolved					
Target 5.c: Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels					
Indicator not yet evolved					

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 6 (Clean Water & Sanitation)

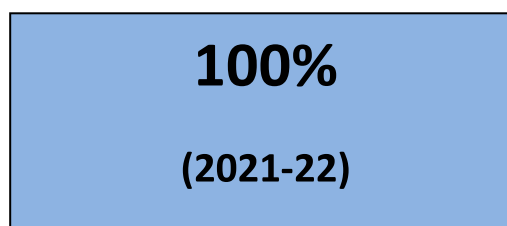
Percentage of Households having improved source of drinking water



Percentage of ground  
water withdrawal  
against availability



Proportion of schools with separate toilet  
facility for girls



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all					
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator			
Target 6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all					
		Year	Value		
1	6.1.1: Percentage of households having improved source of drinking water	2018	99.8		
	Source : NSS Rounds, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual	2020-21	100		
2	6.1.2: Households with access to piped water supply (%)	2011-12	81.3		
		2021-22	93		
		2022-23	93.5		
		2023-24	93.5		
3	6.1.3: Average duration of clean water supply	2015-16	1 to 5 hours		
		2023-24	1 to 6 hours		
	Source : Delhi Jal Board / Periodicity : Annual				
4	6.1.4: Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS)	Year	Urban	Rural	Total
		2020-21	83.0	70.2	82.7
	Source : NSS Rounds, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual				
5	6.1.5: Percentage of urban population using an improved source of drinking water	Year	Urban		Rural
		2020-21	100		100
	Source : NSS Rounds, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual				
Target 6.2 : By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations					
1	6.2.1: Percentage of rural households with individual household toilets	Year	Urban		Rural
		2018	82.3		79.5
		2020-21	84.0		76.8
	Source : NSS Rounds, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual				



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

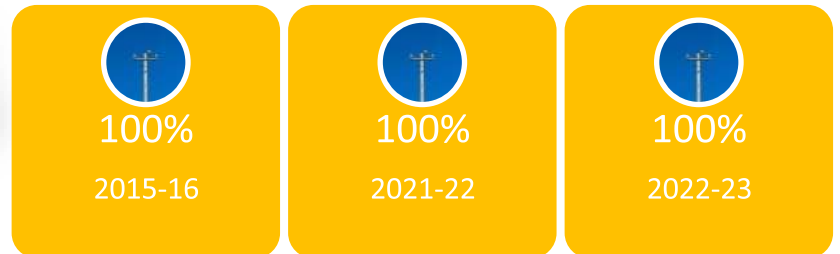
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
2	6.2.2: Percentage of households using toilet facility	2018	99.6
	Source : NSS Rounds, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual	2020-21	99.4
3	6.2.3: Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls	2015-16	100
	Source : Education Department, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual	2021-22	100
4	6.2.4: Percentage of Local Bodies verified to be ODF Source : UD Department	2020	100
5	6.2.5: Proportion of waste water safely treated (%)  Source : Delhi Jal Board/ Periodicity :Annual	2020	67
		2022	72
		2024	77
Target 6.3 : By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally			
1	6.3.1: Percentage of Sewage Treated before discharge into Surface Water Bodies  Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 Periodicity : Annual	2020	72.43
		2022 (As on March, 2022)	70.95
Target 6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity			
1	6.4.1 : Percentage of ground water withdrawal against availability  Source: Dynamic Ground Water Resource of India, Ministry of Jal Shakti, GoI	2017	119.61
		2022	98.16
		2023	99.13

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

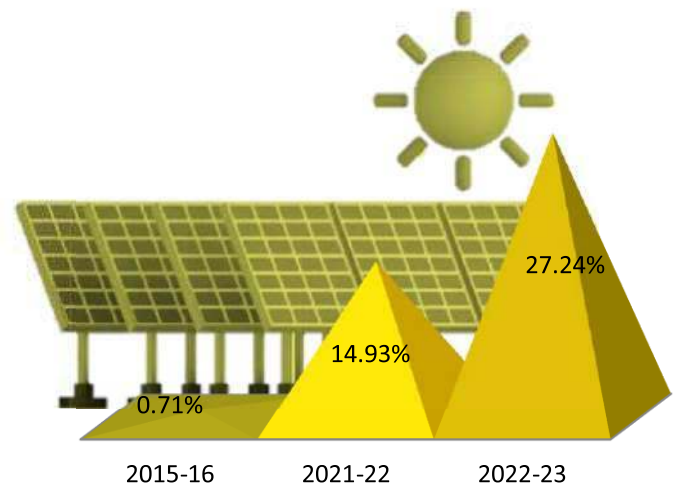
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
Target 6.5: By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through trans-boundary cooperation as appropriate			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 6.6 : By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes			
1	6.6.1 : Percentage of blocks/mandals /taluka over-exploited <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017	65
		2020	50
		2022	44
		2023	38
Target 6.a : Target 6.a: By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 6.b: Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 7 (Affordable & Clean Energy)

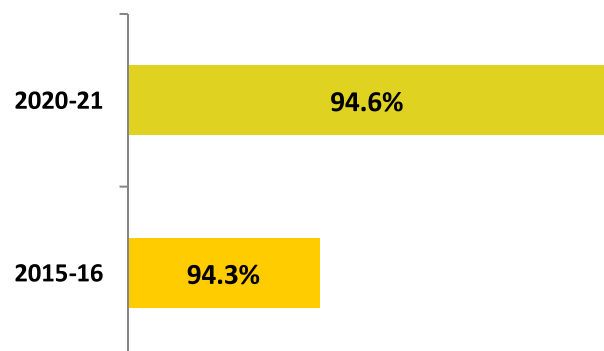
### Percentage of households electrified



### Share of renewable energy in total power generation (%)



### Percentage of households using clean cooking fuel (LPG)

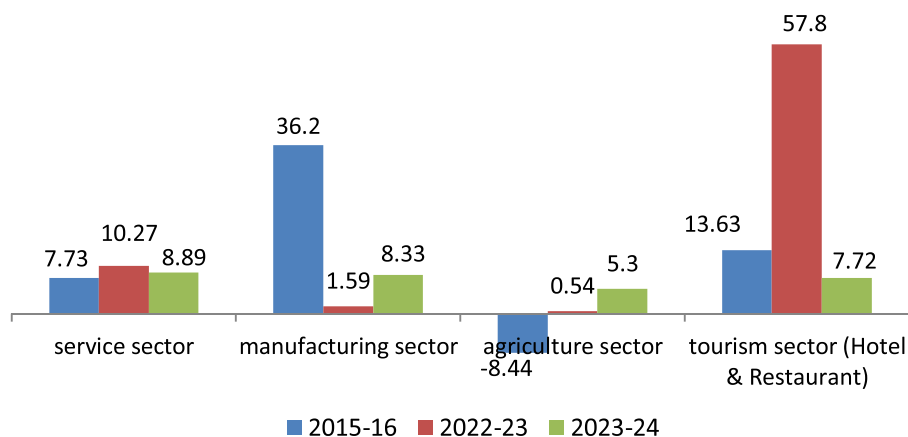
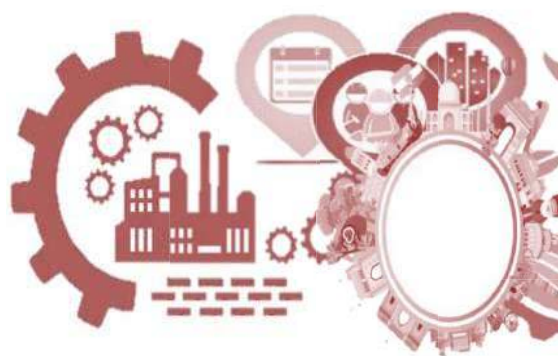


## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

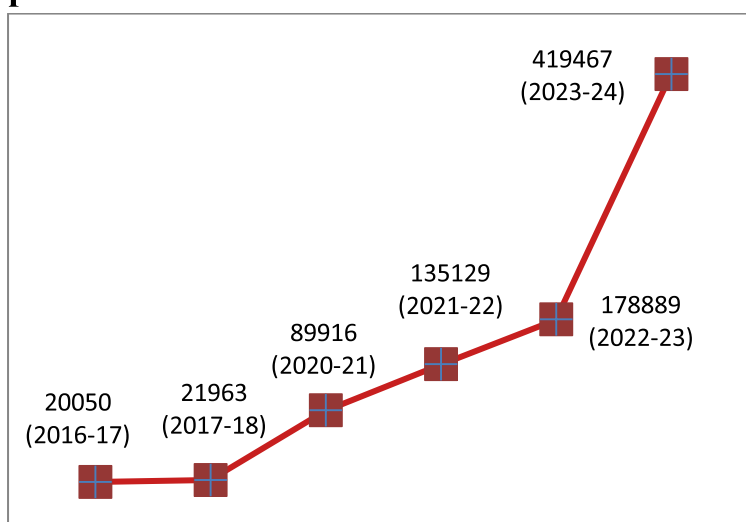
Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all			
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
Target 7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services			
		Year	Value
1	7.1.1 : Percentage of households electrified  <i>Source : Power Department, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2015-16	100
		2021-22	100
		2022-23	100
2	7.1.2 : Percentage of households using clean cooking fuel (LPG)  <i>Source : NSS Rounds, MoSPI, GoI</i>	2015-16	94.3
		2020-21	94.6
Target 7.2 : By 2030, Increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix			
1	7.2.1 : Share of renewable energy (solar+ WTE + Wind + Small + Hydro + Hybrid) in total power generation (%) (WTE=waste to energy) <i>Source : Power Department, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2015-16	0.71 (Solar + WTE)
		2021-22	14.93
		2022-23	27.24
Target 7.3 : By 2030, Double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency			
1	7.3.1: Transmission loss in Delhi (Delhi Transco Ltd) (%)  <i>Source : Power Department, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2015-16	0.85
		2021-22	0.88
		2022-23	0.84
		2023-24	0.78
Target 7.a: By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 7.b: By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support			
1	7.b.1: Installed renewable energy generating capacity (in watts per capita)  <i>Source: Power Department, GNCTD Periodicity: Annual</i>	2015-16	1.84
		2018-19	9.78
		2022-23	17.5

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 8 (Decent Work & Economic Growth)

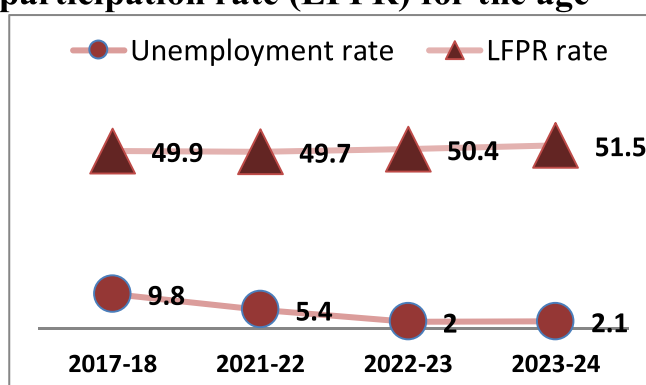
Annual Growth in Service sector, Manufacturing sector, Agriculture sector and Tourism sector (%)



Number of MSME units registered under the online Udyam registration portal



Unemployment and Labour force participation rate (LFPR) for the age group (15-59) years (%)



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 8: promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all				
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator		
Target 8.1 : Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries				
		Year	Value	
1	8.1.1: Annual growth rate of Net State Domestic Product (NSDP) per capita (%)  Source : Directorate of Economics & Statistics, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual		Constant	Current
		2015-16	9.1	9.32
		2022-23	6.11	14.33
		2023-24	5.69	7.39
Target 8.2 : Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour intensive sectors				
1	8.2.1: Annual growth in Service sector (%)  Source : Directorate of Economics & Statistics, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual	2015-16	7.73	
		2016-17	7.25	
		2017-18	5.32	
		2018-19	5.28	
		2019-20	5.49	
		2020-21	9.25	
		2021-22	6.36	
		2022-23	10.27	
2	8.2.2: Annual growth in manufacturing sector (%)  Source : Directorate of Economics & Statistics, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual	2015-16	36.2	
		2016-17	(-) 4.22	
		2017-18	0.47	
		2018-19	2.13	
		2019-20	4.96	
		2020-21	0.05	
		2021-22	(-) 11.53	
		2022-23	1.59	
		2023-24	8.33	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
3	8.2.3: Annual growth in agriculture sector (%)  <i>Source : Directorate of Economics &amp; Statistics, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2015-16	(-) 8.44
		2016-17	3.02
		2017-18	6.58
		2018-19	7.33
		2019-20	(-) 2.30
		2020-21	(-) 19.04
		2021-22	(-) 8.88
		2022-23	0.54
		2023-24	5.30
4	8.2.4: Annual growth in tourism sector (%) (Hotel & Restaurant)  <i>Source : Directorate of Economics &amp; Statistics, GNCTD / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2015-16	13.63
		2016-17	13.34
		2017-18	8.10
		2018-19	8.88
		2019-20	10.12
		2020-21	(-) 56.92
		2021-22	33.68
		2022-23	57.80
		2023-24	7.72
Target 8.3: Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of MSME, including through access to financial services			
1	8.3.1 : Ease of doing business Rank  <i>Source : Reserve Bank of India/ Periodicity :Annual</i>	2015	15 <sup>th</sup>
		2016	19 <sup>th</sup>
		2017	23 <sup>rd</sup>
		2019	12 <sup>th</sup>
2	8.3.2: Percentage of workers in informal sector among total workers engaged in non-agriculture sector.  <i>Source : PLFS, MoSPI, GoI / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2017-18	60.2
		2018-19	50.5
		2019-20	54.1
		2020-21	60.2
		2021-22	62.6
		2022-23	65.9
		2023-24	66.9



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the indicator	
		Year	Value
3	8.3.3 : Outstanding Credit to MSME (in Rs. Crore)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	106755.95
		2016-17	103780.41
		2017-18	99502.74
		2018-19	102884.08
		2019-20	108136.70
		2020-21	108796.40
		2021-22	130604.29
		2022-23	139553.03
4	8.3.4 : Number of MSME units registered under the online Udyam registration Portal  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2023 &amp; 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	Upto 2016-17	20050
		upto 2017-18	21963
		upto 2020-21	89916
		upto 2021-22	135129
		Upto 2022-23	178889
		Upto 2023-24	419467
5	8.3.5 : Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India  <i>Source: Industry Department, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2018	1833
		2021	More than 6500
		2022	More than 3500
		As of June 2024	14734
Target 8.4 : Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and Endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead			
1	8.4.1 : Per capita consumption of petroleum products  <i>Source: Indian Petroleum &amp; Natural Gas Statistics Report, Ministry of Petroleum Natural Gas, Gol Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	298.3
		2019-20	275.9
		2022-23	206.2
Target 8.5 : By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value			
1	8.5.1: Unemployment rate for the age group 15-59 years (%)  <i>Source : PLFS, MoSPI, Gol / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2017-18	9.8
		2018-19	10.7
		2019-20	9.0
		2020-21	6.4
		2021-22	5.4
		2022-23	2.0
		2023-24	2.1
2	8.5.2: Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) (%) (15-59 years)  <i>Source : PLFS, MoSPI, Gol / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2017-18	49.9
		2018-19	53.5
		2019-20	51.3
		2020-21	50.4
		2021-22	49.7

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

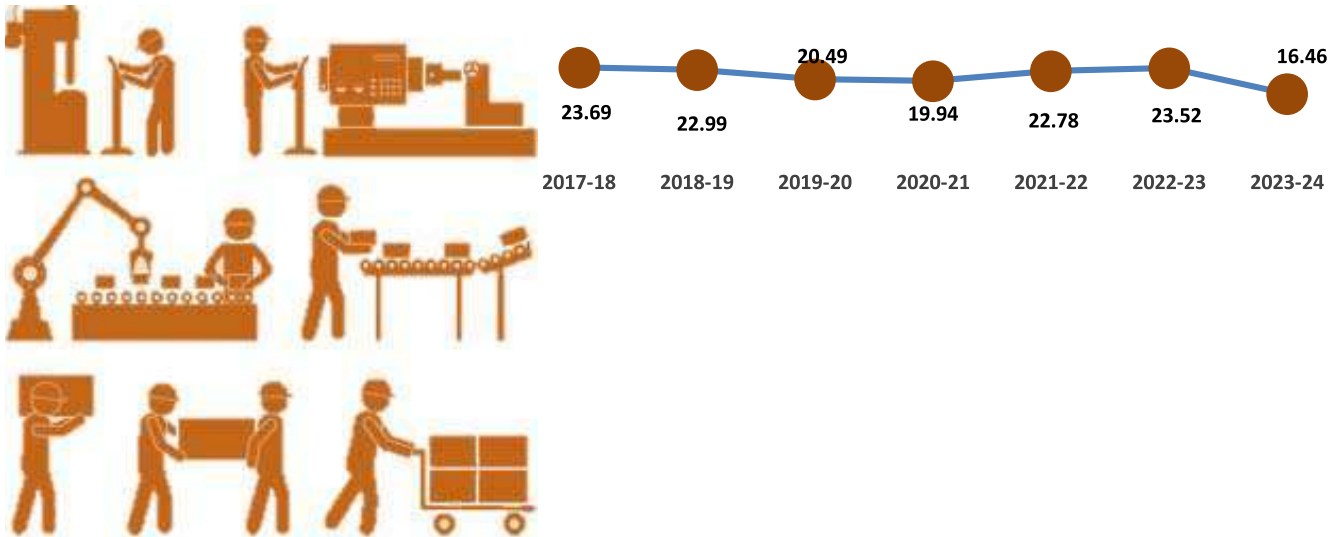
		2022-23	50.4
		2023-24	51.5
Target 8.6: By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms			
1	8.7.1 : Number of Child Labour aged 5-14 years  <i>Source : Office of the Registrar General &amp; Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: 10 Years</i>	2011	26473
2	8.7.2: Human Trafficking cases per 10,00,000 population.  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MoHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	4.17
		2021	4.44
		2022	5.02
3	8.7.3 : Number of missing children  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MoHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	7928
		2016	6921
		2021	5772
		2022	6150
Target 8.8: Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment			
1	8.8.1:Percentageof regular wage/salaried employees in non-agriculture sector without any social security benefit  <i>Source : PLFS, MoSPI, Gol / Periodicity :Annual</i>	2017-18	56.7
		2018-19	59.9
		2019-20	56.2
		2020-21	50.7
		2021-22	48.4
		2022-23	59.5
		2023-24	55.8
Target 8.9: By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 8.10 : Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all			
1	8.10.1 : Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	115
		2016-17	114.5
		2017-18	121.5
		2018-19	92.9
		2019-20	89.9
		2020-21	91.5

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

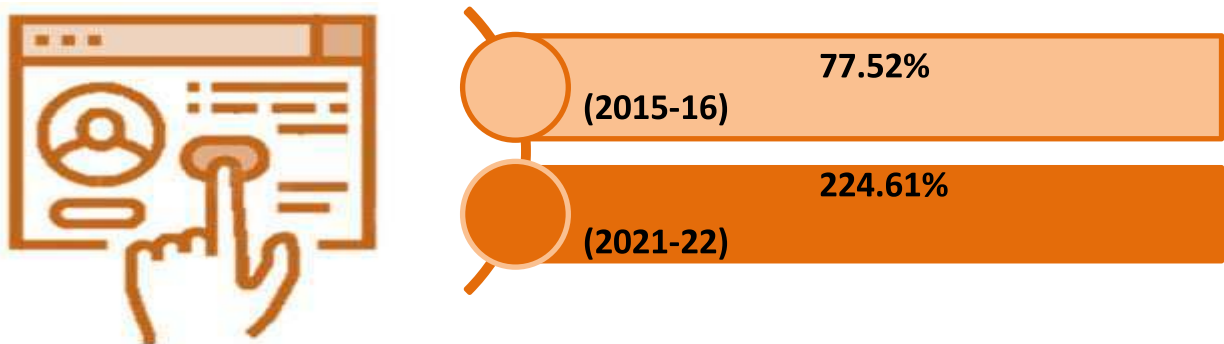
		2021-22	247.3
		2022-23	96.9
2	8.10.2 : Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report , 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	2611
		2016-17	2759
		2017-18	2769
		2018-19	4931
		2019-20	2988
		2020-21	2922
		2021-22	3132
		2022-23	6358
3	8.10.3: Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per1,00,000 population  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	48.4
		2016-17	49.4
		2017-18	45.4
		2018-19	41.1
		2019-20	42.7
		2020-21	40.2
		2021-22	38.0
		2022-23	37.2
		2023-24	35.9
Target 8.a: Increase aid for trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for trade-related technical assistance to Least Developed Countries			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 8.b: By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs pact of the International Labour Organization			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 9 (Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure)

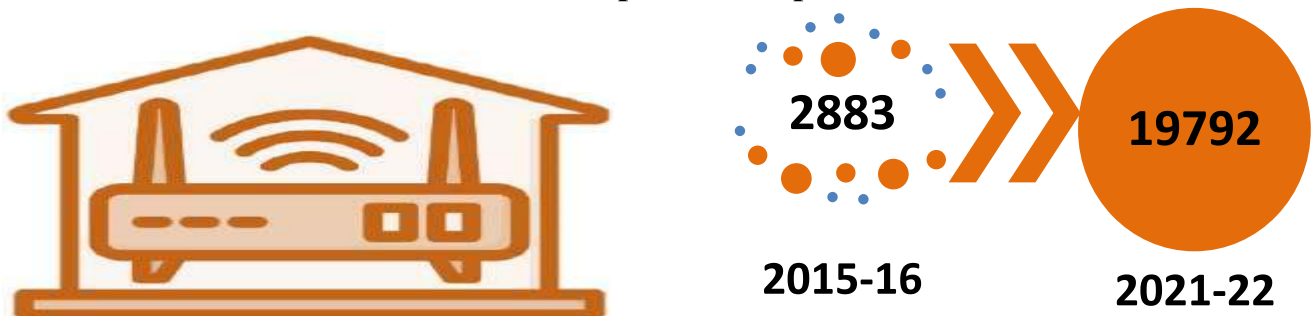
### Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment



### Number of internet subscription as percentage of total population



### Number of broadband subscribers per 10,000 persons



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

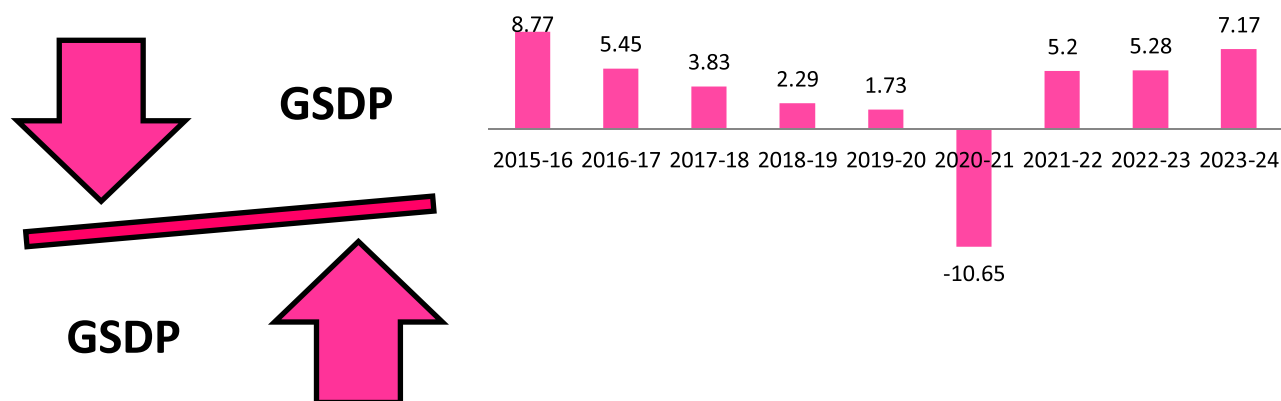
Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation					
S. No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator			
Target 9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all					
Indicator not yet evolved					
Target 9.2 : Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries					
		Year	Value		
1	9.2.1: Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total (%)  <i>Source :PLFS, MoSPI, GoI/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18	23.69		
		2018-19	22.99		
		2019-20	20.49		
		2020-21	19.94		
		2021-22	22.78		
		2022-23	23.52		
		2023-24	16.46		
2	9.2.2: Share of Manufacturing Sector in GSVA at Current Prices (%)  <i>Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	6.52		
		2016-17	5.67		
		2017-18	5.23		
		2018-19	4.97		
		2019-20	4.78		
		2020-21	5.03		
		2021-22	4.27		
		2022-23	3.97		
		2023-24	3.85		
3	9.2.3 : Manufacturing Value Added (MVA) as a proportion of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and per capita  <i>Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>		Current Price	Constant Price	Per Capita (constant Price) (Rs: Lakhs/100 person)
		2015-16	5.66	5.90	15.15
		2016-17	4.81	5.25	14.22
		2017-18	4.53	4.98	14.01
		2018-19	4.36	4.88	14.03
		2019-20	4.24	4.94	14.45
		2020-21	4.51	5.43	14.18
		2021-22	3.76	4.48	12.31
		2022-23	3.52	4.24	12.28
		2023-24	3.42	4.21	13.06

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

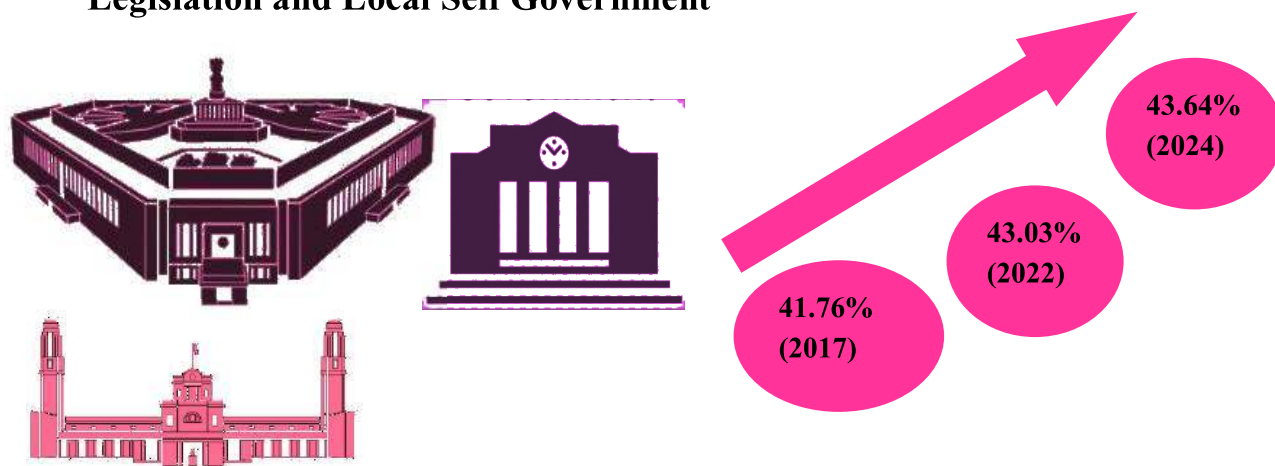
Target 9.3: Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 9.5: Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 9.a: Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing states			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 9.b: Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020			
1	9.c.1 : Number of Internet Subscription as percentage of total population  <i>Source : MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2023 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	77.52
		2019-20	188.67
		2020-21	204.47
		2021-22	224.61
2	9.c.2 : Number of Broadband Subscribers per 10,000 persons  <i>Source : MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2023 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	2883.37
		2019-20	17424.51
		2020-21	19315.17
		2021-22	19792.31

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 10 (Reduced Inequalities)

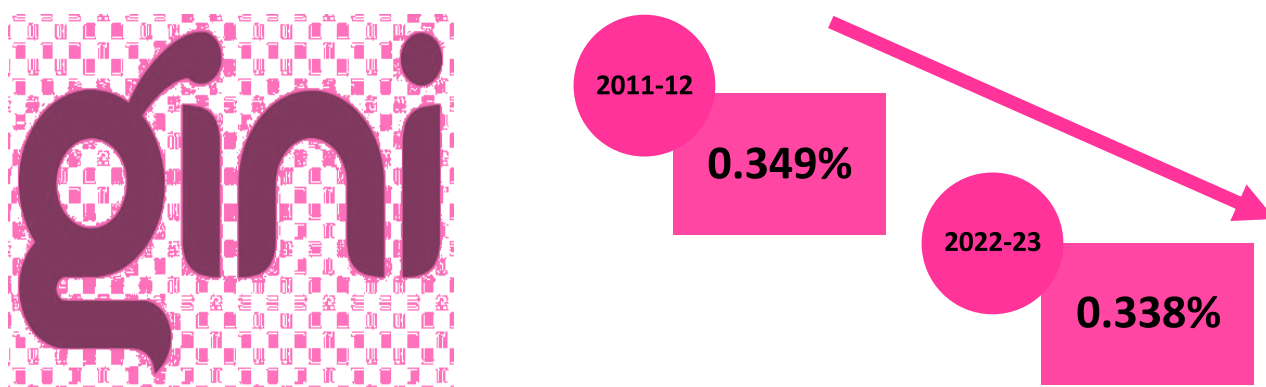
Annual Growth rate of real GSDP per capita (%)



Percentage of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government



Gini Coefficient of Household Expenditure (Urban)





## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries				
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator		
Target 10.1 : By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average				
		Year	Value	
1	10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population in Delhi (%)  <i>Source : MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>		Rural	Urban
		2011-12	22.10	4.83
2	10.1.2: Annual growth rate of real GSDP per-capita (%)  <i>Source: Advance Estimate of SDP Report, Directorate of Economics and Statistics, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	8.77	
		2016-17	5.45	
		2017-18	3.83	
		2018-19	2.29	
		2019-20	1.73	
		2020-21	(-) 10.65	
		2021-22	5.20	
		2022-23	5.28	
		2023-24	7.17	
3	10.1.3: Gini Coefficient of Household Expenditure (Urban)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2011-12	0.349	
		2022-23	0.338	
Target 10.2 : By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status				
1	10.2.1 : Percentage of seats held by women in Local Self Government  <i>Source : State Election Commission, GNCTD / Periodicity : 5 year</i>	2017		52
		2022		53
2	10.2.2 : Percentage of seats held by women in National Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government  <i>Source : O/o Chief Electoral Officer, GNCTD &amp; State Election Commission, GNCTD / Periodicity : Periodicity : 5 year</i>	2017		41.76
		2022		43.03
		June, 2024		43.64
		February, 2025		42.73

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

3	10.2.3 : Percentage of elected women over total seats in Delhi (Lok Sabha elections) <i>Source : O/o Chief Electoral Officer, GNCTD / Periodicity : 5 year</i>	2019	14.29
		2024	28.57
4	10.2.4 : Percentage of SC/ST seats in Delhi State Legislative Assemblies  <i>Source : O/o Chief Electoral Officer/ Periodicity : 5 year</i>	2015	17.14
		2020	17.14
		2025	17.14
5	10.2.5: Ratio(in percent) of female workers to male workers working as Professionals and Technical Workers  <i>Source: Year 2020-21-PLFS, MoSPI, GoI Year 2022-23-MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2020-21	28.5
		2022-23	21.3
Target 10.3 : Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard			
1	10.3.1 : Rate of total crimes against SCs (per 1,00,000 SC population)  <i>Source : National Crime Record Bureau, MHA, GoI / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	1.9
		2021	4.8
		2022	4.6
Target 10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 10.5: Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 10.6: Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

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Target 10.a: Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World trade organization agreements
Indicator not yet evolved
Target 10.b: Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to states where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
Indicator not yet evolved
Target 10.c: By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent
Indicator not yet evolved

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities)

Percentage of population with access to public transport



42.95%  
(2015-16)

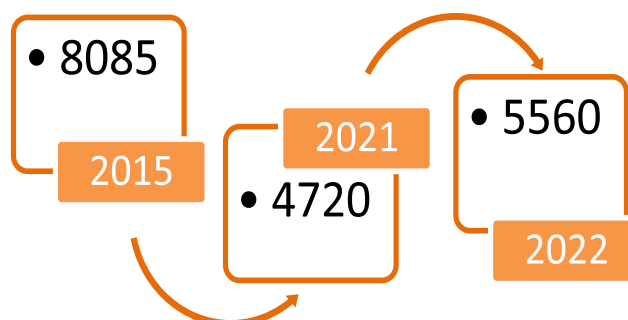


40.80%  
(2022-23)



45.83%  
(2023-24)

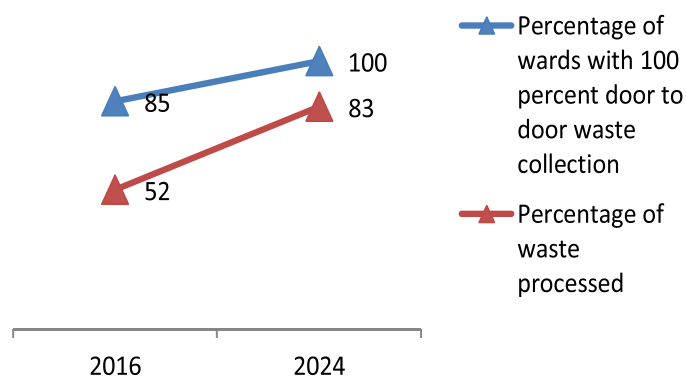
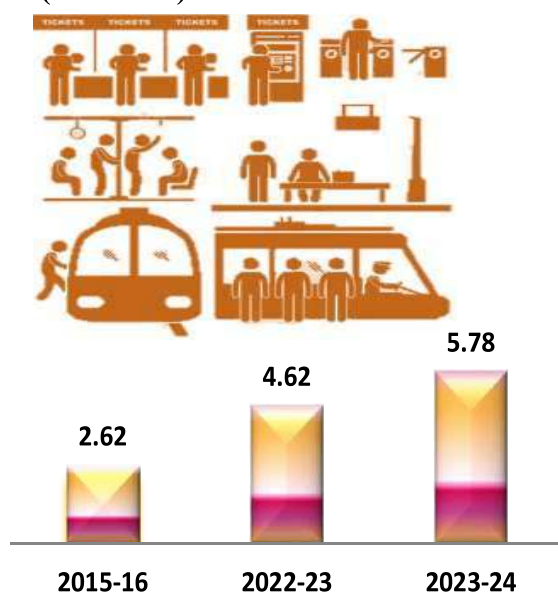
Number of road accidents



Percentage of waste processed and percentage of wards with 100% door to door waste collection



Daily average ridership in metro  
(in million)



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 11.1 : By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums			
		Year	Value
1	11.1.1 : Construction of EWS houses (No.)  <i>Source : Urban Development Department, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	24504
		2022	24524
		2023	24524
2	11.1.2: Construction of Night shelters (Capacity)  <i>Source : Urban Development Department, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	21724
		2022	17008
		2023	16964
3	11.1.3 : Percentage of urban households with drainage facility  <i>Source : NSS Rounds (State Sample), Directorate of Economics &amp; Statistics, GNCTD</i>	2012	98.96
		2018	99.9
4	11.1.4 : Percentage of urban households living in kachcha house  <i>Source : NSS Rounds (State Sample), Directorate of Economics &amp; Statistics, GNCTD</i>	2012	0.21
		2018	0
Target 11.2 : By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women and children, persons with disabilities and older persons			
1	11.2.1 : Percentage of women councilors in ULBs  <i>Source : State Election Commission, GNCTD / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017	52
		2022	53
2	11.2.2 : Percentage of population with access to public transport  <i>Source : Transport Department / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	42.95
		2022-23	40.80
		2023-24	45.83

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
		Year	Value
3	11.2.3 : Number of public vehicle per 1000 population	2015-16	530
	Source : Transport Department / Periodicity : Annual	2022-23	370
		2023-24	373
4	11.2.4 : Number of road accidents	2015	8085
	Source : National Crime Record Bureau, MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual	2021	4720
		2022	5560
5	11.2.5 : Daily average ridership in Metro (in million)	2015-16	2.62
	Source : Transport Department / Periodicity : Annual	2022-23	4.62
		2023-24	5.78
6	11.2.6 : Fleet of DTC & Cluster buses (No.)	2015-16	5842
	Source : Transport Department / Periodicity : Annual	2022-23	7230
		2023-24	7485
7	11.2.7 : Daily average ridership in DTC & Cluster buses (in million)	2015-16	4.59
	Source : Transport Department / Periodicity : Annual	2022-23	4.14
		2023-24	4.24
8	11.2.8 : People killed/injured in road accidents	2015	9880
	Source : : National Crime Record Bureau, MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual	2021	5228
		2022	6174
Target 11.3: By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries			
1	11.3.1: Proportion of Cities with Master Plan (in %)	2015-16	100
	Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual	2022	100

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
		Year	Value
Target 11.4: Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage			
1	11.4.1: Total per capita expenditure on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage <i>Source: Art, Culture &amp; language Department, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015-16	1.80
		2022-23	1.12
		2023-24	2.93
Target 11.5: By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global GDP caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 11.6 : By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management			
1	11.6.1 : Percentage of wards with 100 percent door to door waste collection  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	85
		2017	85
		2018	86
		2019	86
		2020	100
		2021	100
		2022	99
		2023	100
		2024	100
2	11.6.2 : Percentage of waste processed  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	52
		2017	52
		2018	55
		2019	55
		2020	55
		2021	55
		2022	90
		2023	92
		2024	83
3	11.6.3 : Installed sewage treatment capacity as a proportion of sewage generated in urban areas  <i>Source : Delhi Jal Board/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	0.74
		2022	0.88
		2024	0.86
4	11.6.4: The number of good air days when the Particulate matter level is below country standards for PM 10  <i>Source : Delhi pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	30
		2021	77
		2022	66
		2023	56
5	11.6.5: Conversion of DTC & Cluster CNG Buses in to E-Buses  <i>Source: Transport Department, GNCTD</i>	2023-24	1650

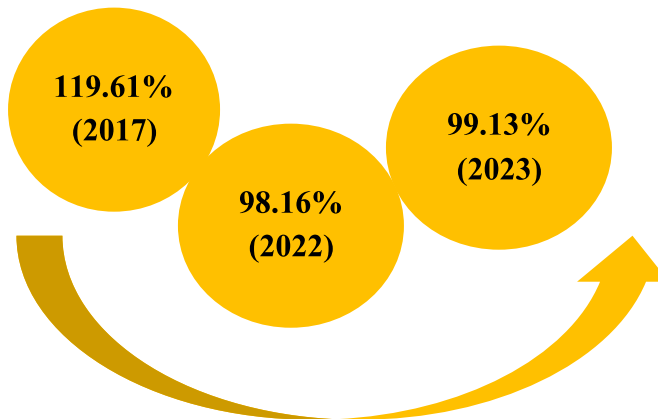
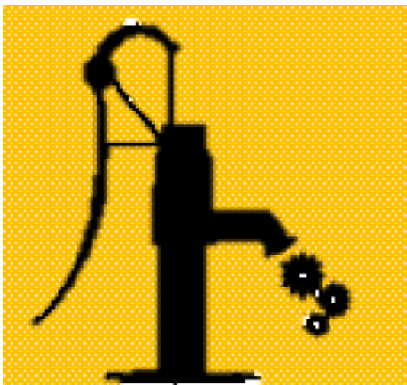
## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
		Year	Value
Target 11.7: By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities			
Indicator not yet evolved			
11.a : Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning			
1	11.a.1: Proportion of Cities with Master Plan (in %)  Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual	2015	100
		2022	100
Target 11.b: By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 11.c: Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials			
Indicator not yet evolved			

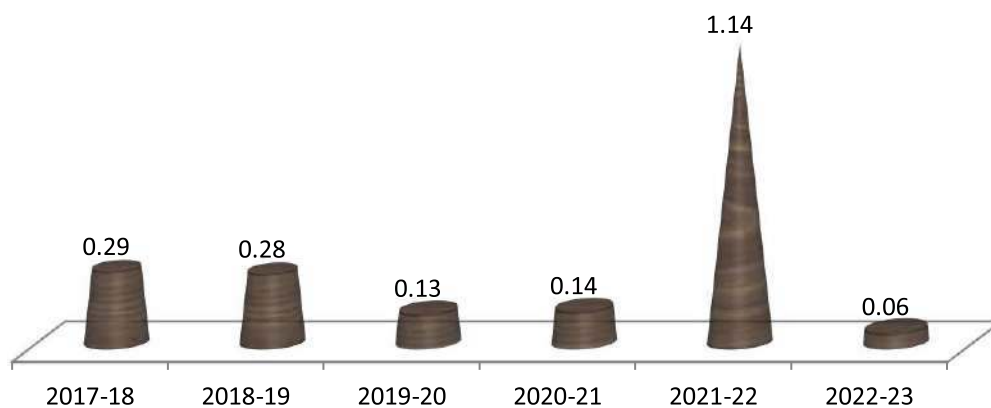
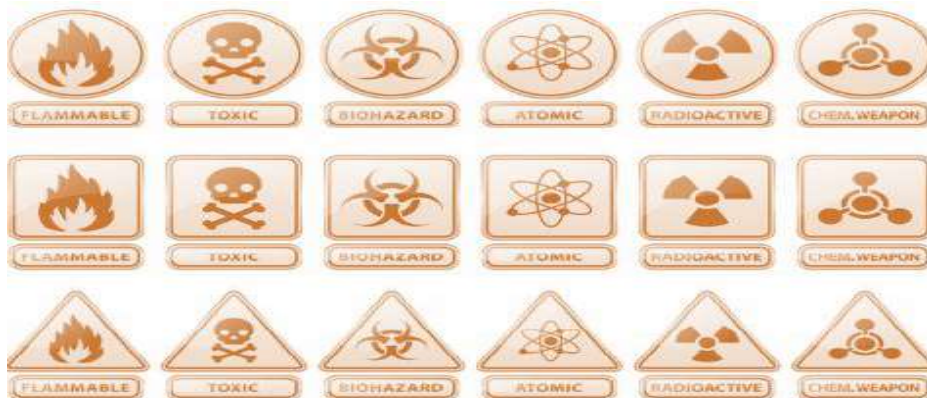


## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production)

### Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability



### Hazardous waste generated per capita (in MT/person)



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

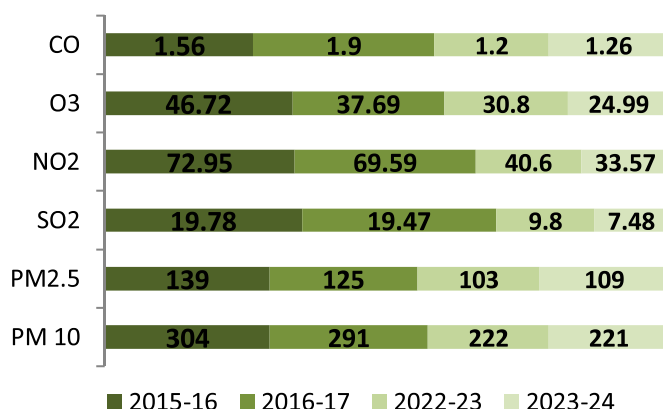
Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns				
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator		
Target 12.1: Implement the 10-Year Framework of programmes on Sustainable Consumption and production patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries				
Indicator not yet evolved				
Target 12.2 : By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources				
		Year	Value	
1	12.2.1: Percentage of ground water withdrawal against availability  <i>Source: Dynamic Ground Water Resources of India, Ministry of Jal Shakti, GoI</i>	2017	119.61	
		2022	98.16	
		2023	99.13	
Target 12.3: By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses.				
1	12.3.1: Post harvest storage and distribution losses of Central /States Pool stocks of wheat and rice (%)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>		Storage Loss	Transit Loss
		2015-16	0.09	0.17
		2016-17	0.001	0.14
		2017-18	0.01	0.10
		2018-19	0.11	0.05
		2019-20	0.12	0.03
		2020-21	0.15	0.04
		2021-22	0.06	0.03
		2022-23	0.07	0.02
2023-24	-0.03	0.02		
Target 12.4 : By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all waste throughout their life cycle , in accordance with agreed international framework, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and environment				
1	12.4.1: Percentage use of nitrogenous fertilizer to total fertilizer (Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Potassium)  <i>Source: Agriculture Unit, Development Department, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	60	
		2021-22	86	
		2023-24	58	
2	12.4.2: Hazardous waste generated per capita (in MT/Person)  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2017-18	0.29	
		2018-19	0.28	
		2019-20	0.13	
		2020-21	0.14	
		2021-22	1.14	
		2022-23	0.06	

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

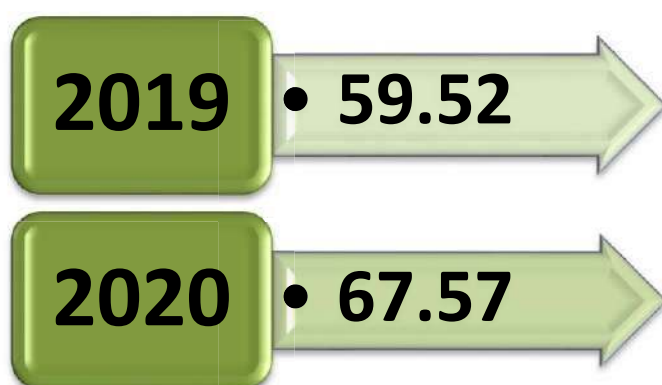
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 12.5: By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse			
1	12.5.1: Number of waste recycling plants installed  Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual	2021	97
		2023	07
		2024	10
Target 12.6: Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 12.7: promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 12.8: By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 12.a: Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production			
1	12.a.1: Installed renewable energy generating capacity (in watts per capita)  Source: Power Department, GNCTD Periodicity: Annual	2015-16	1.84
		2018-19	9.78
		2022-23	17.5
Target 12.b: Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 12.c: Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 13 (Climate Action)

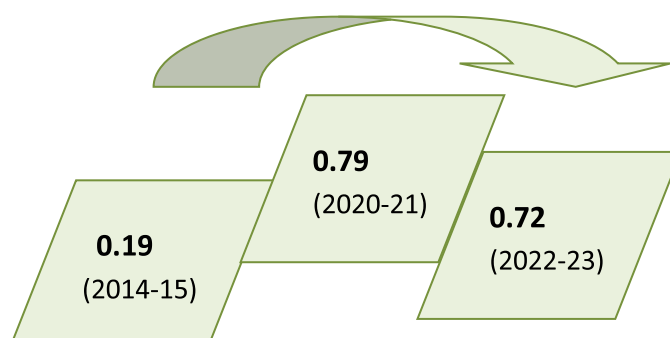
Annual level standard of PM10, PM2.5, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>&CO



CO<sub>2</sub> saved from LED bulbs per 1000 population (in tonnes)



Installed capacity of solar power as proportion of installed grid interactive renewable power (MW)



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 13.1 : Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and natural disasters in all countries			
		Year	Value
1	13.1.1: Percentage Recharge in ground water through rain water harvesting  <i>Source: Dynamic Ground Water Resource of India, M/o Jal Shakti</i>	2017	48.50
		2022	36.1
		2023	31.46
2	13.1.2: Annual PM10 (ug/m3)level Standard: 60 ug/m3  <i>Source: Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	304
		2016-17	291
		2022-23	222
		2023-24	221
3	13.1.3: Annual PM2.5 (ug/m3) level Standard: 40 ug/m3  <i>Source: Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	139
		2016-17	125
		2022-23	103
		2023-24	109
4	13.1.4: Annual SO <sub>2</sub> (ug/m3) level Standard: 50 ug/m3  <i>Source: Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	19.78
		2016-17	19.47
		2022-23	9.8
		2023-24	7.48
5	13.1.5: Annual NO <sub>2</sub> (ug/m3)level Standard: 40 ug/m3  <i>Source: Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	72.95
		2016-17	69.59
		2022-23	40.6
		2023-24	33.57

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

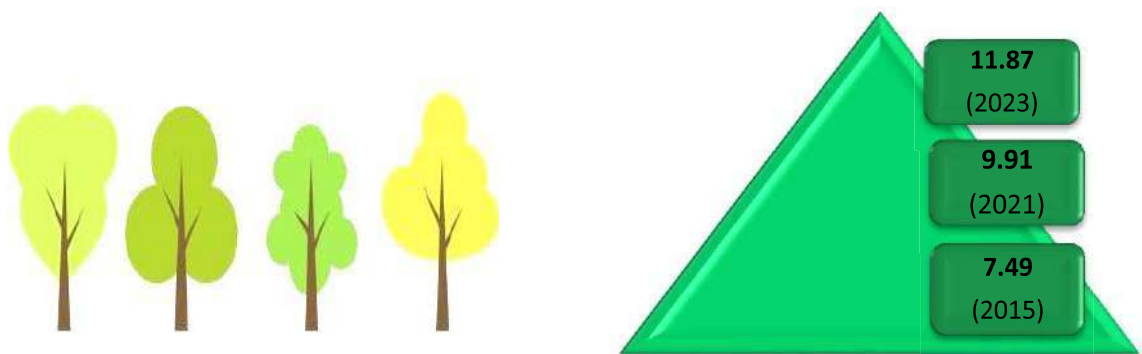
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
		Year	Value
6	13.1.6: Annual O <sub>3</sub> (ug/m3) level Standard: 100 ug/m3  <i>Source: Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	46.72
		2016-17	37.69
		2022-23	30.80
		2023-24	24.99
7	13.1.7: Annual CO (ug/m3) level Standard: 2 ug/m3  <i>Source: Delhi Pollution Control Committee, Department of Environment, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	1.56
		2016-17	1.90
		2022-23	1.20
		2023-24	1.26
Target 13.2: Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning			
1	13.2.1: Renewable share of installed generating capacity  <i>Source: SDG India Index , NITI Aayog, Gol</i>	2019	12.89
		2020	12.56
		2023	15.34
2	13.2.2: CO2 saved from LED bulbs per 1000 population (in tonnes)  <i>Source: SDG India Index , NITI Aayog, Gol</i>	2019	59.52
		2020	67.57
3	13.2.3: Installed capacity of solar power as proportion of installed grid interactive renewable power (MW)  <i>Source: Energy Statistics, MoSPI, Gol</i>	2014-15	0.19
		2020-21	0.79
		2022-23	0.72
Target 13.3: Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 13.a: Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible			
The target is not relevant in the national context			
Target 13.b: promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities			
The target is not relevant in the national context			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 15 (Life on Land)

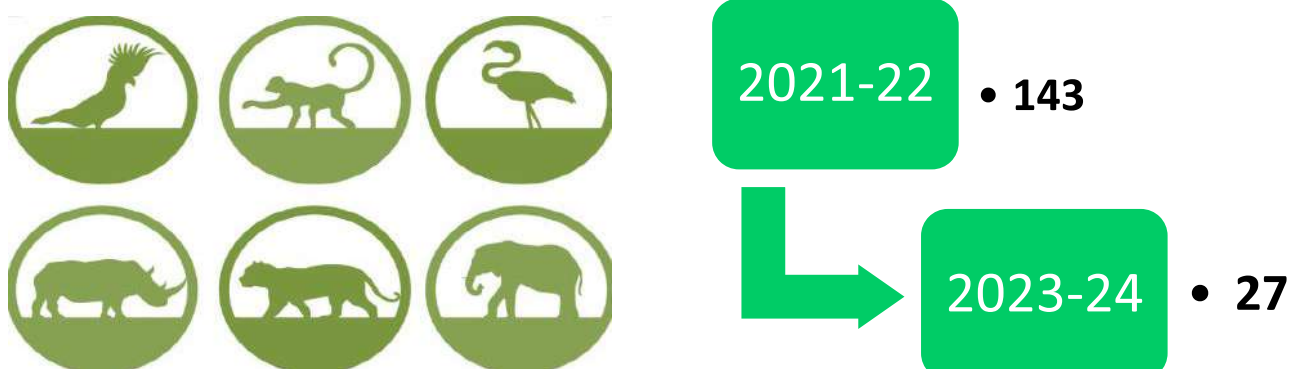
### Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area



### Tree cover as a proportion of geographical area



### Number of wildlife crime cases detected and reported annually





## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and dry lands, in line with obligations under international agreement			
		Year	Value
1	15.1.1: Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area  Source: India State of Forest Report, Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, GoI/ Periodicity:2 Years	2015	12.73
		2021	13.15
		2023	13.17
Target 15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally			
1	15.2.1: Tree cover as a proportion of geographical area  Source: India State of Forest Report, Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, GoI/ Periodicity: 2 Years	2015	7.49
		2021	9.91
		2023	11.87
Target 15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation neutral world.			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.4: By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.5: Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.6: promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed			
Indicator not yet evolved			

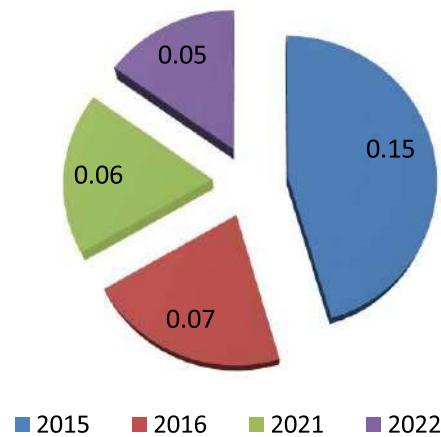


## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

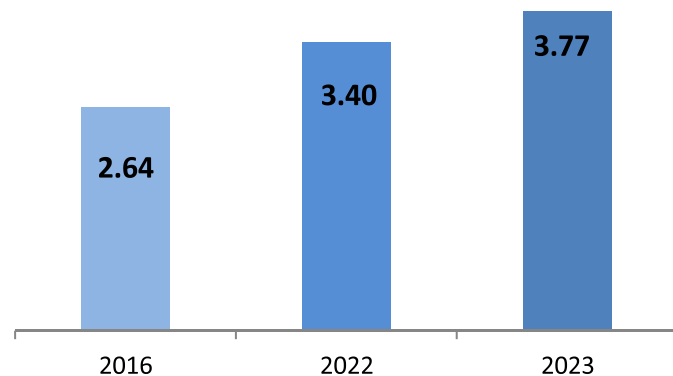
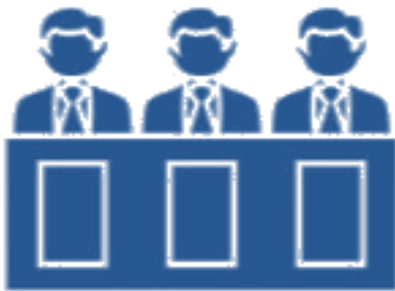
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
		Year	Value
Target 15.7 : Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products			
1	15.7.1: Number of wildlife crime cases detected and reported annually  <i>Source: Forest Department, GNCTD</i>	2021-22	143
		2023-24	27
2	15.7.2: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972  <i>Source: Forest Department, GNCTD</i>	2021-22	21
		2023-24	27
Target 15.8: By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.9: By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.a: Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.b: Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 15.c: Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 16 (Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions)

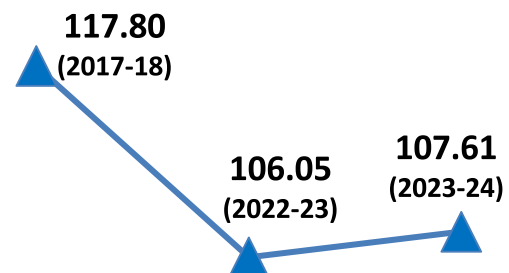
Cases Reported under Prevention of Corruption Act & related section of IPC  
per 100,000 population



Number of judges (all levels) per lakh population



Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 16.1 - Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere			
		Year	Value
1	16.1.1: Reported murders per 1 lakh population  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	2.5
		2021	2.2
		2022	2.4
2	16.1.2: Percentage share of IPC crimes  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	96.58
		2021	95.27
		2022	93.8
3	16.1.3: Persons injured in road accidents  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	8258
		2021	3989
		2022	4713
4	16.1.4: Number of cases of cybercrime reported  <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	98
		2020	168
		2021	356
		2022	685
5	16.1.5: Per 1,00,000 Population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months  <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report, 2024 / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	137.01
		2016	117.27
		2017	118.19
		2018	137.99
		2019	128.10
		2020	94.54
		2021	125.87

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children			
		Year	Value
1	16.2.1: Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	0.1
		2021	0.3
		2022	0.4
2	16.2.2: Number of Missing Children <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	6921
		2021	5772
		2022	6150
3	16.2.3: Proportion of Crime Committed against Children ( per 1,00,000 children) <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	146.0
		2021	128.5
		2022	134.9
Target 16.3 : Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all of children			
1	16.3.1: Number of judges (all levels) per lakh population <i>Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	2.64
		2017	2.55
		2018	2.81
		2019	2.72
		2020	3.38
		2021	3.39
		2022	3.40
		2023	3.77
2	16.3.2: Un sentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population (in %) <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2015	76.7
		2016	77.8
		2021	91.1
		2022	90.6
Target 16.4 : By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime			
1	16.4.1: Number of cases under the Arms Act <i>Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual</i>	2016	688
		2021	2923
		2022	3693

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

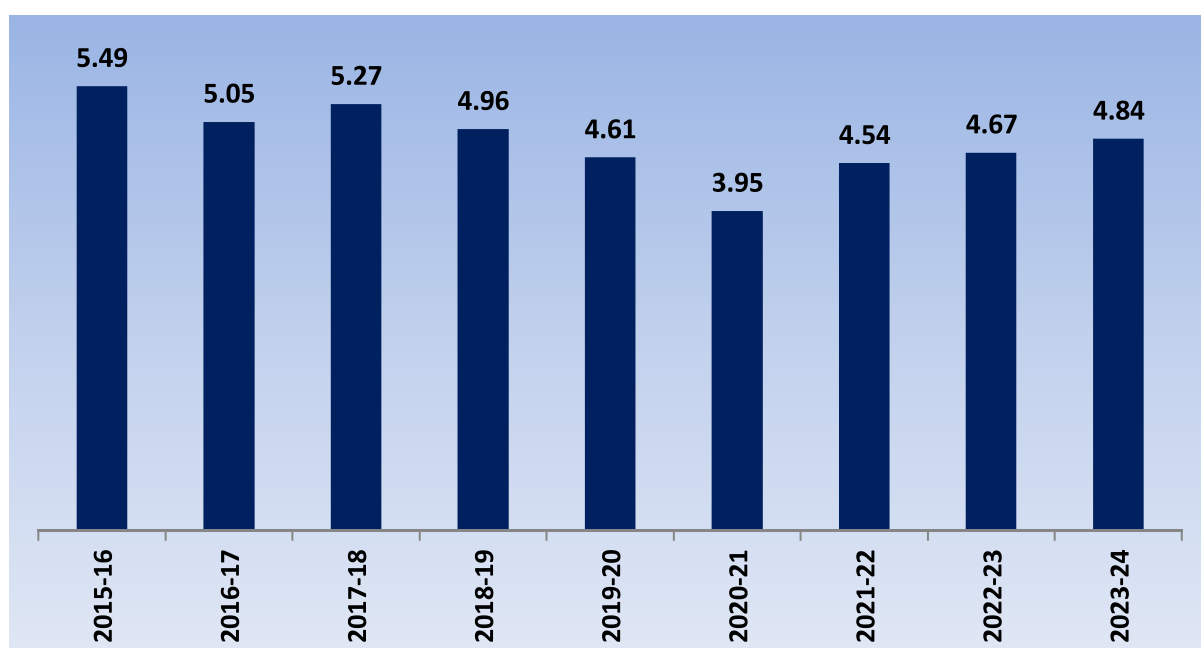
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator			
		Year	Value		
2	16.4.2: Value of property stolen and recovered (Rs. : in crore) and percentage Recovery  Source: National Crime Record Bureau (NCRB), MHA, Gol / Periodicity : Annual		Property Stolen	Property Recovered	% Recovery
		2016	3278.8	157.0	4.8
		2021	722.4	80.4	11.1
		2022	624.1	106.3	17.0
Target 16.5:Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms					
1	16.5.1: Cases Reported under Prevention of Corruption Act & related section of IPC per 100,000 population  Source: MoSPI Publication: Sustainable Development Goals, National Indicator Framework, Progress Report ,2024/ Periodicity : Annual	2015	0.15		
		2016	0.07		
		2017	0.04		
		2018	0.03		
		2019	0.09		
		2020	0.06		
		2021	0.06		
		2022	0.05		
Target 16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels					
Indicator not yet evolved					
Target 16.7: Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision making at all levels					
1	16.7.1: Voter turnout (%) (Delhi State Legislative Assembly Election)  Source: O/o Chief Electoral Officer, Gol/ Periodicity : 5 Year	2015	67.47		
		2020	62.46		
		2025	60.76		
Target 16.8: Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance					
Indicator not yet evolved					
Target 16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration					
1	16.9.1: Number of births registered  Source: Annual Report of Birth & Death, DES, GNCTD/ Periodicity : Annual	2015	374012		
		2016	379161		
		2017	367046		
		2018	362803		

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

		2019	365868
		2020	301645
		2021	271786
		2022	300350
		2023	315087
2	16.9.2: Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar  <i>Source: Unique Identification Authority of India(UIDAI)</i>	2017-18	117.80
		2022-23	106.05
		2023-24	107.61
Target 16.10: Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 16.a: Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime			
Indicator not yet evolved			
Target 16.b: promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development			
Indicator not yet evolved			

## SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 17 (Partnership for the Goals)

Total Government Revenue (tax revenue) as a proportion of GSDP (%)



## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global partnership for Sustainable Development			
S.No.	State Indicator	Value of the Indicator	
Target 17.1 - Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection			
		Year	Value
1	17.1.1: Total government revenue (Tax Revenue) as a proportion of GSDP (%)  <i>Source: Finance Department, GNCTD</i>	2015-16	5.49
		2016-17	5.05
		2017-18	5.27
		2018-19	4.96
		2019-20	4.61
		2020-21	3.95
		2021-22	4.54
		2022-23	4.67
		2023-24	4.84
Target 17.2 to Target 17.19			
Indicator not yet evolved			





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