



GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI

**Level and Pattern
of
Household Consumer Expenditure
in Delhi**

**Based on N.S.S. 66th Round
July 2009-June 2010**

(State Sample)

**DIRECTORATE OF ECONOMICS & STATISTICS
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PREFACE

The Present Report on “Level and Pattern of Household Consumer Expenditure in Delhi” is brought out by this Directorate on the basis of sample survey conducted under the NSS 66th Round (July 2009 – June 2010).

This report contains valuable data on consumption levels and pattern of households in Delhi. The report also provides information on the main demographic features like literacy, social-group, marital status, occupational distribution, and other aspects of living conditions like, source of energy for cooking/lighting, dwelling ownership type, and off-take from PDS. The data available from the report will be useful for policy makers in both government departments and other public and private institutions.

This report was prepared by Sh Ajay Singh and Sh. Deepak Kumar, Statistical Officers of Data Processing Unit under the able guidance of Sh. N.T. Krishna, Deputy Director and Shri Sabir Ali, Assistant Director. The extraordinary efforts put in by Smt. Varsha Kumar, Dr. Prateek Kumar and Sh K. Prasanth Kumar, Statistical Assistants, in the data analysis and report making stages deserves special mention. The fieldwork was conducted by socio-economic unit under the guidance of Sh. Bhup Singh, Assistant Director and he was assisted by S/Sh. V.K Vaid and Sh K.R. Chibbar , Statistical Officers. The role played by this unit in collection of data from the field against all odds is appreciated. The data processing was done by the EDP unit under the close guidance of Sh. Praveen Shrivastava, Programmer.

The technical assistance provided by National Sample Survey Office, Government of India and the co-operation extended by the households is acknowledged.

DELHI
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LEVEL AND PATTERN OF HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE IN DELHI

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following are the main highlights of the survey conducted during NSS 66th round between July 2009 and June 2010.

DEMOGRAPHIC FEATURES

- ❖ Estimated number of households in Delhi was about 36.64 lakh, and out of which 1.12 lakh were in rural and 35.52 lakh in urban areas.
- ❖ Average household size in Delhi worked out to 4.46 persons per household.
- ❖ About 4.66% of the total population in Delhi was in MPCE (Rs.) class of 501-1000, 20.07% in 1001-1500 class, 21.41% in the 1501-2000 class and 19.36% in the 2001-3000 class.
- ❖ Of the total households, 20.49% belong to 'Scheduled Caste', 11.73% Other backward classes and 67.78% to 'Other Social Groups'.
- ❖ 6.94% of the total families in Delhi were having female as head of the household.
- ❖ Among females, 50.07% were currently married, 5.79% widowed and 0.18% divorced/separated.
- ❖ 90.12% of the population was literate with different levels of educational attainment.
- ❖ Out of total literates, 15.54% attained primary level education, 14.39% secondary level, 13.38% higher secondary level, 20.61% diploma/ graduate and above level education.
- ❖ 94.97% of males and 84.54% of females in Delhi were literate.
- ❖ Occupational distribution of the households revealed that, 40.04% were self-employed, 48.67% regular wage/salaried, 3.42% casual labour, 0.27% other labour, only 0.12% agriculture labour and 7.49 % engaged in other vocations.

FEATURES ON LIVING CONDITIONS

- ❖ 64.36% of dwellings were estimated to be owned, 30.79% rented and 4.86% as other category.

- ❖ 15.31% households were with internet access at home while 84.69% households were without internet access at home.
- ❖ 90.23% households were using LPG, 4.81% kerosene and 1.62% firewood as the primary source of cooking in Delhi.
- ❖ 99.62% of the total households were dependent on Electricity for their lighting needs.

CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

- ❖ Average monthly per capita expenditure of Delhi worked out to Rs.2811.05.
- ❖ The monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) was Rs.1761.03 for rural and Rs. 2904.87 for urban Delhi.
- ❖ Trend of shifting of population to the higher MPCE range have been noticed over a period from 62nd to 66th NSS rounds
- ❖ Rs. 1014.48 (36.09%) was spent on food items and Rs.1796.57 (63.91%) on non-food items.
- ❖ Average monthly consumer expenditure per family was estimated as Rs.12055.40.
- ❖ Major heads of expenditure: Miscellaneous consumer services accounted for 19.27%, Milk and Milk products 9.87%, Conveyance 8.65% cereals 5.66%, rent 6.72%, clothing 5.62%, fuels & lighting 8.03%, education 9.41%, beverages 7.07% of the MPCE.
- ❖ Per Capita monthly consumption of Cereals in rural and urban Delhi was 8.64 Kgs and 8.23 Kgs respectively.
- ❖ Out of the total purchases 86.33% of rice, 89.00% of wheat/atta and 55.09% of the kerosene was purchased from open market.



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SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

SECTION ONE

INTRODUCTION

Survey on household consumer expenditure provides a time series of household consumer data, which is the prime source of statistical indicators of level of living, social consumption and well being, and the inequalities thereof. It also brings to light inter-state and rural-urban variation in consumption of cereals, which is the most important constituent of Indian diet. This survey has multiple features to satisfy the thirst of various data user agencies despite the complexities involved in the collection of data. That is the reason why this survey has come to stay as a regular component of NSS rounds.

This survey is now conducted in two different ways, namely every five years with a much larger sample and annually with a relatively thin sample size. Household consumer expenditure survey conducted during NSS 66th round (July 2009 – June 2010) was a quinquennial survey by integrating it with survey on Employment and Unemployment. By the end of NSS 66th round 8 quinquennial surveys on this subject were conducted by NSSO namely 27th (1972-73), 32nd (1977-78), 38th (1983), 43rd (1987-88), 50th (1993-94), 55th (1999-2000), 61st (2004-05) and this survey. The annual series started from the NSS 42nd round (1986-87). The NSS 64th round was the nineteenth in the series.

OBJECTIVE SCOPE & COVERAGE

The main objective of the survey was to ascertain the level and pattern of household consumer expenditure and also provide necessary data to the researchers for conducting further studies on poverty line, nutritional status, sufficiency of food etc. The household consumer expenditure refers to the expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period. It is the total monetary value of consumption of various groups of items i.e. food, fuel, light, clothing, footwear, miscellaneous goods & services and durable articles. The reference period used during the survey for collection of data on consumer expenditure varied for different items and different sets of schedule (i.e. type-1 and type-2). The information gathered covers the sum of monetary value of all the items (i.e. goods & services) consumed by the household on domestic account during the reference period. The expenditure incurred towards the productive enterprises of the household is excluded from household consumer expenditure. Besides the consumer expenditure, information on population features and status of living conditions was also collected.

PLANNING OF FIELDWORK

During the 66th NSS round, data was collected by the field staff of the Directorate under the supervision of field officers. The data was collected through pre-designed schedules on door-to-door basis by adopting the personal interview technique. To elicit co-operation from informants, wide publicity was given about the purpose of survey.

SCHEME OF THE REPORT

The report is presented in five sections including the present introductory section. Section two and three dealt with 'sample design & estimation procedure' and 'conceptual framework' respectively. Section four exhaustively dealt with the demographic characteristics, and level and pattern of household consumer expenditure in Delhi. Detailed statistical tables are given in section five. Appendix A is a copy of the schedule of inquiry through which the data were collected.

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SECTION TWO

SAMPLE DESIGN & ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

SECTION TWO

SAMPLE DESIGN & ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The period of survey of NSS 66th round was of one year's duration starting on 1st July, 2009 and ending on 30th June, 2010. The survey period of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months' duration each as follows:

- Sub-Round 1 : July - September 2009
- Sub-Round 2 : October - December 2009
- Sub-Round 3 : January - March 2010
- Sub-Round 4 : April - June 2010

An equal number of sample villages/blocks (FSUs) was allotted for survey to each of these four sub-rounds with a view to ensuring uniform spread of sample FSUs over the entire survey period. Each FSU was surveyed during the sub-round to which it was allotted. A total of 16 rural and 23 urban samples were surveyed during the round as against 8 rural and 120 urban samples under the central sample.

Sector		Sub-Round-I	Sub-Round-II	Sub-Round-III	Sub-Round-IV	Total
Rural	Allotted	4	4	4	4	16
	Surveyed*	4	4	4	4	16
Urban	Allotted	60	60	60	60	240
	Surveyed*	60	60	56 **	60	236

* including 'zero case' but excluding 'causality cases'

** 4 causality cases

SCHEDULES OF ENQUIRY

This round was devoted to multiple subjects. During this round, the following schedules of enquiry were canvassed:

- Schedule 0.0 : List of households
- Schedule 1.0 : Consumer Expenditure
- Schedule 10 : Employment and Unemployment

SAMPLE DESIGN

Outline of sample design:

A stratified multi-stage design was adopted for the 66th round survey. The first-stage units (FSU) were the 2001 Census villages in the rural sector and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. The ultimate stage units, in both sectors, were households. In the case of large villages/ blocks requiring formation of hamlet-groups (hg)/ sub-blocks (sb), the selection of two hg's/ sb's from each FSU formed an intermediate stage of sampling.

Stratification:

Two basic strata were formed at the State/ UT level, viz., (i) rural stratum comprising all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising all urban areas of the district. However, if there were one or more towns with population 10 lakhs or more as per population census 2001 in a district, each of these also formed a separate basic stratum and the remaining urban areas of the district was considered as another basic stratum.

Sub-stratification:

There was no sub-stratification in the urban sector. However two net adequate number of child workers, for all rural strata, each stratum was divided into 2 sub-strata as follows:

sub-stratum 1: all villages with population of child workers (p) $>2P$ (where P is the average proportion of child workers for the state/UT as per Census 2001.

sub-stratum 2: remaining villages.

Allocation to strata/sub-strata:

With in each sector of a state/UT, the respective sample size had been allotted to the different strata/sub-strata in proportion to the population as per census 2001. Allocations at stratum/sub-stratum level are adjusted to multiples of 4 with a minimum sample size of 4.

Selection of FSUs:

From each stratum/sub-stratum of a district of rural sector, four FSUs have been selected with Probability to Size With Replacement (PPSWR), size being the population as per census 2001. For urban sector, from each stratum four FSUs have been selected by using Simple Random Sampling Without Replacement (SRSWOR) for UFS towns and by PPSWR in case of non-UFS towns with size being the population as per Census 2001. Within each stratum/sub-stratum samples have been drawn in the form of two independent sub-sample in both the rural and urban sectors and equal number of samples were allocated among the four sub- rounds.

Criterion for hamlet-group/sub-block formation:

Large villages/blocks were divided into a suitable number of 'hamlet-groups' in the rural sector and 'sub-block' in the urban sector. In case population of the selected FSU was found having population 1200 or more, it was divided into a suitable number of 'hamlet-groups' in the rural sector and 'sub-blocks' in the urban sector as stated below:-

Approximate present population of the sample FSU	no. of hgs/ sbs to be formed
less than 1200 (no hamlet groups/ sub-blocks)	1
1200 - 1799	3
1800 - 2399	4
2400 – 2999	5
3000-3599	6
and so on	...

Each hamlet –group/ sub-block was formed by grouping contagious areas so that the hg's/sb's had more or less equal population content. To form the sampling frame for selection of households, 2 hg's/sb's were selected by simple random sampling (SRS) from those formed in a large village/block. Listing and selection of the households was done independently in the two selected hg's/sb's. The FSU's with out hg/sb formation were treated as sample hg/sb 1.

FORMATION OF SECOND STAGE STRATA AND ALLOCATION OF HOUSEHOLDS

Households listed in the selected village/block/ hamlet-groups/sub-blocks were stratified into three second-stage strata (SSS) as given below. In the urban sector, A and B were values of MPCE (in Rs.) chosen such that, according to data collected in the 61st round of NSS, the top 10% of households in the region had MPCE more than B (Rs.2881)and the bottom 30% had MPCE less than A (Rs.794)

SSS	Composition of SSS	No. of hhs Surveyed	
		Without hg/sb formation	With hg/sb formation (for each hg/sb)
RURAL			
SSS 1	Relatively affluent households	2	1
SSS 2	Of the remaining, households having principal earning from non-agricultural activity	4	2
SSS 3	Other households	2	1
URBAN			
SSS 1	Households having MPCE of top 10% of urban population (MPCE > B)	2	1
SSS 2	Households having MPCE of middle 60% of urban population (A ≤ MPCE ≤ B)	4	2
SSS 3	Households having MPCE of bottom 30% of urban population (MPCE < A)	2	1

SELECTION OF HOUSEHOLDS

From each SSS the sample households were selected by SRSWOR.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

Notations:

s = subscript for s-th stratum

t = subscript for t-th sub-stratum (only for rural sector)

m = subscript for sub-sample (m =1, 2)

i = subscript for i-th FSU [village (panchayat ward) / block/non-UFS town]

d = subscript for a hamlet-group/sub-block (d = 1, 2)

j = subscript for j-th second stage stratum in an FSU/ hg/sb (j = 1,2 or 3)

k =subscript for k-th sample household under a particular second stage stratum within an FSU/hg/sb

D = total number of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks formed in the sample FSU

D* = 0 if D = 1

=(D-1) for FSUs with D > 1

N = total number of FSUs in any urban stratum

Z = total size of a rural stratum/sub-stratum (= sum of sizes for all the FSUs of a stratum/sub-stratum)

z = size of sample village used for selection.

n = number of sample FSUs surveyed including zero cases but excluding casualty for a particular sub-sample and stratum/sub-stratum.

H = total number of households listed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU/hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU

h = number of households surveyed in a second-stage stratum of an FSU/hamlet-group or sub-block of sample FSU.

x, y = observed value of characteristics x, y under estimation

\hat{X} , \hat{Y} = estimate of population total X, Y for the characteristics x, y

In terms of the above symbols, $Y_{stmidjk}$ = observed value of the characteristic y for the kth household in the jth second-stage stratum of the d-th segment (d = 1, 2) of the i-th FSU belonging to the m-th sub-sample for the t-th sub-stratum of s-th stratum. However, for ease of understanding, a few symbols have been suppressed in the following paragraphs where they are obvious.

Formulae for Estimation of Aggregates based on Schedule 1.0 for a particular sub-sample and stratum (for urban)/sub-stratum (for rural):

Rural:

i) For j-th second stage stratum of a sub-stratum:

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \times \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

ii) For all second-stage strata combined:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

iii) Estimate for a stratum (\hat{Y}_s) will be obtained by adding sub-stratum level estimates (\hat{Y}_{st})

Urban:

i) For j-th second stage stratum of a stratum:

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \left[\frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + D_i^* \times \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

ii) For all second- stage strata combined:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

Overall Estimate for Aggregates:

Overall estimate for aggregate for a stratum (\hat{Y}_s) based on two sub-sample is obtained as:

$$\hat{Y}_s = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1}^2 \hat{Y}_{sm}$$

Overall Estimate of Aggregates at State/UT level:

The overall estimate \hat{Y} at the State/ UT level is obtained by summing the stratum estimates (\hat{Y}_s) over all strata belonging to the State/ UT.

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SECTION THREE

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

SECTION THREE

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

The concepts and definitions adopted during the NSS 66th round are explained in this section.

HOUSE: Every structure, tent, shelter, etc., is a house irrespective of its use. It may be used for residential or non-residential purpose or both or even may be vacant.

HOUSEHOLD: A group of persons normally living together and taking food from common kitchen constitute a household. The word 'normally' means that the temporary visitors are excluded but temporary stay-aways are included. Thus a son or daughter residing in hostel for studies is excluded from household of his/her parents, but a resident employee or resident servant or paying guest (but just not a tenant in the house) is included in the employers/host's household. 'Living together' is usually given more importance than 'sharing food from a common kitchen' in drawing the boundaries of a household. In case the two criteria are in conflict; however in special case of person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members is taken to include the person also. Each inmate of mess, hotel, boarding house, etc. is considered as single member household but a family living in a hotel is considered to be one household only; the same applies to residential staff of such establishments.

HOUSEHOLD SIZE: The number of normally resident members of a household is its size. It will include temporary stayaways but exclude temporary visitors and guests.

DWELLING UNIT: It is the accommodation availed of by a household for its residential purpose. It may be an entire structure or a part thereof or consisting of more than one structure. There may be cases of more than one household occupying a single structure such as those living in independent flats or sharing a single housing unit, in each case, there will be as many dwelling units as the number of households sharing the structure. There may also be cases of one household occupying more than one structure (i.e. detached structures for sitting sleeping, cooking, bathing etc) for its housing accommodation. In this case, all the structure together constitutes a single dwelling unit. In general, a dwelling unit consists of living room, kitchen, store, bath, latrine, garage, open and closed veranda etc. A structure or a portion thereof used exclusively for non-residential purposes or let out to other households does not form part of the dwelling unit of the household under consideration. However, a portion of a structure used for both residential and non-residential purposes is treated as part of the dwelling unit except when the use of such portion for residential purpose is very nominal. The dwelling unit covers all pucca, semi-pucca and katcha structures used by a household. Households living more or less regularly under bridges, in pipes, under staircase, in purely temporary flimsy improvisations built by the road side (Which are liable to be removed at any moment) etc., are considered to have no dwelling.

ADULT: A person who has completed 15 years of age.

HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE: The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period is the household's consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure is the total of the monetary value of consumption of various groups of items namely:

- i) food, pan (betel leaves), tobacco, intoxicants and fuels and light.
- ii) clothing and footwear; and
- iii) miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles.

For group (i) and (ii), the total value of consumption is derived by aggregating the monetary value of goods actually consumed during the reference period. An item of clothing and footwear would be considered to have been consumed if it is brought into maiden or first use during reference period, The consumption may be out of :

- a) purchase made during the reference period or earlier.
- b) home grown stock.
- c) receipt in exchange of goods and services.
- d) any other receipt like gift, charity, borrowings; and
- e) free collection.

For evaluating the consumption of the items of group (iii) i.e. items categorised as miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles, a different approach is followed, In this case, the value of actual purchase i.e., the expenditure made during the reference period for the purchase of goods and services is considered as consumption.

It is pertinent to mention here that the consumer expenditure for a household on food items relate to the actual consumption made by the normal resident member of the household and also by the guests during the ceremonies otherwise. To avoid double counting, transfer payments like charity, loan advances, etc. made by the households are not considered as consumption for items of groups (i) and (ii), since transfer receipts of these items have been taken into account. However, the item "cooked meals" is an exception to the rule. Meals prepared in that household kitchen and provided to the employees and/or other would automatically get included in domestic consumption of employer (payer) household. There is a practical difficulty of estimating the quantities and values of individual items used for preparing the meals served to the employees or the others. Thus, to avoid double counting, cooked meals received, as perquisites from employer household or as gift or charity are not recorded in the recipient household. As a general principle, cooked meals purchased from the market for the consumption of the normal resident members and for the guest and employees will also be recorded in the purchaser household.

This procedure of recording cooked meals served to others in the expenditure of serving households only leads to bias free estimates of average per capita consumption as well as total consumer expenditure. However, as the proportions of donors and recipients of free cooked meals are likely to vary in opposite direction over the expenditure classes, the nutritional intake derived from the consumer expenditure survey data may present a somewhat distorted picture. These derived nutrition intakes may get inflated for the rich (net donors) and somewhat understated for the poor (net recipients). This point has to be kept firmly in mind while using the NSS consumer expenditure data for any nutritional studies.

TOTAL HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE: The total household expenditure is composed of expenditure of the household on broad group of items. The groups are:

- (1) Cereals (129)
- (2) Cereals substitutes (139)
- (3) Pulses & pulse products (159)
- (4) Milk & Milk Products (169)
- (5) Sugar (179)
- (6) Salt (189)

- (7) Edible Oil (199)
- (8) Egg, Fish & Meat (209)
- (9) Vegetables (249)
- (10) Fruits (Fresh) (269)
- (11) Fruits (dry) (279)
- (12) Spices (289)
- (13) Beverages, etc. (309)
- (14) Pan (319)
- (15) Tobacco (329)
- (16) Intoxicants (339)
- (17) Fuel and light (359)
- (18) Clothing (379)
- (19) Bedding etc (389)
- (20) Footwear (399)
- (21) Education (409)
- (22) Medical: (institutional) (419)
- (23) Medical: (non-institutional) (429)
- (24) Entertainment (439)
- (25) Minor durable-type goods (449)
- (26) Toilet articles (459)
- (27) Other household consumables (479)
- (28) Consumer service (excl. conveyance) (499)
- (29) Conveyance (519)
- (30) Rent (529)
- (31) Consumer taxes & cesses (549)
- (32) Durable goods (659)

The results of total household consumer expenditure expressed are broadly classified under (a) Food total and (b) Non-food total.

VALUE OF CONSUMPTION: Consumption out of purchase is evaluated at the purchase price. Consumption out of home produce is evaluated at ex factory prices. Value of consumption out of gifts, loans, free collection and goods received in exchange of goods and service is imputed at the rate of average local retail prevailing during the reference period.

MONTHLY PER CAPITA CONSUMER EXPENDITURE (MPCE): For a household, this is its 30 day's consumer expenditure divided by its size. A person's MPCE is understood as that of the household to which he or she belongs.

REFERENCE PERIOD AND SCHEDULE TYPE: The reference period is the period of time to which the information collected relates. In NSS surveys, the reference period often varies from item to item. Data collected with different reference periods are known to exhibit certain systematic differences. In this round, two schedule types have been drawn up to study these differences in detail. Sample households were divided into two sets- Schedule Type 1 was canvassed in one set and Schedule Type 2 in the other. The reference periods used for different groups of consumption items are given below, separately for each schedule type.

Category	Item groups	Reference period for	
		Schedule Type 1	Schedule Type 2
I	Clothing, bedding, footwear, education, medical(institutional), durable goods	‘Last 30 days’ and ‘Last 365 days’	‘Last 365 days’
II	Edible oil; egg, fish & meat; vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food; pan, tobacco & intoxicants	‘Last 30 days’	‘Last 7 days’
III	All other food(F1), fuel and light, miscellaneous goods and services including non institutional medical; rents and taxes	‘Last 30 days’	‘Last 30 days’

CATEGORIES OF CONSUMPTION ITEMS

BEDDING: It includes pillows, quilts, mattresses, mosquito nets, etc. as well as rugs, blankets, curtains, towels, mats, cloth for upholstery, etc. It excludes footwear and raincoats.

BEVERAGES, ETC.: This stands for “beverages, refreshments and processed food”. It includes tea, coffee, mineral water, soft drinks, fruit juice (not prepared at home), green coconut water, soda water, other beverages such as cocoa, biscuits, cakes, pastries, pickles, sauce, jam, jelly, and other salted refreshments and sweets not prepared at home. Refreshments prepared at home are not included here. Instead, the ingredients of the refreshments (such as flour, sugar, milk, etc.) are accounted under “cereals” (e.g. against “wheat”), “sugar”, etc. Food purchased in the form of cooked meals is also included.

CEREALS: Note that household consumption of cereals does not include consumption of cereals by livestock belonging to the household. Such expenditure, being part of farm expenditure, is excluded from household consumer expenditure altogether.

CEREAL SUBSTITUTES: Cereals are usually a person's staple food in India. But sometimes, by choice or due to scarcity, a person may consume little or no cereal. The food requirement is partially or wholly met in such cases by consumption of food items which could be treated as substitutes for cereals. Tapioca, for example, is consumed in some parts of the country as a substitute for cereals. Similarly, jackfruit seed, mahua, etc. are also consumed as substitute for cereals. Potato or sweet potato consumed as substitutes for cereals are not, however, shown here. These are included in “vegetables”.

CLOTHING: Expenditure on tailor-made clothing excludes tailoring charges, which are accounted in “consumer services”. Consumption of an article of clothing is considered to take place when it is brought into first use. However, clothing purchased second-hand is

considered as consumed as soon as it is purchased. Imported ready-made garments, even if purchased second-hand, are shown as first-hand purchase. Livery supplied by the employer is taken into account in household consumption of clothing even if used during duty hours only.

CONVEYANCE: This includes expenditure incurred on account of journeys undertaken and/or transportation of goods made by any means of conveyance. The expenditure is the actual fare paid except in case of railway season tickets, for which expenditure is calculated as the cost of the ticket divided by the number of months for which it is valid. Expenditure on journeys undertaken by household members as part of official tours is not considered as consumer expenditure of the household. But journeys to commute to and from place of work are included here. The expenditure incurred on journeys undertaken under Leave Travel Concession, etc., even if reimbursed, is included. In case of owned conveyance, the cost of fuel (petrol, mobile oil, diesel, etc.) for power-driven transport and animal feed for animal-drawn carriage is considered.

DURABLE GOODS: Items included here all have a lifetime of one year or more. However, some petty durables such as spectacles, torches, locks, umbrellas, etc., are excluded. Note that glassware, earthenware and plastic goods such as buckets are excluded from durable goods and included in “other household consumables”. Consumption expenditure on durable goods includes both expenditure on purchase and expenditure on repair and construction of household durables. For land and residential building, only expenditure on repair and construction is included. Durable goods include furniture and fixtures, “entertainment” durables such as radios, TV, VCR/VCD/DVD players, tape recorders, cameras, musical instruments, jewellery and ornaments, crockery and utensils, cooking and other household appliances such as fans, air conditioners, air coolers, sewing machines used for household work, washing machines, stoves, pressure cookers, fridges, water purifiers, electric irons, heaters, toasters and ovens, household transport equipment including two-wheelers, four-wheelers and their parts, therapeutic appliances, clocks, watches, computers for household use, mobile handsets, and bathroom and sanitary equipment.

EDIBLE OIL: Edible oils used for toilet purpose by the household are not included here. Oilseeds are sometimes purchased or grown by a household for extracting edible oil (by crushing) for consumption. The value of oilseeds so used is included in “edible oil”.

EDUCATION: This includes expenditure on goods purchased for the purpose of education, viz., books and journals, newspapers, paper, pen, pencil, etc., and also magazines, novels and other fiction. It also includes fees paid to educational institutions (e.g., schools, colleges, universities, etc.) on account of tuition and other fees like game fees, library fees, etc., and payment to private tutors. Expenditure on Internet other than telephone charges is included here. Occasional payments to the school fund made on account of charities, and “donations” generally, are not included here, as they are regarded as transfer payments.

ENTERTAINMENT: This includes expenditure on cinemas, theatres, melas, fairs and picnics, expenditure incurred on processing, developing, etc., of photographic film, charges paid for hiring of VCD/DVD players and cassettes, and charges for viewing a video show. Expenses incurred on subscription to dish antenna, cable TV facilities, etc. are also included. Club fees are included here.

FOOTWEAR: This includes charges paid to a cobbler for getting a pair of shoes or other footwear made. It excludes the cost of straps purchased separately.

GRAM PRODUCTS: This includes gram products such as sattu obtained by frying and powdering of gram (whole grain). Besan made out of gram is, however, not included here, instead recorded against separate item.

MAIZE PRODUCTS: This includes cornflakes, popcorn, etc., made of maize.

MEDICAL EXPENSES: This includes expenditure on medicine of different types and on medical goods; also, payments made to doctor, nurse, etc., as professional fees and those made to hospital, nursing home, etc. for medical treatment, and expenditure incurred for clinical tests, including X-rays, ECG, pathological tests, etc. Expenditure on all family planning appliances is included.

MEDICAL: INSTITUTIONAL AND NON-INSTITUTIONAL EXPENDITURE: The distinction between institutional and non-institutional medical expenses lies in whether the expenses were incurred on medical treatment as an in-patient of a medical institution (institutional), or otherwise (non-institutional). Medical institution here covers private as well as Government institutions such as hospitals and nursing homes.

MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS: Milk products include ghee, butter, curd, etc. Milk used in home preparation of sweetmeats, etc., is also accounted here. This category also includes those baby foods of which the principal constituent is milk. Further, milk (liquid) includes ice-cream of which the major component is milk. Ice with syrup but without milk sold under the name of ice-cream is not included in this category.

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS AND SERVICES: This is a residual category covering all items other than food, pan, tobacco, intoxicants, fuel and light, clothing, footwear, and durable goods. It includes, among other things, expenditure on education, medical care, entertainment, minor durable type goods, toilet articles, other household consumables, other consumer services, conveyance, rent, and consumer taxes and cesses.

OTHER CONSUMER SERVICES: This includes expenditure on domestic servants, cooks, attendants, sweepers, barbers and beauticians, laundry, ironing, tailors, priests, legal services, telephone charges, postal charges, grinding charges, and repair charges for non-durable goods. Apart from conveyance, it excludes the consumer services coming under “entertainment”.

OTHER HOUSEHOLD CONSUMABLES: These include electric bulbs, tube lights, batteries, earthenware, glassware, plastic goods such as buckets, water bottles and feeding bottles, coir and rope, washing soap, washing soda, other washing requisites, incense, room fresheners, flowers, acid and insecticides.

PAN: This includes, pan (betel leaves), supari, lime, katha, other ingredients of “finished” pan, and pan purchased in finished form.

RENT: Rent includes house and garage rent, residential land rent and other consumer rent.

RICE PRODUCTS: Rice products are foods like chira, khoi, lawa, muri, rice powder, etc. which are obtained by splitting, frying, powdering, or parching of the grain.

SPICES: Consumption of garlic and ginger is accounted in spices and not in “vegetables”. Green chillies are, however, included in “vegetables”.

VEGETABLES: This excludes ginger and garlic, which have been included in the estimates of consumption of “spices”.

WHEAT PRODUCTS: Bread is included here, but not wheat preparations like biscuits, cakes, etc., which are accounted in “beverages, refreshments



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SECTION FOUR

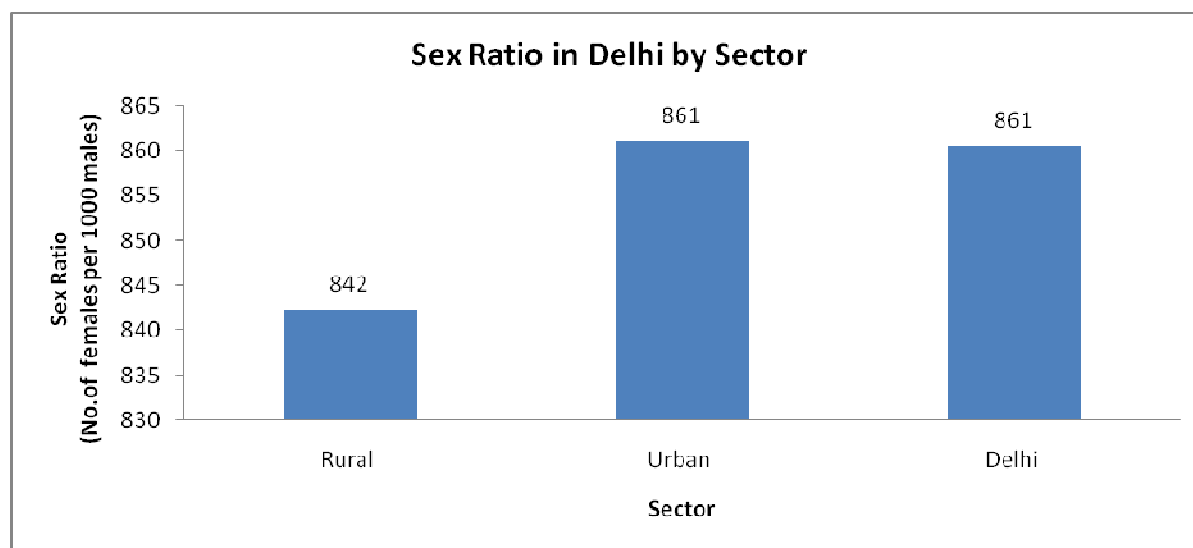
SUMMARY FINDINGS

SECTION FOUR

SUMMARY FINDINGS

This section is devoted to the analysis of results of household consumer expenditure survey held during July 2009 – June 2010. The main focus is on level and pattern of consumer expenditure of households in Delhi. Besides, certain selected demographic features, features of living conditions were also discussed. The estimates are based on 128 rural and 1859 urban sample households.

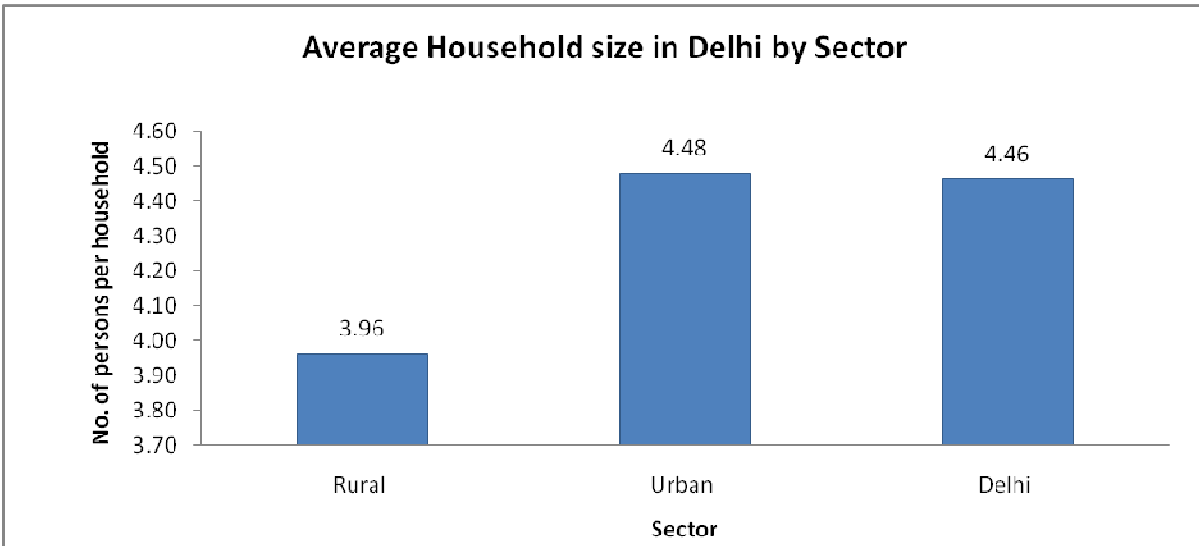
4.1 DEMOGRAPHIC FEATURES



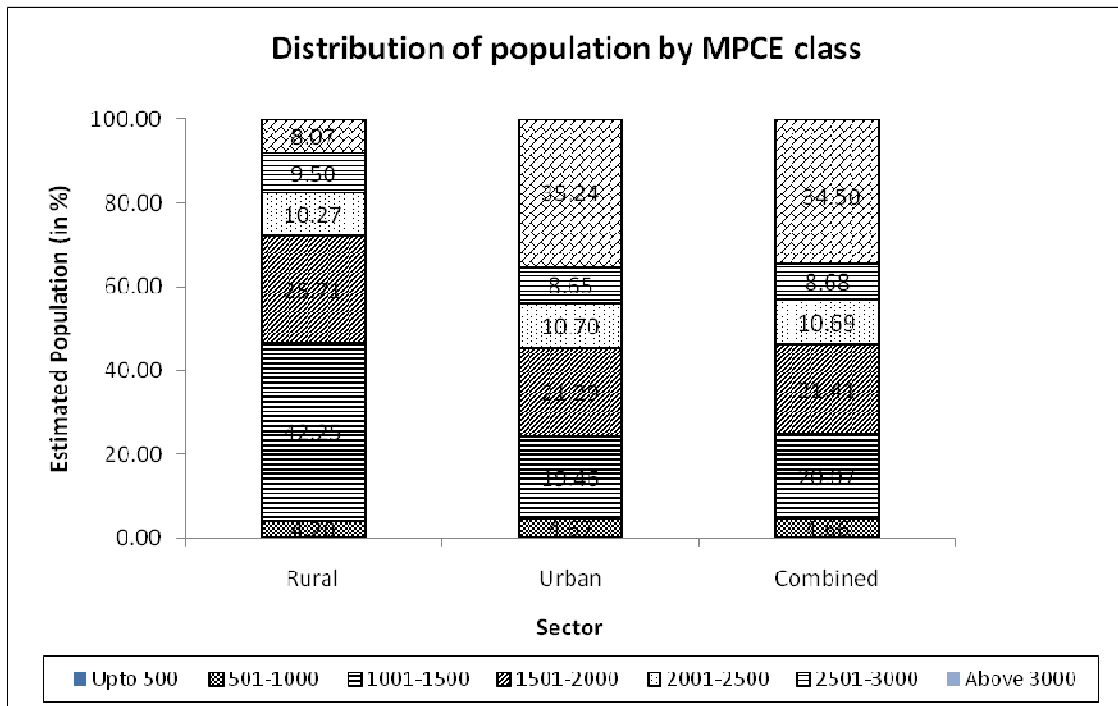
The Survey estimated that there were about 36.64 lakh households with an average household size of 4.46 persons during the above said period. Out of the total households 1.12 lakh were in rural and 35.52 lakh in urban areas. Rural population account for 2.71 % and that of urban constitute 97.29 % of the total population. Sex wise distribution of population revealed that 87.90 lakh were male and 75.64 lakh were female and the sex ratio comes to 861 females for thousand males.

Statement 4.1.1: Distribution of households/Population

Sector	Estimated Households	Estimated Population			Household Size
		Male	Female	Total	
Rural	112103	241000	203000	444000	3.96
Urban	3552368	8549000	7361000	15910000	4.48
Delhi	3664471	8790000	7564000	16354000	4.46



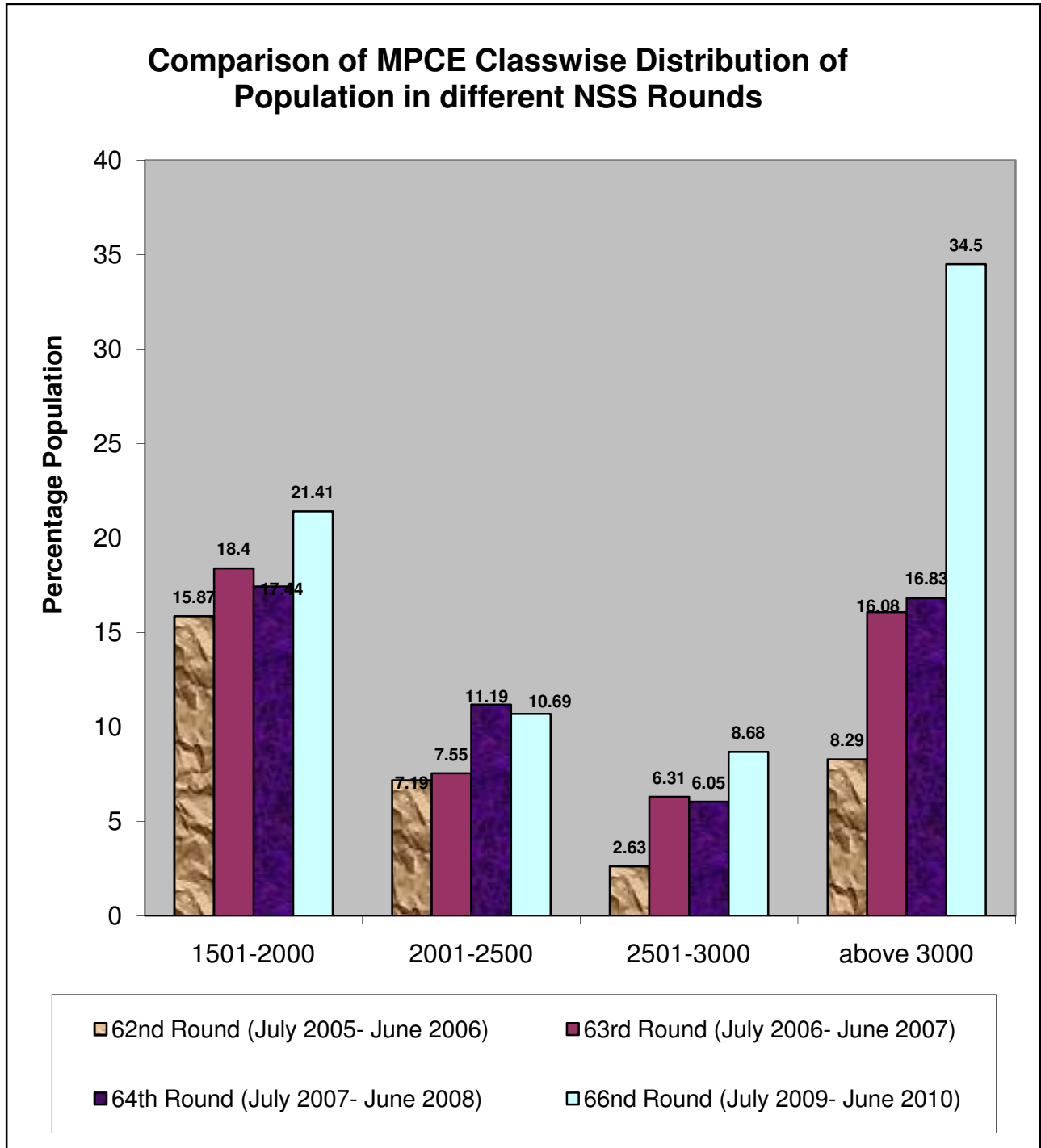
Statement 4.1.2 gives the distribution of population Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (MPCE) class-wise. In rural areas 42.25% of population were in the MPCE class of Rs.1001-1500; 25.71% were in Rs.1501-2000 class and 10.27% in Rs.2001-2500 MPCE class. On the other hand in the urban areas 19.46% of population were in the MPCE class of Rs. 1001-1500, 21.29% in the Rs.1501-2000 class, 10.70% in Rs. 2001-2500 class, 8.65% in the Rs. 2501-3000 Class and 35.24% in above Rs. 3000 MPCE Class. At the state/UT level it was observed that about 52.17% of the population was in the MPCE classes of Rs. 1001-2500.



Statement 4.1.2: Estimated Households / Population by MPCE Class

MPCE Class (Rs.)	Households	Population									% Population	Average Household Size
		Male			Female			All				
		Adult	Child	Total	Adult	Child	Total	Adult	Child	Total		
RURAL												
Upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	3622	10767	357	11125	7159	350	7509	17927	707	18634	4.20	5.14
1001-1500	39774	57316	30087	87403	61546	38657	100204	118863	68744	187607	42.25	4.72
1501-2000	26674	46891	21292	68184	36844	9120	45964	83736	30412	114148	25.71	4.28
2001-2500	13899	24284	2723	27007	17171	1419	18590	41456	4141	45597	10.27	3.28
2501-3000	13197	16982	9020	26003	15614	580	16194	32596	9600	42196	9.50	3.20
Above 3000	14937	20554	724	21279	13541	998	14539	34095	1723	35818	8.07	2.40
Total	112103	176796	64204	241000	151876	51124	203000	328672	115328	444000	100	3.96
URBAN												
Upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
501-1000	112203	223270	178791	402062	208708	131877	340585	431978	310668.01	742646	4.67	6.62
1001-1500	524744	1035225	645055	1680280	915564	499587	1415151	1950790	1144641.4	3095431	19.46	5.90
1501-2000	694235	1238679	580576	1819255	1095692	471718	1567411	2334372	1052294.2	3386666	21.29	4.88
2001-2500	395713	758139	176517	934656	568368	199367	767735	1326507	375884.34	1702392	10.70	4.30
2501-3000	326504	596387	177609	773996	498062	104518	602579	1094449	282126.46	1376575	8.65	4.22
Above 3000	1498969	2427569	511181	2938751	2200194	467345	2667539	4627763	978526.75	5606290	35.24	3.74
Total	3552368	6279271	2269729	8549000	5486588	1874412	7361000	11765859	4144141	15910000	100	4.48
COMBINED												
Upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	115825	234038	179149	413186.3	215867	132227	348094	449905	311375	761280	4.66	6.57
1001-1500	564518	1092542	675141	1767683	977110	538244	1515355	2069652	1213385	3283038	20.07	5.82
1501-2000	720909	1285571	601868	1887439	1132537	480838	1613375	2418107	1082706	3500814	21.41	4.86
2001-2500	409612	782423	179240	961663.6	585540	200786	786325	1367963	380026	1747989	10.69	4.27
2501-3000	339701	613369	186629	799998.4	513675	105098	618773	1127045	291727	1418771	8.68	4.18
Above 3000	1513906	2448124	511906	2960029	2213735	468344	2682078	4661858	980250	5642108	34.50	3.73
Total	3664471	6456067	2333933	8790000	5638464	1925536	7564000	12094531	4259469	16354000	100	4.46

Statement no. 4.1.2.1 shows the percentage distribution of population in various MPCE classes. It is revealed that in the MPCE class Rs. 3000 & above, the population has increased from 8.29% in 62nd NSS round to 34.50% (almost four times) in 66th NSS round. The MPCE classes of Rs. 1501-2000, 2001-2501, 2501-3000 has also shown increase in population percentage during 62nd to 66th NSS round, this inclusive of inflationary impact.



Statement no.: 4.1.2.1 Comparison of MPCE Class wise Distribution of population in different NSS rounds.

MPCE	Rural				Urban				Combined			
	62nd Round (July 2005-June 2006)	63rd Round (July 2006-June 2007)	64th Round (July 2007-June 2008)	66nd Round (July 2009-June 2010)	62nd Round (July 2005-June 2006)	63rd Round (July 2006-June 2007)	64th Round (July 2007-June 2008)	66nd Round (July 2009-June 2010)	62nd Round (July 2005-June 2006)	63rd Round (July 2006-June 2007)	64th Round (July 2007-June 2008)	66nd Round (July 2009-June 2010)
Upto 500	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.20	0.56	0.00	0.86	0.19	0.54	0.00
501 - 1000	50.36	43.22	14.26	4.20	36.79	26.52	17.58	4.67	37.54	27.42	17.41	4.66
1001-1500	46.12	37.44	44.54	42.25	26.53	23.27	29.77	19.46	27.62	24.03	30.54	20.07
1501-2000	2.68	5.75	19.83	25.71	16.65	19.12	17.31	21.29	15.87	18.40	17.44	21.41
2001-2500	0.23	7.32	8.27	10.27	7.60	7.57	11.35	10.70	7.19	7.55	11.19	10.69
2501-3000	0.61	2.78	3.85	9.50	2.74	6.51	6.17	8.65	2.63	6.31	6.05	8.68
above 3000	0.00	3.49	9.25	8.07	8.78	16.80	17.24	35.24	8.29	16.08	16.83	34.50
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Statement 4.1.3 gives the details of distribution of population by age group, sex and sector wise. At the state level it was observed that the estimated population of children (of the age group of 0-14 years) was 26.05%, while 32.27% were in the age group of 15-29 years, 35.69% in the age group of 30-59 years and rest 6.00% were in the age group 60 years and above.

Statement No. 4.1.3: Distribution of estimated population by age group, sex and sector

Age Group	Rural			Urban			Delhi			
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	%
0 to 6	29712	16794	46506	972952	788520	1761472	1002665	805313	1807978	11.06
7 to 14	34492	34330	68822	1296777	1085892	2382669	1331269	1120223	2451491	14.99
15 to 19	24725	26353	51078	980796	820608	1801404	1005521	846961	1852482	11.33
20 to 24	22735	23442	46177	1018380	835957	1854337	1041115	859399	1900514	11.62
25 to 29	26477	19852	46328	848482	629058	1477540	874959	648909	1523868	9.32
30 to 39	36107	20777	56884	1243745	1183350	2427095	1279852	1204127	2483979	15.19
40 to 49	36123	38577	74700	1075908	969127	2045035	1112031	1007704	2119735	12.96
50 to 59	18219	12991	31210	640607	561025	1201631	658826	574016	1232841	7.54
60 +	12410	9884	22295	471353	487464	958817	483763	497349	981112	6.00
Total	241000	203000	444000	8549000	7361000	15910000	8790000	7564000	16354000	100.00
%	1.47	1.24	2.71	52.27	45.01	97.29	53.75	46.25	100.00	

SOCIAL GROUP WISE DISTRIBUTION:

Social group-wise break-up of households is presented MPCE class wise in statement 4.1.4. It revealed that 20.49% of the total households belonged to ‘Scheduled caste’ category, 11.73% to ‘Other Backward Classes’ and 67.78% belonged to ‘Other Social Groups’.

Statement 4.1.4: Social Group-wise Distribution of Estimated Households

MPCE Class (Rs.)	Social Group			
	SC	OBC	Others	Total
Number				
Upto 500	0	0	0	0
501-1000	45249	15627	54950	115825
1001-1500	189080	95762	279676	564518
1501-2000	255186	131657	334065	720909
2001-2500	101932	61105	246232	409269
2501-3000	65387	40004	234653	340045
Above 3000	94191	85637	1334079	1513906
Total	751024	429792	2483655	3664471
Percentage				
Upto 500	0	0	0	0
501-1000	39.07	13.49	47.44	100.00
1001-1500	33.49	16.96	49.54	100.00
1501-2000	35.40	18.26	46.34	100.00
2001-2500	24.91	14.93	60.16	100.00
2501-3000	19.23	11.76	69.01	100.00
Above 3000	6.22	5.66	88.12	100.00
Total	20.49	11.73	67.78	100.00

FEMALE-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS:

There has been a demand for bringing out data on women related parameters both at national and state level. Accordingly data was generated on female-headed households in Delhi. The survey indicated that only 6% of the total families in Delhi are having female as head of the household.

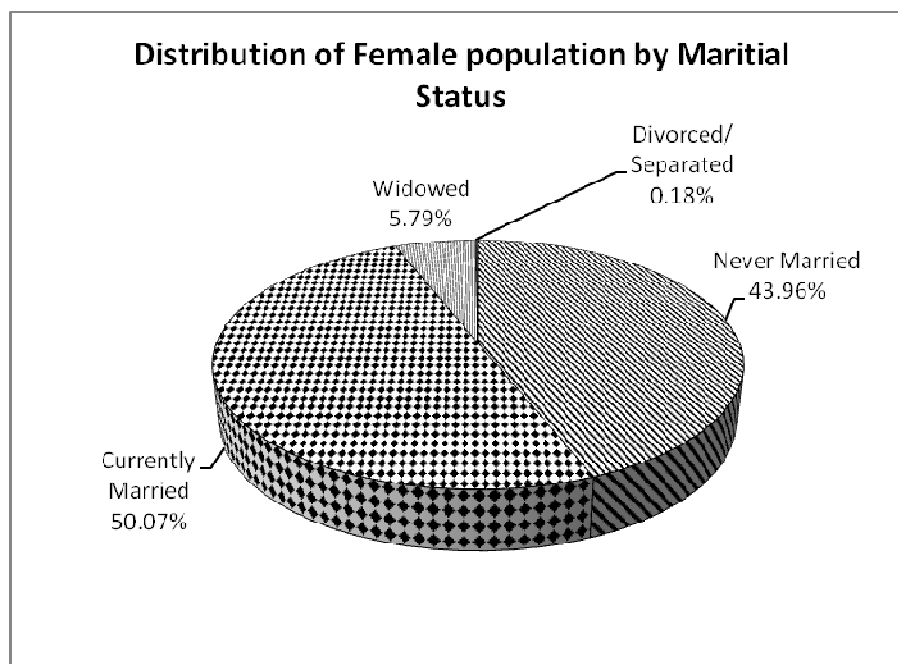
Statement 4.1.5: Distribution of Households by Gender of Head of the Family

Sector	Male as Head	Female as Head	Percentage of Female Headed Households to Total	Total
Rural	101995	10108	9.02	112103
Urban	3308175	244193	6.87	3552368
Delhi	3410170	254301	6.94	3664471

MARITAL STATUS:

Information on marital status was obtained through female approach during the survey. The outcome of the survey is that out of the total female population 50.07% were currently

married, 5.79% widowed and only 0.18% were divorced/separated. The proportion of female population in the category of never married was 43.96%. Statement 4.1.6 provides age group-wise position of marital status in Delhi



In the age group 15 to 19 years, 96.55% of the females were in the category 'never married' while 3.45% were 'currently married'. It has been observed that, as the age-group is progressing the proportion of female with status 'never married' is decreasing while that of 'currently married' is increasing. While in the age group 60 and above, about 48.79% females were currently married and 51.06% were widowed.

Statement 4.1.6: Distribution of Female Population by Marital Status in Delhi

Age-Group	Marital Status (Female)				Total
	Never Married	Currently Married	Widowed	Divorced/ Separated	
0-14	1922761 (100.00)	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	1922761 (100.00)
15 to 19	820428 (96.55)	29308 (3.45)	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	849736 (100.00)
20 to 24	431888 (50.25)	427512 (49.75)	0 (0.00)	0 (0.00)	859399 (100.00)
25 to 29	112202 (17.29)	534034 (82.30)	0 (0.00)	2673 (0.41)	648909 (100.00)
30-60	36751 (1.32)	2553617 (91.66)	184304 (6.62)	11174 (0.40)	2785846 (100.00)
60 +	747 (0.15)	242677 (48.79)	253925 (51.06)	0 (0.00)	497349 (100.00)
Total	3325042 (43.96)	3787422 (50.07)	438287 (5.79)	13848 (0.18)	7564600 (100.00)

(Figures in bracket are percentage to total)

LITERACY LEVEL AND RATE:

Out of the total estimated population (Excluding 0-6 years Age-Group) in Delhi 9.88% were found to be illiterate and 90.12% were literate with different levels of educational attainment. Sex-wise literacy rate revealed that 94.97% of males and 84.54% of females in Delhi were literate.

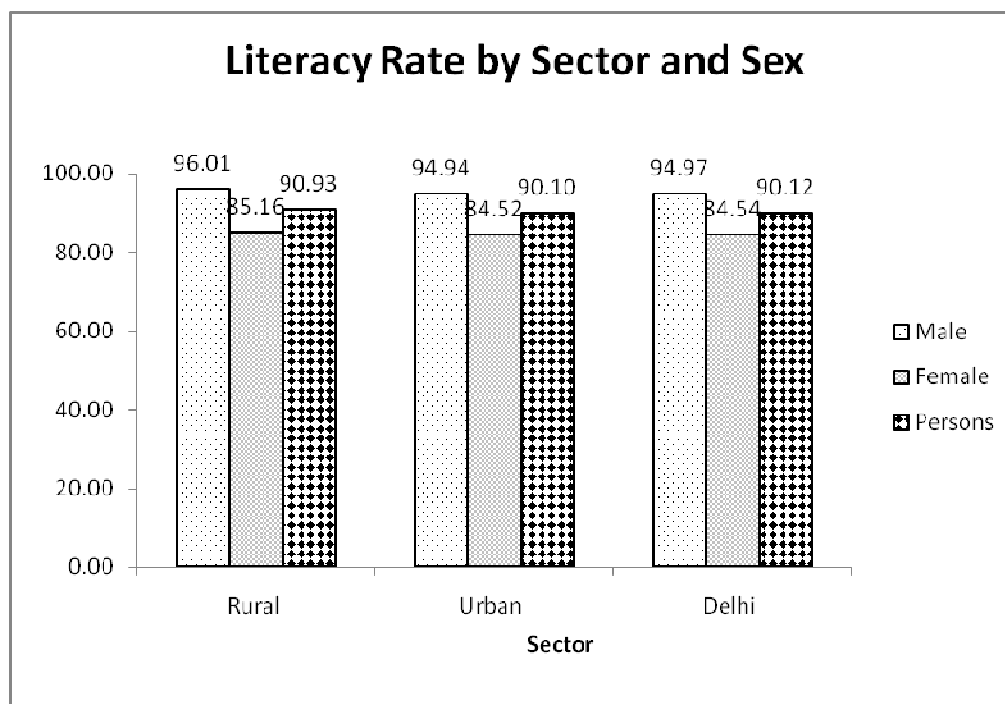
Statement 4.1.7: Number of Literate among +6 year population In Delhi

S.No.	Item	Male	Female	Total
A	Not literate	391647	1045217	1436864
B	Literate	7395689	5713470	13109158
	(1) Literate without formal Schooling	2635	0	2635
	(2) Literate with formal schooling : below Primary	1065025	867130	1932155
	(3) Primary	1121348	1139814	2261161
	(4) Middle	1090757	784957	1875714
	(5) Secondary	1222816	870093	2092909
	(6) Higher Secondary	1206524	739548	1946071
	(7) Diploma / Certificate Course	40457	27762	68219
	(8) Graduate & above	1646127	1284167	2930294
C	All (A+B)	7787335	6758687	14546022
	Literacy rate	94.97	84.54	90.12

Statement 4.1.8: Number of Literate among +6 Years Population

S.No.	Item	Rural	Urban	Delhi
A	Male			
1	Population	211288	7576048	7787335
2	Number of Literate	202867	7192822	7395689
3	Percentage to Total	96.01	94.94	94.97
B	Female			
1	Population	186206	6572480	6758687
2	Number of Literate	158577	5554893	5713470
3	Percentage to Total	85.16	84.52	84.54
C	Persons			
1	Population	397494	14148528	14546022
2	Number of Literate	361444	12747715	13109158
3	Percentage to Total	90.93	90.10	90.12

Out of the total 131.09 lakh literates, 17.24% attained education upto primary, 15.97% upto secondary level, and 22.87% completed Diploma/graduation & above.



Statement 4.1.9: Number of Literate among +15 year population In Delhi

S.No.	Item	Male	Female	Total
A	Not literate	367315	1017260	1384575
B	Literate	6088752	4621204	10709956
	(i) Literate without formal schooling	2230	0	2230
	(ii) Literate with formal schooling : below Primary	245784	296022	541807
	(iii) Primary	733226	721209	1454436
	(iv) Middle	994729	687573	1682301
	(v) Secondary	1219674	864924	2084598
	(vi) Higher Secondary	1206524	739548	1946071
	(vii) Diploma	40457	27762	68219
	(viii) Graduate & Above	1646127	1284167	2930294
C	All (A+B)	6456067	5638464	12094531
	Literacy rate	94.31	81.96	88.55

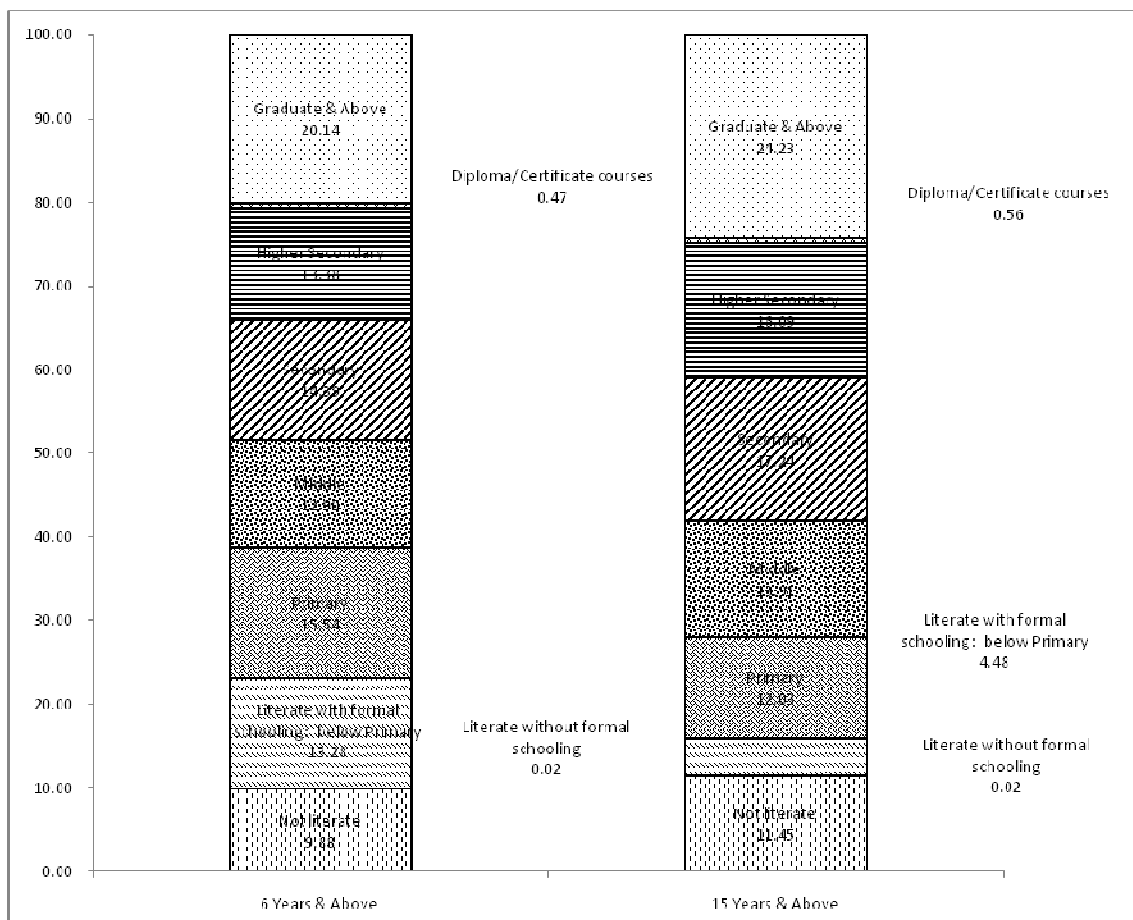
Of late adult literacy (15 years and above) is being accepted as a satisfactory parameter at international level to judge the quality of literacy of population. Literacy rate of Delhi for 15 year and above age group was estimated at 88.55%.

In case of Males this was 94.31% and that of female it was 81.96%. Sector-wise break-up revealed that 89.85% of the rural and 88.52% of the urban population in the 15 years and above age group were literate.

Statement 4.1.10: Number of Literate Among +15 Years Population

S.No.	Item	Rural	Urban	Delhi
A	Male			
1	Population	176796	6279271	6456067
2	Number of Literate	170516	5918235	6088751
3	Percentage to Total	96.45	94.25	94.31
B	Female			
1	Population	151876	5486588	5638464
2	Number of Literate	124794	4496411	4621205
3	Percentage to Total	82.17	81.95	81.96
C	Persons			
1	Population	328672	11765859	12094531
2	Number of Literate	295311	10414645	10709956
3	Percentage to Total	89.85	88.52	88.55

The comparative position between Universal and Adult Literacy rates is given in the statement 4.1.11 below. On the whole about 1.57% difference was noticed between the two sets of data. Among the literate in age group 15 years and above, 24.79% were Diploma/Graduates and above, 17.24% completed Secondary education and 12.02%



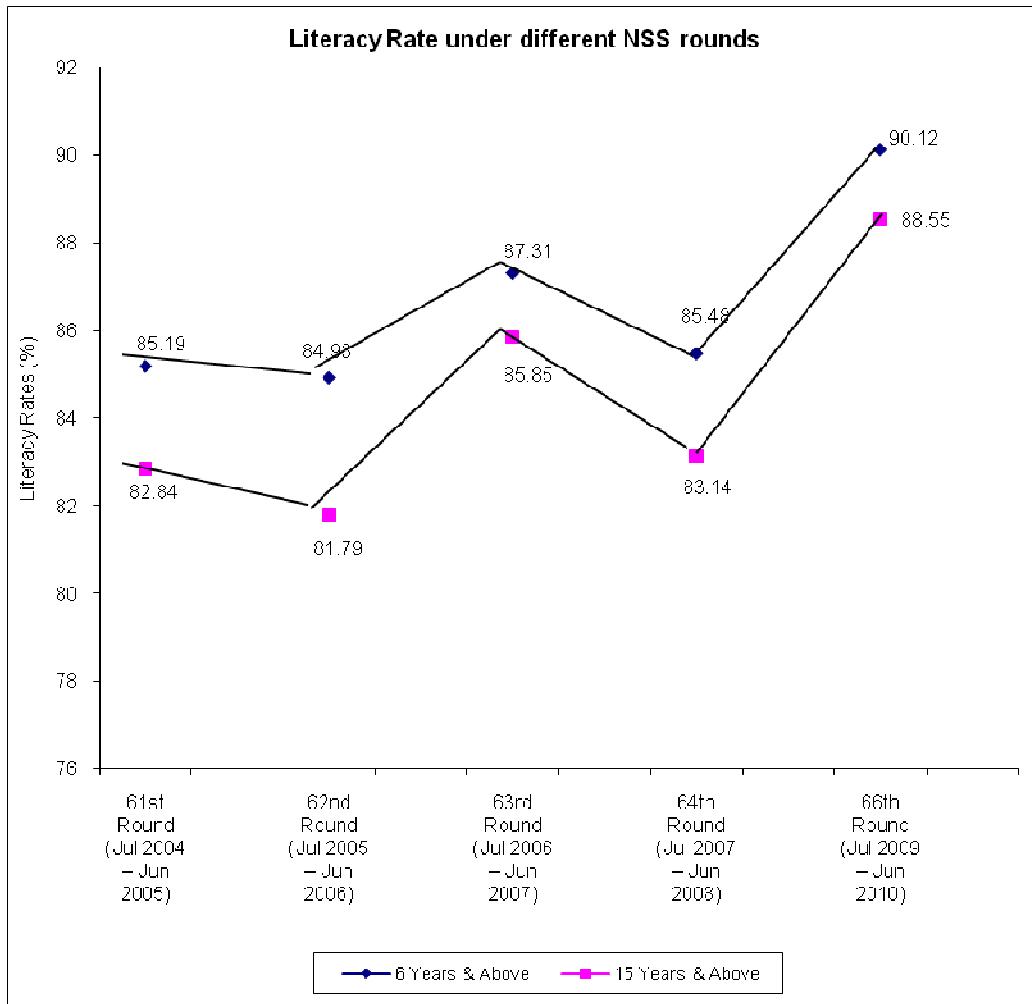
Primary Level of education. The percentage of people who were literate but not completed primary level education was worked out to be 4.49%.

Statement 4.1.11: Percentage distribution of population in Delhi by their Age group and Education attainment.

S.No	Educational Level	6 Years & Above	15 Years & Above
A	Not literate	9.88	11.45
B	Literate	90.12	88.55
	(i) Literate without formal schooling	0.02	0.02
	(ii) Literate with formal schooling : below Primary	13.28	4.48
	(iii) Primary	15.54	12.03
	(iv) Middle	12.90	13.91
	(v) Secondary	14.39	17.24
	(vi) Higher Secondary	13.38	16.09
	(vii) Diploma	0.47	0.56
	(viii) Graduate & Above	20.14	24.23
C	TOTAL (A +B)	100.00	100.00

Statement 4.1.12: Literacy Rate among +6 years and +15 years population in Delhi in different NSS Rounds

S.No.	NSS Rounds	6 Years & Above	15 Years & Above
1	55 th Round (Jul 1999 – Jun 2000)	82.36	79.64
2	56 th Round (Jul 2000 – Jun 2001)	86.57	84.01
3	57 th Round (Jul 2001 – Jun 2002)	84.81	81.89
4	58 th Round (Jul 2002 – Dec 2002)	86.71	84
5	59 th Round (Jan 2003 – Dec 2003)	84.93	82.82
6	60 th Round (Jan 2004 – Jun 2004)	85.66	83.67
7	61 st Round (Jul 2004 – Jun 2005)	85.19	82.84
8	62 nd Round (Jul 2005 – Jun 2006)	84.93	81.79
9	63 rd Round (Jul 2006 – Jun 2007)	87.31	85.85
10	64 th Round (Jul 2007 – Jun 2008)	85.48	83.14
11	66 th Round (Jul 2009 – Jun 2010)	90.12	88.55

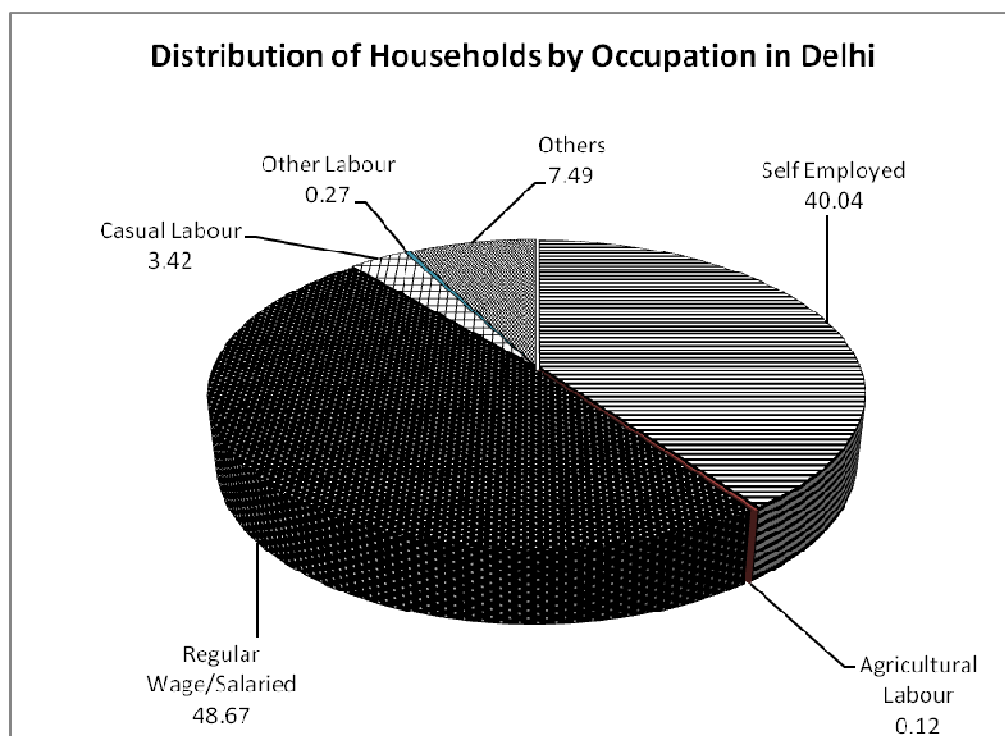


OCCUPATIONAL DISTRIBUTION:

Analysis of occupational distribution of households as presented in statement 4.1.13 brought to light that 40.04% were self-employed households and 48.67% of the households were in the wage/salaried category and 11.29% were found to be pursuing other vocations.

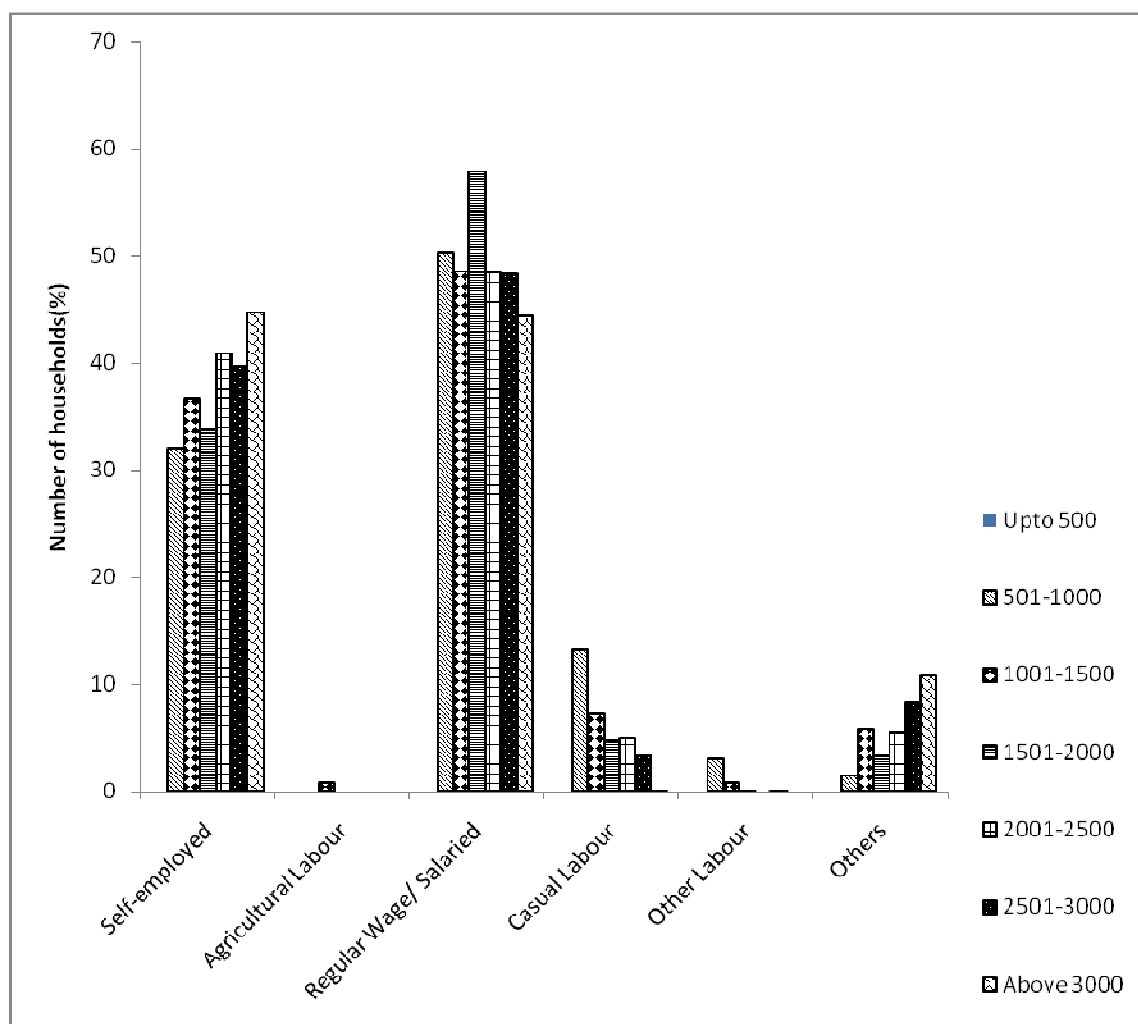
Statement 4.1.13: Distribution of Households by Type of Occupation

S.No.	Item	Number of Households	Percentage
A	RURAL		
1	Self Employed In non-agriculture	15192	13.55
2	Agricultural Labour	4262	3.80
3	Other Labour	9908	8.84
4	Self Employed in Agriculture	8502	7.58
5	Others	74239	66.22
	Total	112103	100.00
B	URBAN		
6	Self Employed	1443621	40.64
7	Regular Wage/Salaried	1783335	50.20
8	Casual Labour	125247	3.53
9	Others	200165	5.63
	Total	3552368	100.00
C	DELHI		
10	Self Employed (1+4+6)	1467315	40.04
11	Agricultural Labour (2)	4262	0.12
12	Regular Wage/Salaried (7)	1783335	48.67
13	Casual Labour (8)	125247	3.42
14	Other Labour (3)	9908	0.27
15	Others (5 +9)	274404	7.49
	Total (Rural +Urban)	3664471	100.00



Statement 4.1.14: Percentage Distribution of Households by Type and MPCE class

Household Type	MPCE Class (Rs.)							Total
	Upto 500	501-1000	1001-1500	1501-2000	2001-2500	2501-3000	Above 3000	
Self-employed	0	32.03	36.69	33.81	40.95	39.73	44.69	40.04
Agricultural Labour	0	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12
Regular Wage/ Salaried	0	50.19	48.49	57.84	48.55	48.34	44.35	48.67
Casual Labour	0	13.29	7.37	4.79	4.95	3.38	0.13	3.42
Other Labour	0	3.00	0.82	0.15	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.27
Others	0	1.49	5.87	3.40	5.55	8.34	10.83	7.49
Total	0	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00



Statement 4.1.15 provides comparative position of Delhi and All-India in respect of selected demographic features.

Statement 4.1.15: Selected Demographic Characteristics –Delhi vis-à-vis All India.

S.No.	Population Characteristics	Delhi		All India	
		Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
1	Average Household Size	3.96	4.48	4.65	4.14
2	Average No. Adults Per Household	2.93	3.31	3.16	3.06
3	Average No. Children Per Household	1.02	1.17	1.49	1.08
4	Sex Ratio	842	861	945	915
5	% of Population	2.71	97.29	72.85	27.15
6	Literacy Rate (+ 6 yr. population)	90.93	90.10	NA	NA

4.2 FEATURES ON LIVING CONDITIONS

DWELLING TYPE:

Type of dwelling occupied by households in Delhi from the angle of their ownership of dwelling was collected. Analysis revealed that 64.36% were owned, 30.79% rented, 4.86% in other category.

Statement 4.2.1: Distribution of households by Type of Dwelling Unit

Sector	Type of Dwelling Unit			
	Owned	Hired	Other	Total
1	2	3	5	6
Number				
Rural	84914	27189	0	112103
Urban	2273424	1101022	177922	3552368
Delhi	2358338	1128211	177922	3664471
Percentage				
Rural	75.75	24.25		100.00
Urban	64.00	30.99	5.01	100.00
Delhi	64.36	30.79	4.86	100.00

The survey revealed that there were 15.31% of households with internet access at home, while 84.69% of households without internet access at home.

Statement 4.2.2: Distribution of households by use of Internet at Home

Sector	No. of Households with internet access at home	No. of Households without internet access at home	Total
1	2	3	4
Rural	267	111836	112103
Urban	560856	2991512	3552368
Delhi	561123	3103348	3664471
Percentage			
Rural	0.24	99.76	3.06
Urban	15.79	84.21	96.94
Delhi	15.31	84.69	100.00

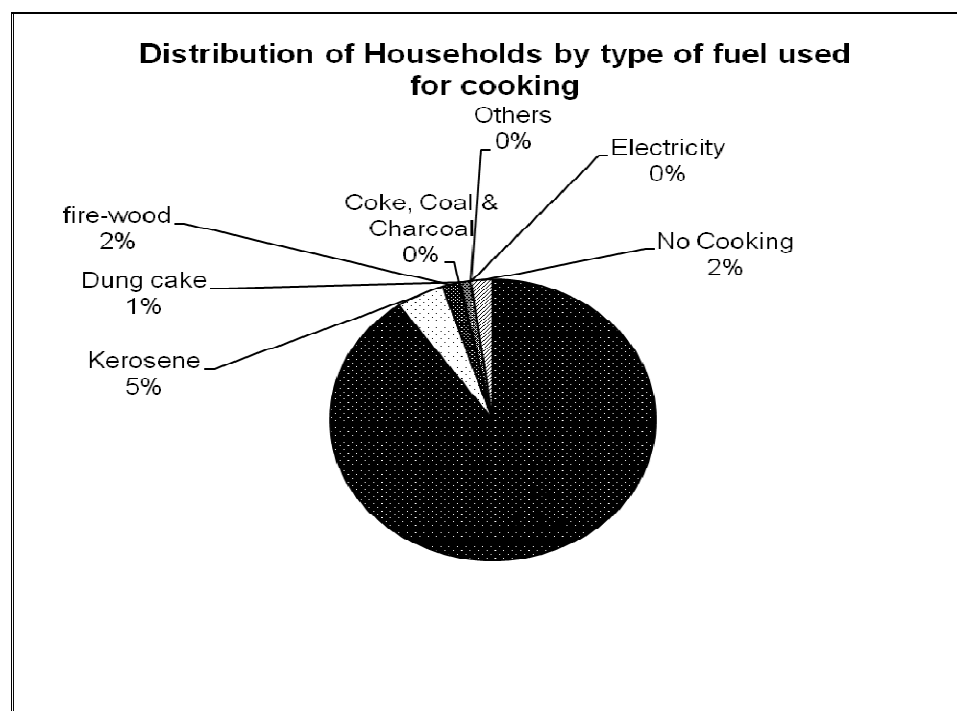
SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR COOKING

It is our experience that multiple types of energy sources are used by households in their day to day life; however survey focused on main source only. Statement 4.2.3 gives the distribution of households by source of energy for cooking.

The survey revealed that, 90.23% households used LPG, 4.81% kerosene, 1.62% fire wood, 1.03% Dung Cake and rest 0.14% were using other type of energy as the primary source of cooking in Delhi.

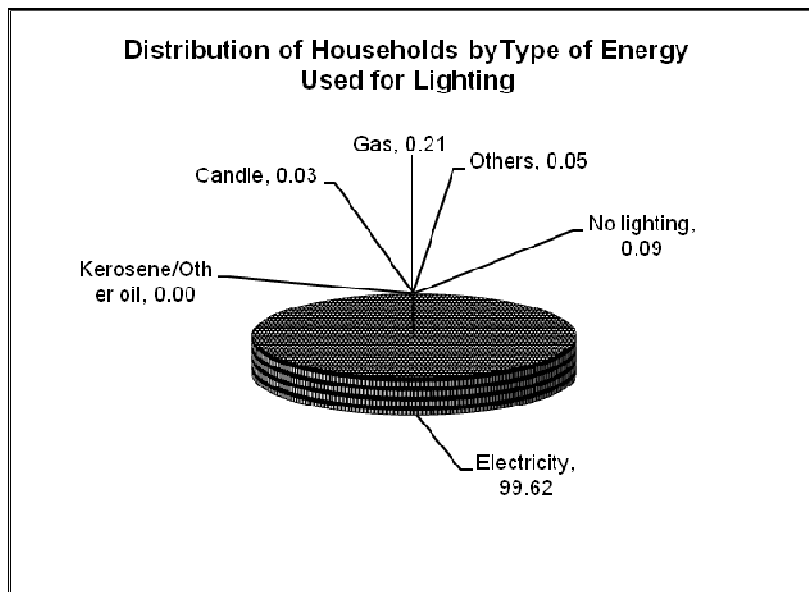
Statement 4.2.3: Distribution of Households by Primary Source of Cooking

Primary Source of Energy for Cooking	Rural		Urban		Delhi	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
LPG	93445	83.36	3213039	90.45	3306484	90.23
Kerosene	2870	2.56	173257	4.88	176127	4.81
fire-wood	688	0.61	58827	1.66	59515	1.62
Coke, Coal & Charcoal	0	0.00	4982	0.14	4982	0.14
Dung cake	12985	11.58	24706	0.70	37691	1.03
Electricity	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Others	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
No Cooking	2115	1.89	77557	2.18	79672	2.17
Total	112103	100.00	3552368	100.00	3664471	100.00



SOURCE OF ENERGY FOR LIGHTING

Likewise types of energy sources used by households for lighting were also collected. 99.62% of the total households in Delhi were dependent on Electricity for their lighting needs. And for 0.21% of households Gas is the main source. The details of sources of energy for lighting are presented in statement 4.2.4.



Statement 4.2.4: Distribution of Households by Source of Energy used for Lighting

Primary Source of Energy for Lighting	Rural		Urban		Delhi	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Electricity	112103	100.00	3538546	99.61	3650649	99.62
Kerosene/Other oil	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Gas	0	0.00	7706	0.22	7706	0.21
Candle	0	0.00	945	0.03	945	0.03
Others	0	0.00	1747	0.05	1747	0.05
No lighting	0	0.00	3424	0.10	3424	0.09
Total	112103	100.00	3552368	100.00	3664471	100.00

4.3 CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

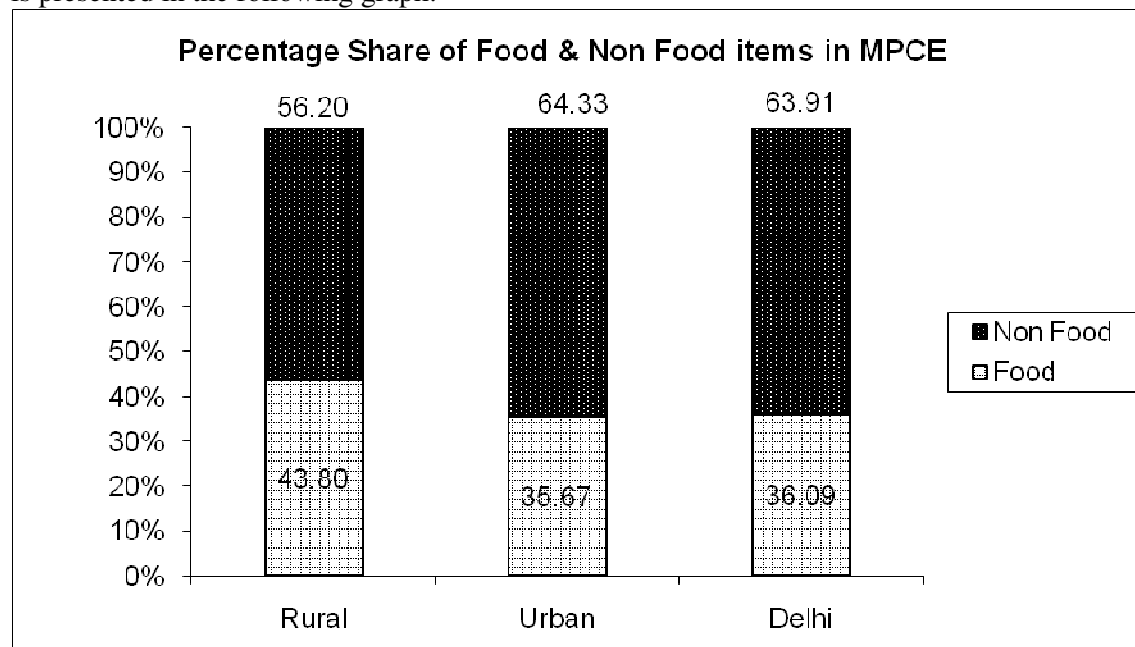
HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE

The main results of consumer expenditure survey are presented with reference to per capita/household consumer expenditure both in rural and urban areas, distribution of expenditure under main heads namely food and non-food items, and further details each sub-group wise. This analysis will help to ascertain the pattern of consumer expenditure in the state of Delhi.

Statement: 4.3.1: Per capita/Household Monthly Consumer Expenditure by Sector

Sector	Food	Non-Food	Total
Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs)			
Rural	771.28	989.75	1761.03
Urban	1036.21	1868.66	2904.87
Delhi	1014.48	1796.57	2811.05
Average Monthly Household Consumer Expenditure (Rs)			
Rural	3647.99	4681.26	8329.25
Urban	4407.12	7947.66	12354.78
Delhi	4350.66	7704.73	12055.40

Statement 4.3.1 gives the Household consumer expenditure on food and non-food groups sector-wise. The average monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) worked out to Rs. 2811.05. Out of this Rs. 1014.48 (36.09%) was spent on food items and Rs. 1796.57 (63.91%) on non-food items. Average monthly consumer expenditure per family in Delhi was estimated at Rs. 12055.40. The expenditure pattern in rural, urban and Delhi as a whole is presented in the following graph:



Monthly consumer expenditure by sector and broad group of food and non-food class

Statements 4.3.2.1 and 4.3.2.2 give the details of per capita / per household consumer expenditure by sector and broad group of food and non food items.

Statement 4.3.2.1: Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (MPCE) (Rs.) by sector & broad group of food and non-food items:

Sl.No	Items Groups (code)	Rural	Urban	Delhi
A	Food Items			
1	cereals(129)	152.22	159.77	159.15
2	gram	5.00	4.76	4.78
3	cereal substitutes(139)	0.00	0.05	0.04
4	pulses& pulse products(159)	42.43	44.57	44.39
5	milk& milk products(169)	217.87	282.89	277.55
6	sugar(179)	37.86	36.23	36.36
7	salt(189)	2.39	2.36	2.36
8	edible oil(199)	46.43	54.29	53.65
9	egg. Fish & meat(209)	16.19	35.31	33.74
10	vegetables(249)	92.93	112.00	110.44
11	fruits(fresh)(269)	24.67	53.75	51.36
12	fruits(dry)(279)	4.45	12.98	12.28
13	spices(289)	24.19	30.26	29.76
14	beverages, refreshments, etc(309)	104.65	207.00	198.61
	Food: total(A)	771.28	1036.21	1014.48
B	Non-Food Items			
16	Pan(319)	0.53	3.87	3.59
17	Tobacco(329)	12.91	10.99	11.15
18	intoxicants(339)	15.14	15.80	15.75
	Total(16+17+18)	28.58	30.66	30.49
19	fuel & light(359)	137.36	233.61	225.72
20	clothing & bedding(379&389)	117.15	161.60	157.95
21	footwear(399)	25.43	35.69	34.85
22	education(409)	159.61	274.01	264.63
23	medical(institutional)(419)	1.50	16.76	15.51
24	medical(non-institutional)(429)	23.34	47.87	45.86
25	entertainment(439)	32.18	55.14	53.25
26	minor durable type goods(449)	4.98	14.50	13.72
27	toilet articles(459)	51.47	63.30	62.33
28	other household consumables(479)	43.24	57.42	56.26
29	consumer services (excluding conveyance)(499)	96.53	258.58	245.29
30	conveyance(519)	127.33	253.61	243.25
31	rent(529)	64.88	200.08	188.99
32	Consumer taxes &cesses(549)	11.82	42.54	40.02
33	durable goods(659)	64.35	123.29	118.45
	Non-food total(B)	989.75	1868.66	1796.57
C	Total Expenditure(A+B)	1761.03	2904.87	2811.05

Statement 4.3.2.2: Household Monthly Consumer Expenditure (Rs.) by sector & broad group of food and non-food items:

Sl.No	Item Group (Code)	Rural	Urban	Delhi
A	Food Items			
1	cereals(129)	719.97	679.54	682.55
2	gram	23.67	20.27	20.52
3	cereal substitutes(139)	0.00	0.20	0.18
4	pulses&pulse products(159)	200.70	189.54	190.37
5	milk&milk products(169)	1030.45	1203.15	1190.31
6	sugar(179)	179.05	154.09	155.94
7	salt(189)	11.32	10.02	10.12
8	edible oil(199)	219.59	230.90	230.06
9	egg. Fish & meat(209)	76.57	150.17	144.70
10	vegetables(249)	439.53	476.36	473.62
11	fruits(fresh)(269)	116.67	228.59	220.26
12	fruits(dry)(279)	21.06	55.20	52.66
13	spices(289)	114.41	128.69	127.63
14	beverages,refreshments, etc(309)	494.97	880.40	851.74
	Food:total(A)	3647.99	4407.12	4350.66
B	Non-Food Items			
16	Pan(319)	2.50	16.45	15.41
17	Tobacco(329)	61.07	46.74	47.81
18	intoxicants(339)	71.59	67.21	67.54
	Total(16+17+18)	135.16	130.41	130.76
19	fuel & light(359)	649.68	993.57	968.00
20	clothing & bedding(379&389)	554.09	687.30	677.39
21	footwear(399)	120.26	151.81	149.46
22	education(409)	754.93	1165.41	1134.88
23	medical(institutional)(419)	7.09	71.28	66.51
24	medical(non-institutional)(429)	110.39	203.60	196.67
25	entertainment(439)	152.18	234.50	228.38
26	minor durable type goods(449)	23.56	61.69	58.85
27	toilet articles(459)	243.42	269.23	267.31
28	other household consumables(479)	204.52	244.22	241.27
29	consumer services excluding conveyance(499)	456.57	1099.78	1051.95
30	conveyance(519)	602.26	1078.63	1043.20
31	rent(529)	306.85	850.96	810.50
32	Consumer taxes & cesses (549)	55.91	180.92	171.62
33	durable goods(659)	304.38	524.35	507.99
	Non-food total(B)	4681.26	7947.66	7704.74
C	Total Expenditure(A+B)	8329.23	12354.78	12055.40

MPCE during the last five NSS rounds

Statement 4.3.3 gives the comparative position of MPCE under 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th and 66th rounds of NSS in much-detailed manner for rural and urban sectors.

Statement 4.3.3(R): Comparative Position of MPCE (Rs.) Under Different NSS Rounds

Item Group	Rural					
	60 th Round (Jan 2004- Jun 2004)	61 st Round (Jul 2004- Jun 2005)	62 nd Round (Jul 2005- Jun 2006)	63 rd Round (Jul 2006- Jun 2007)	64 th Round (Jul 2007- Jun 2008)	66 th Round (Jul 2009- Jun 2010)
Cereals	77.36	76.49	77.80	106.72	127.89	157.22
Cereal Substitutes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pulses & Pulse Products	26.00	24.43	21.48	33.33	41.78	42.43
Milk & Milk Products	145.54	152.94	151.92	172.71	223.57	217.87
Sugar	16.30	19.10	20.46	18.44	19.60	37.86
Salt	2.06	1.39	1.38	1.38	1.81	2.39
Edible Oil	30.32	32.79	33.50	37.62	49.91	46.43
Egg, Fish & Meat	13.05	8.92	9.22	15.87	22.01	16.19
Vegetables	52.53	53.56	53.01	66.95	82.10	92.93
Fruits (Fresh)	22.92	19.94	17.84	20.63	33.66	24.67
Fruits (Dry)	2.95	3.08	0.45	6.09	12.67	4.45
Spices	10.33	11.60	12.61	15.63	20.57	24.19
Beverages etc.	50.09	50.95	76.13	57.68	105.15	104.65
Sub-Total (Food)	449.46	455.19	475.8	553.05	740.72	771.27
Pan	1.99	0.26	0.31	0.20	1.14	0.53
Tobacco	11.58	9.23	12.04	9.94	7.30	12.91
Intoxicants	18.31	18.00	20.30	6.20	10.09	15.14
Fuel & Light	83.89	99.39	114.06	122.09	153.68	137.36
Clothing & Bedding	68.46	65.00	55.98	64.81	93.71	117.15
Foot Wear	16.95	20.00	11.41	17.26	19.40	25.43
Education	62.53	57.94	52.65	53.72	131.07	159.61
Medical :Institutional	13.5	13.00	0.04	23.06	18.33	1.50
Medical :Non- Institutional	18.06	14.06	17.01	29.48	34.59	23.34
Misc. Consumer Goods	49.22	48.51	47.30	79.77	97.48	99.69
Misc. Consumer Services	150.97	146.20	133.94	277.70	301.57	256.04
Rent	38.95	44.62	22.53	22.35	31.94	64.88
Taxes & Cesses	4.90	2.80	2.74	5.42	10.10	11.82
Durable Goods	24.33	27.00	63.57	39.22	52.18	64.35
Sub-Total(Non-food)	563.64	566.01	553.88	751.22	962.58	989.75
Total (Food + Non Food)	1013.10	1021.20	1029.68	1304.27	1703.30	1761.03

Statement 4.3.3(U): Comparative Position of MPCE (Rs.) Under Different NSS Rounds

Item Group	Urban					
	60 th Round (Jan 2004 -Jun2004)	61 st Round (Jul 2004- Jun 2005)	62 nd Round (Jul 2005- Jun 2006)	63 rd Round (Jul 2006- Jun 2007)	64 th Round (Jul 2007- Jun 2008)	66 th Round (Jul 2009- Jun 2010)
Cereals	89.42	88.59	93.54	126.43	133.78	164.54
Cereal Substitutes	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.07	0.02	0.05
Pulses & Pulse Products	26.58	26.76	31.64	37.96	39.45	44.57
Milk & Milk Products	157.19	174.52	173.01	202.12	212.07	282.89
Sugar	16.62	20.06	21.80	20.87	19.17	36.23
Salt	1.71	1.47	1.72	1.75	1.78	2.36
Edible Oil	38.32	37.19	37.05	44.44	50.39	54.29
Egg, Fish & Meat	16.40	18.72	28.25	27.71	30.89	35.31
Vegetables	62.55	65.53	66.25	76.26	87.51	112.00
Fruits (Fresh)	24.90	32.62	35.10	41.07	40.46	53.75
Fruits (Dry)	7.06	10.19	6.91	13.51	13.12	12.98
Spices	15.41	13.14	15.50	17.40	21.07	30.26
Beverages etc.	85.24	103.25	95.83	123.95	120.50	207.00
Sub-Total (Food)	541.41	592.06	606.59	733.53	770.21	1036.21
Pan	2.86	1.67	1.10	2.23	3.10	3.87
Tobacco	9.68	7.27	5.84	10.19	9.77	10.99
Intoxicants	6.78	7.37	5.08	10.71	10.80	15.80
Fuel & Light	123.16	149.12	148.35	175.62	178.15	233.61
Clothing & bedding etc	79.06	103.00	85.89	104.95	119.45	161.60
Foot Wear	24.38	23.49	17.83	25.97	24.25	35.69
Education	125.71	121.08	88.81	140.69	160.23	274.01
Medical :Institutional	8.40	5.00	2.90	15.99	11.94	16.76
Medical :Non- Institutional	27.16	20.75	28.87	37.64	60.48	47.87
Mis. Consumer Goods	102.37	73.93	66.46	100.81	103.78	135.23
Misc. Consumer Services	381.02	389.02	371.45	410.26	406.51	567.33
Rent	99.74	70.26	149.53	117.37	127.15	200.08
Taxes & Cesses	15.32	17.68	13.50	20.71	20.36	42.54
Durable Goods	59.32	60.00	152.74	65.53	71.86	123.29
Sub-Total(Non-food)	1064.95	1049.64	1138.36	1238.66	1307.83	1868.66
Total (Food + Non Food)	1606.36	1641.70	1744.95	1972.19	2078.04	2904.87

Statement 4.3.4: Percentage Distribution of expenditure of Broad Groups of Food and Non-Food Items:

Sl.No (1)	Items (2)	Rural (3)	Urban (4)	Total (5)
A	Food Items			
1	Cereal	8.64	5.50	5.66
2	Gram	0.28	0.16	0.17
3	Cereal Substitutes	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	Pulses & pulse products	2.41	1.53	1.58
5	Milk & milk products	12.37	9.74	9.87
6	Sugar	2.15	1.25	1.29
7	Salt	0.14	0.08	0.08
8	Edible oil	2.64	1.87	1.91
9	Egg, Fish & meat	0.92	1.22	1.20
10	Vegetables	5.28	3.86	3.93
11	Fruits(fresh)	1.40	1.85	1.83
12	Fruits(dry)	0.25	0.45	0.44
13	Spices	1.37	1.04	1.06
14	Beverages, refreshments, etc	5.94	7.13	7.07
	Food :Total(A)	43.80	35.67	36.09
B	Non-Food Items			
1	Pan	0.03	0.13	0.13
2	Tobacco	0.73	0.38	0.40
3	Intoxicants	0.86	0.54	0.56
4	Fuel & light	7.80	8.04	8.03
5	Clothing & bedding	6.65	5.56	5.62
6	Footwear	1.44	1.23	1.24
7	Education	9.06	9.43	9.41
8	Medical(Institutional)	0.09	0.58	0.55
9	Medical(non-Institutional)	1.33	1.65	1.63
10	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods			
i	Minor durable type goods	0.28	0.50	0.49
ii	Toilet articles	2.92	2.18	2.22
iii	Other household consumables	2.46	1.98	2.00
	Sub-Total (10)	5.66	4.66	4.71
11	Miscellaneous Consumer Services			
i	Entertainment	1.83	1.9	1.89
ii	Consumer services (excl. conveyance)	5.48	8.90	8.73
iii	Conveyance	7.23	8.73	8.65
	Sub-Total(11)	14.54	19.53	19.27
12	rent	3.68	6.89	6.72
13	Consumer taxes & cesses	0.67	1.46	1.42
14	durable goods	3.65	4.24	4.21
	Non-food total(B)	56.20	64.33	63.91
C	Total Expenditure(A+B)	100.00	100.00	100.00

Further Percentage distribution of MPCE for broad groups of food and non-food items is presented in statement 4.3.4. The statement reveals that, out of every hundred rupees spent by households in Delhi about Rs.36/- was spent on food items and Rs.64/- on non-food items. Further study revealed that miscellaneous consumer services account for 19.27%, Milk and Milk Products 9.87%, cereals 5.66%, rent 6.72%, clothing & bedding 5.62% and fuels & lighting 8.03%, education 9.41%, beverages 7.07% of the MPCE.

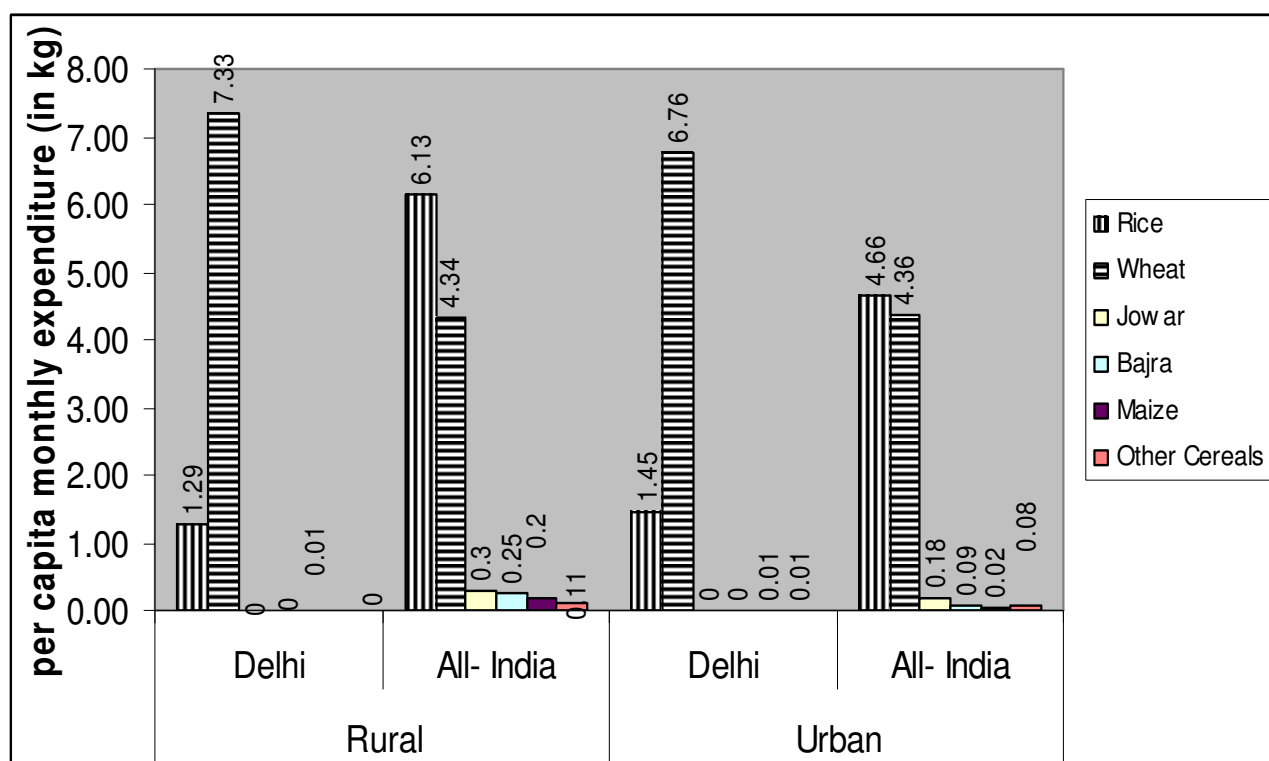
Consumption of Cereals

Per capita monthly consumption of selected Cereals (in quantity) are presented in statement 4.3.5 In Rural Delhi the Per Capita monthly consumption of Cereals was worked out to 8.64 Kgs. While the corresponding figures for all India was 11.35 Kgs. Similarly in Urban Delhi the quantity of cereals consumption per month/ per capita was estimated at 8.23 Kgs as against 9.39 Kgs for all India.

Statement 4.3.5: Per Capita Monthly Consumption of Different Cereals

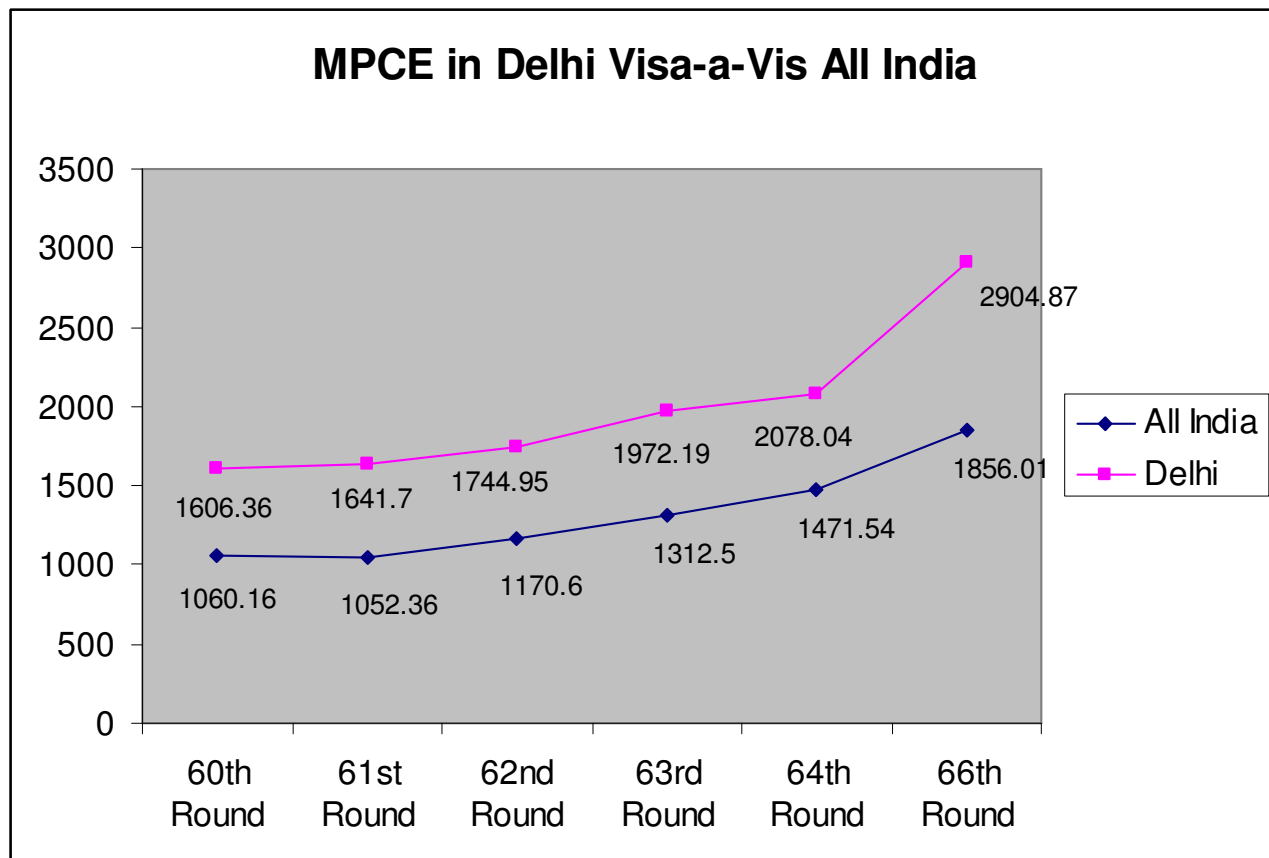
S.No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Consumption (in Kg)			
		Rural		Urban	
		Delhi	All- India	Delhi	All- India
1	Rice	1.29	6.13	1.45	4.66
2	Wheat	7.33	4.34	6.76	4.36
3	Jowar	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.18
4	Bajra	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.09
5	Maize	0.01	0.20	0.01	0.02
6	Other Cereals	0.00	0.11	0.01	0.08
Total Cereals		8.64	11.35	8.23	9.39

Comparison of Monthly Per Capita Consumption of Rice & Wheat in Delhi & All India



MPCE in Delhi Visa-a-Vis All India

MPCE of Delhi and All India in respect of urban areas under different NSS rounds is presented in chart. The data of India pertains to central sample.

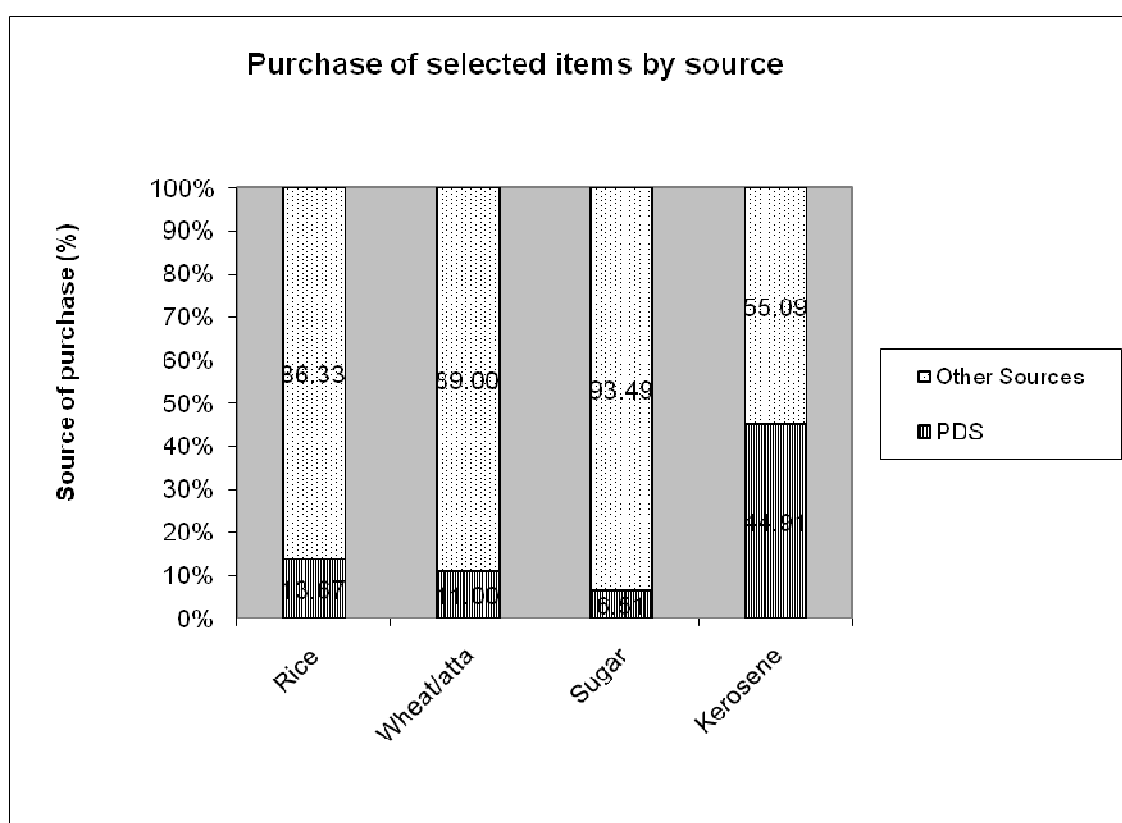


OFFTAKE FROM PDS & OTHER SOURCES

The popularity of PDS can be measured in terms of the proportion of purchases made from PDS vis-à-vis open market. During the survey, data on off take from PDS and other sources was collected in respect of certain selected items of daily use. Statement reveals that out of the total quantity of wheat/atta purchased nearly 11% is from PDS and 89% from open market. In case of Kerosene the percentage of purchase made from PDS was 44.91%. Sugar is being distributed to the BPL card holder only at present.

**Statement 4.3.6: Off-take from Public Distribution System and Other Sources in Delhi
(Quantity Percentage)**

Item	Rural		Urban		Combined	
	PDS	Other Sources	PDS	Other Sources	PDS	Other Sources
Rice	18.99	81.01	13.38	86.62	13.67	86.33
Wheat/atta	13.03	86.97	10.85	89.15	11.00	89.00
Sugar	11.20	88.80	6.17	93.83	6.51	93.49
Kerosene	0.00	100.00	46.14	53.86	44.91	55.09



4.4 COMPARISION OF KEY FINDINGS

Selected findings of Central and State Samples are presented along with sample households covered in statement 4.4.1 The important indicators of the survey, namely estimated population, households, household size, household consumer expenditure and per capita monthly consumption of cereals were by and large found to be comparable in both sets of data.

Statement 4.4.1: Compari son of Key Results of Central & State Sample

S.No	Item	Number	
		Rural	Urban
A	Sample (Households)		
1	Central Sample (Delhi)	57	808
2	State Sample (Delhi)	128	1859
B	Estimated. Households ('00)		
1	Central Sample (Delhi)	2021	29020
2	State Sample (Delhi)	2212	27529
C	Estimated Population('00)		
1	Central Sample (Delhi)	5199	105861
2	State Sample (Delhi)	8759	123393
D	Average Household Size		
1	All-India	4.65	4.14
2	Central Sample (Delhi)	2.57	3.64
3	State Sample (Delhi)	3.96	4.48
E	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (MPCE)(in Rs)		
1	All-India	953.05	1856.01
	Food Items	497.09	727.49
	Non-Food Items	455.96	1128.52
2	Central Sample (Delhi)	1714.29	2411.69
	Food Items	793.22	889.77
	Non-Food Items	921.07	1521.92
3	State Sample (Delhi)	1761.03	2904.87
	Food Items	771.28	1036.21
	Non-Food Items	989.75	1868.66
F	Monthly Per Capita Consumption Of Cereals (in Kg.)		
1	All-India	11.35	9.39
2	Central Sample (Delhi)	8.61	6.80
3	State Sample (Delhi)	8.64	8.23

State-wise position of MPCE

MPCE in respect of 26 major States/UTs including Delhi is given in statement 4.3.6. The data of other states pertains to central sample. It may be noted from the statement that Delhi ranked first in rural and urban areas among States/UT's. This signifies the prevalence of relatively better levels of living standards in Delhi when compared to other states. MPCE of Delhi and All India in respect of urban areas under different NSS rounds is presented in chart. The data of India pertains to central sample.

Statement 4.4.2: Monthly Per Capita Expenditure – State-wise

Rank	Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (Rs.)			Rank
	Rural	State/UT	Urban	
10	1234	Andhra Pradesh	2338	5
5	1546	Arunachal Pradesh	1947	12
19	1003	Assam	1755	16
26	780	Bihar	1238	25
25	784	Chhattisgarh	1647	20
2	1761	Delhi	2905	1
-	2068	(State Sample) (Central Sample)	2654	-
15	1110	Gujarat	1909	13
7	1510	Haryana	2321	6
6	1536	Himachal Pradesh	2654	2
8	1344	Jammu & Kashmir	1759	15
23	825	Jharkhand	1584	22
18	1020	Karnataka	2053	8
1	1835	Kerala	2413	4
21	903	Madhya Pradesh	1666	18
14	1153	Maharashtra	2437	3
17	1027	Manipur	1106	26
15	1110	Meghalaya	1629	21
9	1262	Mizoram	1947	12
24	818	Orissa	1548	24
4	1649	Punjab	2109	7
11	1179	Rajasthan	1663	19
13	1160	Tamil Nadu	1948	11
12	1176	Tripura	1871	14
22	899	Uttar Pradesh	1574	23
3	1747	Uttanchal	1745	17
20	952	West Bengal	1965	10
16	1054	All-India	1984	9

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SECTION FIVE

STATISTICAL TABLES

SECTION FIVE

NOTE ON STATISTICAL TABLES

ESTIMATED POPULATION:

The estimated population of Delhi as per survey was 1305203 persons against population of 16354000 projected on the basis of recently released provisional estimates of Census-2011 by Registrar General of India as on 01-03-2011. The projection for the previous year (i.e as on 01-03-2010) was made after deducting the decennial growth for a year.

Statement 5.1: Estimated Survey Population & Households

Item	Rural			Urban			Combined		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Survey Population	469635	406309	875944	6715652	5613607	12329259	7185287	6019916	13205203
Population Projections (As On 1st March, 2010) on the basis of RGI estimates as on 01-03-2011	241000	203000	444000	8549000	7361000	15910000	8790000	7564000	16354000
Adjustment Factor	0.51316448	0.49961975	-	1.27299628	1.31127811	-	-	-	-
Household (Survey)	221162			2752854			2974016		
Household (Projected)	112103			3552368			3664471		
Adjustment Factor	0.50688183322			1.29043094911			-		

Comparison of survey population with projected population based on RGI estimates was made (as on 01.03.2010) to ascertain the discrepancies, if any, between the two sets of data. Sample survey estimates were found to be on the lower side in urban and on higher side in rural for obvious reasons. For the benefit of data users adjustment factor was worked out and presented in the statement 5.1. This is to be applied in respect of rural (deflated) and urban (inflated) aggregates to get the data comparable with RGI's population projections. However these adjustment factors have already been applied while presenting the data in all the statements under section 4 of this report. Similarly, Adjustment Factor for households was also worked out and inserted in the statement 5.1 above. To keep the survey results intact the average household size as per survey results

used as a denominator to the projected population to get the projected households. Details of the sample are given in the statement 5.2.

Statement 5.2: Age-Group wise Distribution of Sample Persons by Gender

Age Group	Rural			Urban			Combined		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
0-6	48	42	90	495	412	907	543	454	997
7-9	17	9	26	226	197	423	243	206	449
10-14	38	31	69	445	349	794	483	380	863
15-19	39	31	70	469	358	827	508	389	897
20-24	38	37	75	506	397	903	544	434	978
25-29	26	27	53	451	355	806	477	382	859
30-34	29	17	46	366	326	692	395	343	738
35-39	17	14	31	326	299	625	343	313	656
40-44	13	26	39	278	224	502	291	250	541
45-49	24	17	41	283	251	534	307	268	575
50-54	16	15	31	213	160	373	229	175	404
55-59	12	11	23	155	139	294	167	150	317
60 & above	20	14	34	274	263	537	294	277	571
Total	337	291	628	4487	3730	8217	4824	4021	8845

Table(1): Estimated number of households and persons by sex for each MPCE class (Type-II)

RURAL						
MPCE class (Rs.)	Population					
	Households	Adults		Children		Total
		Male	Female	Male	Female	
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	7146	20982	14329	697	700	36708
1001-1500	78467	111692	123186	58630	77374	370882
1501-2000	52623	91377	73745	41492	18254	224867
2001-2500	27421	47323	34369	5306	2839	89837
2501-3000	26036	33093	31251	17578	1160	83083
above3000	29469	40054	27103	1412	1998	70566
all classes	221162	344521	303983	125114	102325	875944
sample no.		234	209	103	82	628
URBAN						
MPCE class (Rs)	Population					
	Households	Adults		Children		Total
		Male	Female	Male	Female	
upto 500		0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	86950	175390	159164	140449	100571	575574
1001-1500	406642	813219	698223	506722	380992	2399156
1501-2000	537987	973042	835591	456070	359739	2624443
2001-2500	306652	595555	433446	138663	152040	1319704
2501-3000	253019	468491	379829	139520	79707	1067547
above3000	1161603	1906973	1677900	401558	356404	4342835
Total	2752854	4932670	4184153	1782982	1429454	12329259

Table 1(A):Estimated number of households and persons by sex for each mpce class(MRP) (Type-I)

RURAL						
MPCE class (Rs.)	Estimated number					
	Households	Adults		Children		Total
		Male	Female	Male	Female	
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	14053	26343	39799	8828	7842	82812
1001-1500	72155	143764	115478	72959	69258	401458
1501-2000	50223	100404	83293	27142	38853	249692
2001-2500	52291	95285	72228	8850	10052	186415
2501-3000	15644	30881	10399	5393	1555	48227
above 3000	16795	40180	20850	2644	13765	77439
Total	221162	436856	342046	125815	141325	1046042
URBAN						
MPCE class (Rs.)	Estimated number					
	Households	Adults		Children		Total
		Male	Female	Male	Female	
upto 500	1752	1752	1752	5255	7007	15765
501-1000	116072	213015	181710	176650	162194	733569
1001-1500	517124	949960	825043	489273	499935	2764210
1501-2000	443988	767921	608828	317571	255526	1949846
2001-2500	331430	533254	419445	191112	122818	1266629
2501-3000	248101	425976	332021	111345	86183	955524
above 3000	1094143	1778847	1548704	387210	306903	4021663
Total	2752610	4670724	3917503	1678415	1440564	11707206

Table 2 : Distribution of households by MPCE classes and different social groups.					(Type-II)
Rural					
MPCE class (Rs)	Households type				
	SC	ST	OBC	OTHERS	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	7060	0	86	7146
1001-1500	712	27797	21964	27994	78467
1501-2000	0	15173	7961	29488	52623
2001-2500	0	7981	5901	12862	26743
2501-3000	0	6665	0	20049	26714
above 3000	0	6453	8746	14270	29469
all	712	71129	44571	104749	221162
Total	5454	259924	204086	406480	875944
Urban					
MPCE class (Rs)	Households type				
	SC	ST	OBC	OTHERS	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	32292	12110	42549	86950
1001-1500	0	135606	65582	205455	406642
1501-2000	9854	191793	98899	237442	537987
2001-2500	6131	75856	45034	179631	306652
2501-3000	5219	48053	31001	168746	253019
above 3000	10231	70457	62927	1017988	1161603
all	31435	554055	315553	1851810	2752854
Total	140406	2573468	1436647	8178737	12329259

Table3 : Households headed by male / female (Type-II)			
Sector	Male headed	Female headed	Total
	Estd	Estd	Estd
Rural	201219	19942	221162
Urban	2563620	189234	2752854
Total	2764839	209176	2974016

Table 4 : Distribution of person by type of Marital Status (Female)					(Type -II)
Rural					
Age group	Never Married	Currently Married	Widowed	Divoced/Seperated	Total
0-4	12297	0	0	0	12297
5 to 6	21316	0	0	0	21316
7 to 9	15509	0	0	0	15509
10 to 14	53203	0	0	0	53203
15 to 19	48688	4059	0	0	52747
20 to 24	17955	28965	0	0	46920
25 to 29	14213	25521	0	0	39733
30 to 34	0	18379	2072	0	20451
35 to 39	0	15354	5780	0	21134
40 to 44	6453	41469	37	0	47959
45 to 49	0	29032	222	0	29254
50 to 54	0	14616	1292	0	15908
55 to 59	0	10094	0	0	10094
Above 60	0	12920	6864	0	19784
Total	189634	200408	16267	0	406309
Urban					
Age group	Never Married	Currently Married	Widowed	Divoced/Seperated	Total
0-4	430975	0	0	0	430975
5 to 6	170362	0	0	0	170362
7 to 9	266340	0	0	0	266340
10 to 14	559661	0	0	0	559661
15 to 19	607119	20804	0	0	627923
20 to 24	322523	314991	0	0	637513
25 to 29	80152	397538	0	2039	479729
30 to 34	11050	421221	3455	1515	437242
35 to 39	9085	437892	17000	1221	465198
40 to 44	1872	343458	15786	1058	362174
45 to 49	3275	323479	49898	244	376896
50 to 54	123	204404	14168	3503	222197
55 to 59	163	167841	36664	981	205648
Above 60	570	180146	191032	0	371747
Total	2463270	2811775	328002	10560	5613607

Table 5 Distribution of persons by level of education for each age group (Type-II)										
Rural										
Male										
Age group	Not literate	Literate without any schooling	literate but below primary	Primary	Middle	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Diploma /Certificate course	Graduate & above	Total
0-4	50603	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50603
5 to 6	6550	0	747	0	0	0	0	0	0	7297
7 to 9	0	0	17662	45	0	0	0	0	0	17707
10 to 14	4172	0	31845	4290	9199	0	0	0	0	49507
15 to 19	0	0	0	1326	12704	12424	21728	0	0	48181
20 to 24	0	0	0	7704	7785	16276	10693	0	1845	44303
25 to 29	1359	0	0	0	16231	19070	6539	0	8397	51595
30 to 34	0	0	0	1353	8934	10778	23214	0	1243	45521
35 to 39	0	0	0	0	6235	15549	2299	0	758	24841
40 to 44	0	0	19	2707	4767	15945	1670	0	0	25109
45 to 49	6557	0	0	12505	4252	10679	11083	0	209	45284
50 to 54	8	0	6856	41	6854	11536	225	0	1102	26624
55 to 59	285	0	45	6297	48	1595	0	0	611	8880
Above 60	4027	0	2568	1658	7454	2481	5996	0	0	24183
Total	73563	0	59742	37925	84462	116333	83446	0	14164	469635
Female										
0-4	12297	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12297
5 to 6	3607	0	17709	0	0	0	0	0	0	21316
7 to 9	496	0	15013	0	0	0	0	0	0	15509
10 to 14	600	0	16656	21892	14056	0	0	0	0	53203
15 to 19	0	0	0	20978	11111	8406	12252	0	0	52747
20 to 24	1376	0	0	1490	6545	15227	10756	0	11527	46920
25 to 29	2116	0	204	3881	8789	7621	16529	0	593	39733
30 to 34	41	0	0	2113	6330	3567	8399	0	0	20451
35 to 39	678	0	204	8126	5260	555	6311	0	0	21134
40 to 44	23884	0	220	2113	13190	1890	6662	0	0	47959
45 to 49	9350	0	959	777	12423	5744	0	0	0	29254
50 to 54	7943	0	0	951	6562	0	452	0	0	15908
55 to 59	2598	0	536	631	6329	0	0	0	0	10094
Above 60	6220	0	1115	5996	6453	0	0	0	0	19784
Total	71205	0	52616	68947	97049	43010	61361	0	12120	406309

Table (5) Distribution of persons by level of education for each age group (Type -II)

Urban										
Male										
Age group	Not literate	Literate without formal schooling	Literate but below primary	Primary	Middle	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Diploma/Certificate course	Graduate & above	Total
0-4	510001	488	10147	0	0	0	0	0	0	520636
5 to 6	88296	0	155368	0	0	0	0	0	0	243665
7 to 9	5630	318	334166	10393	0	0	0	0	0	350507
10 to 14	11802	0	289430	292747	71726	2468	0	0	0	668174
15 to 19	25141	0	28252	136817	202413	233895	143700	0	244	770463
20 to 24	24307	0	37952	78211	107829	108904	275711	2167	164906	799987
25 to 29	28337	0	25104	61267	97586	135945	89707	7873	220705	666524
30 to 34	16364	0	16922	61022	61927	88637	73667	6230	175817	500586
35 to 39	30772	0	16522	36636	60022	110376	83050	9587	129471	476436
40 to 44	30776	0	12370	54891	85440	81417	51422	1513	108618	426447
45 to 49	39174	0	12416	42523	53897	51485	69819	2562	146853	418730
50 to 54	26639	0	6029	24632	26238	29807	59550	0	116133	289028
55 to 59	23614	0	13995	24755	17773	19986	34220	1035	78822	214200
Above 60	38486	1752	19689	41691	37942	50764	33299	814	145834	370271
Total	899339	2558	978362	865585	822794	913686	914144	31781	1287403	6715652
Female										
0-4	426035	0	4940	0	0	0	0	0	0	430975
5 to 6	65596	955	103811	0	0	0	0	0	0	170362
7 to 9	12790	0	249990	3560	0	0	0	0	0	266340
10 to 14	8113	0	173479	307333	68911	3942	0	0	0	561777
15 to 19	16437	0	38471	112615	157138	189812	106533	4802	0	625807
20 to 24	61676	0	19321	56997	61778	82142	158841	3093	193666	637513
25 to 29	76351	0	17392	43708	36752	74493	40371	7569	183093	479729
30 to 34	77103	0	19378	44223	58940	65009	43250	1302	128036	437242
35 to 39	115179	0	39016	56128	50267	70621	46479	858	86650	465198
40 to 44	100248	0	28094	51097	28217	40440	21182	1139	91758	362174
45 to 49	83196	0	17036	46176	41791	26207	55429	1930	105131	376896
50 to 54	49942	0	6886	37126	9939	30940	27420	0	59944	222197
55 to 59	59691	0	13225	20653	14184	26064	15852	0	55980	205648
Above 60	115302	0	25698	63353	33725	37489	25253	478	70450	371747
Total	1267657	955	756737	842969	561642	647158	540610	21172	974707	5613607

Table 6 : Distribution of household by household type of each MPCE class (Type -II)						
Rural						
MPCE class (Rs)	households type					
	self-employed in non-agriculture	Agricultural labour	Other labour	Self employed in agriculture	Other	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	0	6856	0	289	7146
1001-1500	7337	8409	9146	9643	43932	78467
1501-2000	8288	0	2123	3239	38972	52623
2001-2500	2290	0	0	628	23825	26743
2501-3000	10508	0	1423	1057	13726	26714
above 3000	1545	0	0	2206	25718	29469
Total	29969	8409	19547	16773	146463	221162

Table 6 :Break up of persons by MPCE class from different households types (Type-II)

Urban					
	households type				
MPCE class (Rs)	self-employed in non-agriculture	Regular wage/salary earning	Casual labour	Other labour	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	28751	45047	11926	1226	86950
1001-1500	153847	212134	32260	8402	406642
1501-2000	184372	323137	26767	3712	537987
2001-2500	128733	153992	15692	8234	306652
2501-3000	100148	127387	8903	16581	253019
above 3000	522862	520271	1510	116960	1161603
Total	1118712	1381968	97058	155115	2752854

table 7 Distribution of households and status of dwelling unit (Type - II)					
RURAL					
MPCE (Rs)	Owned	Hired	No Dwelling unit	Others	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	7146	0	0	0	7146
1001-1500	53226	25241	0	0	78467
1501-2000	50996	1626	0	0	52623
2001-2500	21080	5663	0	0	26743
2501-3000	24222	2492	0	0	26714
above 3000	10851	18618	0	0	29469
Total	167522	53639	0	0	221162
URBAN					
MPCE (Rs)	Owned	Hired	No Dwelling unit	Others	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	50715	22259	0	13975	86950
1001-1500	230718	125598	0	50327	406642
1501-2000	340476	162758	0	34753	537987
2001-2500	190659	95856	0	20136	306652
2501-3000	151943	92555	0	8521	253019
above 3000	797244	354194	0	10166	1161603
Total	1761755	853221	0	137878	2752854

Table 8: Distribution of households having access to internet at home and average MPCE Type- II

Rural				
MPCE Class (Rs)	Households with internet access at home	Households without internet access at home	Not recorded	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	7146	0	7146
1001-1500	0	78467	0	78467
1501-2000	333	52290	0	52623
2001-2500	0	26743	0	26743
2501-3000	0	26714	0	26714
above 3000	193	29276	0	29469
Total	527	220635	0	221162
Urban				
MPCE Class (Rs)	Households with internet access at home	Households without internet access at home	Not recorded	Total
upto 500	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	86950	0	86950
1001-1500	0	406642	0	406642
1501-2000	4287	533700	0	537987
2001-2500	10627	296025	0	306652
2501-3000	23136	229883	0	253019
above 3000	396577	765027	0	1161603
Total	434627	2318227	0	2752854

Table 9 : Distribution of households by primary source for cooking as per different MPCE class

(Type-II)

Rural											
MPCE Class (Rs)	Housholds with primary source of energy for cooking										Total
	coke, coal	firewood and chips	LPG	gobar gas	dung gas	charcoal	kerosene	electricity	others	no cooking arrangement	
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	0	7146	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7146
1001-1500	0	1356	62518	0	14593	0	0	0	0	0	78467
1501-2000	0	0	38709	0	8251	0	5663	0	0	0	52623
2001-2500	0	0	25387	0	1356	0	0	0	0	0	26743
2501-3000	0	0	25296	0	1418	0	0	0	0	0	26714
above 3000	0	0	25297	0	0	0	0	0	0	4172	29469
Total	0	1356	184352	0	25618	0	5663	0	0	4172	221162
Urban											
MPCE Class (Rs)	Housholds with primary source of energy for cooking										Total
	coke, coal	firewood and chips	LPG	gobar gas	dung gas	charcoal	kerosene	electricity	others	no cooking arrangement	
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	15876	53333	0	3432	0	13083	0	0	1226	86950
1001-1500	0	12092	346076	0	1226	0	43869	0	0	3379	406642
1501-2000	1628	10962	472786	0	5148	163	47141	0	0	159	537987
2001-2500	0	4459	275778	0	0	796	14514	0	0	11106	306652
2501-3000	0	2198	229238	0	4165	0	7723	0	0	9696	253019
above 3000	0	0	1112685	0	5175	1274	7933	0	0	34536	1161603
Total	1628	45587	2489896	0	19146	2233	134263	0	0	60101	2752854

Table 10 : Households in each MPCE class by primary source of energy fro lighting

(Type-II)

Rural								
MPCE Class (Rs)	Households with primary source of energy fro lighting							Total
	kerosene	other oil	gas	candle	electricity	others	no lighting arrangements	
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	0	0	0	7146	0	0	7146
1001-1500	0	0	0	0	78467	0	0	78467
1501-2000	0	0	0	0	52623	0	0	52623
2001-2500	0	0	0	0	26743	0	0	26743
2501-3000	0	0	0	0	26714	0	0	26714
above 3000	0	0	0	0	29469	0	0	29469
Total								0
Urban								
MPCE Class (Rs)	Households with primary source of energy for lighting							Total
	kerosene	other oil	gas	candle	electricity	others	no lighting arrangements	
upto 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
501-1000	0	0	318	0	86632	0	0	86950
1001-1500	0	0	318	733	403508	0	2084	406642
1501-2000	0	0	159	0	536474	1354	0	537987
2001-2500	0	0	0	0	306082	0	570	306652
2501-3000	0	0	0	0	253019	0	0	253019
above 3000	0	0	5175	0	1156428	0	0	1161603
Total								0

Table (11): Break-up of Total Monthly (Value) per capita expenditure (MPCE) over broad groups of items for households in different household MPCE classes

Items	Rural	Urban
1	2	3
Cereal	159231066	1870509272
Gram	5234862	55782782
Cereal substitutes	0	542218
Pulses&pulse products	44388164	521742444
Milk&milk products	227896572	3311809891
Sugar	39598645	424142967
Salt	2502675	27586560
Edible oil	48565485	635586843
Egg. Fish & meat	16935402	413363695
Vegetables	97208141	1311232372
Fruits(fresh)	25802539	629208016
Fruits(dry)	4657498	151942711
Spices	25303376	354232116
Beverages,refreshments,etc	109467707	2423407332
Food:Total	806792133	12131089220
Pan	552322	45278515
Tobacco	13507201	128668735
Intoxicants	15833248	185009120
Fuel & light	143685234	2734914260
Clothing & bedding	122542919	1891856097
Footwear	26596047	417872839
Education	166961874	3207923133
Medical(Institutional)	1567915	196217002
Medical(non-Institutional)	24415158	560433317
Entertainment	33656835	645499675
Minor durable type goods	5210517	169809435
Toilet articles	53836106	741078936
Other household consumables	45232266	672239245
Consumer services excluding conveyance	100976849	3027268929
Conveyance	133196205	2969044141
Rent	67864477	2342367124
Taxes &cesses	12364820	497993006
Durable goods	67317843	1443339757
Total	1842109967	34007902484

(Type-II)

Table 12 : Monthly households consumption from PDS of rice, wheat/atta,sugar and kerosene (Kg/Litre)				
Rural				
items	No. of households		PDS	Others
	PDS	Others	QTY	QTY
Rice	21234	169760	176247	751860
Wheat/atta	38366	197306	774908	5173281
Sugar	26446	197205	100763	799146
Kerosene	0	17923	0	66183
Urban				
items	No. of households		PDS	Others
	PDS	Others	QTY	QTY
Rice	330786	2428493	2306301	14929397
Wheat/atta	420147	2628124	8430975	69283961
Sugar	160210	2603027	757041	11515025
Kerosene	107257	161435	1114510	1301234

Table 13(U): Quantity (Kg)consumption of cereals and pulses for a period of 30 days for each class of mpce (MRP) (Type-I)

Urban										
MPCE CLASS	MPCE CLASS(MRP)								No. of hhs reporting consumption	No. of persons
	upto 500	501-1000	1001-1500	1501-2000	2001-2500	2501-3000	above 3000	Total	Total	Total
rice	52549	890047	4044343	3025427	1895672	1602528	5489708	17000273	2635474	1063325
wheat	57804	4349405	18451734	13298226	8941022	6791102	27303382	79192674	2673800	1064594
jowar	0	0	0	0	0	0	1814	1814	3261	735
bajra	0	796	8981	2486	7625	1970	3757	25615	46196	11126
maize	0	6006	10049	31813	8674	3609	28772	88924	92312	41330
barley	0	0	398	0	955	0	13989	15343	3748	2451
small millets	0	0	2379	0	0	414	0	2793	6629	31379
ragi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
other cereals	0	0	17547	4932	14433	4381	11673	52967	34009	23203
total cereals	110353	5246254	22500336	16362884	10868381	8404003	32853096	96345308	2675591	1064594
gram	1752	73217	261603	204666	105836	101029	512453	1260556	1850915	815625
creal substitutes	0	0	0	2942	2279	858	4114	10192	9911	20592
arhar	1752	53776	250643	214330	161431	107306	652461	1441698	2081401	787500
gram(split)	0	80285	287827	205430	125817	82794	312394	1094547	1925144	737448
moong	0	46476	166997	143337	121193	83028	473725	1034756	2073734	707015
masur	0	66897	304022	231993	167497	118834	503637	1392880	2385512	1043958
urd	0	33007	152399	146333	94837	68285	352635	847495	1820255	547939
peas	5255	22621	63978	27114	12628	8755	29724	170075	232064	163192
kheasri	0	570	4999	368	870	705	4211	11722	22710	41056
other pulses	0	36181	190693	189874	112739	97739	428694	1055921	1491825	622497
pulse products	876	60966	268528	187668	134065	99794	595893	1347789	2137834	812453
Pulses & pulse products	7882	400777	1690085	1346447	931076	667240	3353375	8396883	14170479	5463057

Table 13(R): Quantity (Kg)consumption of cereals and pulses for a period of 30 days for each class of mpce (MRP) (Type-I)

Rural										
MPCE CLASS	MPCE CLASS(MRP)								No. of hhs reporting consumption	No. of persons
	upto 500	501-1000	1001-1500	1501-2000	2001-2500	2501-3000	above 3000	Total	Total	Total
rice	0	130035	563732	280658	240193	56042	83835	1354495	220643	1044694
wheat	0	542341	2995846	1902155	1287659	367960	574600	7670561	221082	1045963
jowar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
bajra	0	21	555	0	580	0	0	1156	2312	8675
maize	0	0	0	7784	0	282	2720	10786	9436	39859
barley	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
small millets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ragi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
other cereals	0	0	0	632	0	0	0	632	1264	21494
total cereals	0	672397	3560134	2191228	1528433	424284	661155	9037630	221082	1045963
gram	0	3766	38451	44288	29057	7023	8109	130695	163914	796993
creal substitutes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
arhar	0	676	34790	34195	51680	8142	9246	138729	164139	768869
gram(split)	0	19248	26265	12737	16922	4810	4170	84152	144251	718816
moong	0	6704	23603	16351	29800	4162	4161	84781	139526	688383
masur	0	13560	52294	35742	30177	10379	6723	148875	213421	1025326
urd	0	102	13889	18811	15868	2481	1889	53040	118588	542423
peas	0	7125	7516	3774	1434	35	214	20098	24245	159270
kheasri	0	0	1583	694	0	0	0	2277	7442	36661
other pulses	0	3717	35199	26963	10494	7204	8352	91930	116593	603866
pulse products	0	4075	29724	21543	26097	4603	5883	91924	154153	793822
Pulses & pulse products	0	55207	224862	170809	182472	41816	40639	715805	1082358	5337436

APPENDIX-A

**HOUSEHOLD CONSUMER EXPENDITURE
SCHEDULE (1.0)**

RURAL		*
URBAN		

CENTRAL		*
STATE		

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY ORGANISATION
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SURVEY
SIXTY-SIXTH ROUND: JULY 2009 - JUNE 2010**

**SCHEDULE 1.0: CONSUMER EXPENDITURE
Schedule Type 1**

[0] descriptive identification of sample household	
1. state/u.t.:	5. hamlet name:
2. district:	6. ward/inv. unit/block:
3. tehsil/town:	7. name of head of household:
4. village name:	8. name of informant:

[1] identification of sample household							
item no.	item	code			item no.	item	code
1.	srl. no. of sample village/ block				11.	sub-sample	
2.	round number	6		6	12.	FOD sub-region	
3.	schedule number	0	1	0	13.	sample hamlet-group/sub-block number	
4.	sample (central-1, state-2)				14.	second stage stratum	
5.	sector (rural-1, urban-2)				15.	sample household number	
6.	NSS region				16.	srl. no. of informant (as in col.1, block 4)	
7.	district				17.	response code	
8.	stratum				18.	survey code	
9.	sub-stratum				19.	reason for substitution of original household (code)	
10.	sub-round				20.	schedule type	1

CODES FOR BLOCK 1

item 17: response code : informant: co-operative and capable -1, co-operative but not capable -2, busy -3, reluctant - 4, others - 9

item 18: survey code : original – 1, substitute – 2, casualty – 3

item 19: reason for substitution of original household : informant busy -1, members away from home -2, informant non-cooperative -3, others - 9

* tick mark (✓) may be put in the appropriate place.

[2] particulars of field operations										
srl. no.	item	investigator						supervisory officer		
(1)	(2)	(3)						(4)		
1.	i) name (block letters)									
	ii) code									
2.	date(s) of :	DD	MM	YY	DD	MM	YY			
	(i) survey/inspection									
	(ii) receipt									
	(iii) scrutiny									
	(iv) despatch									
3.	number of additional sheets attached									
4.	total time taken to canvass schedule 1.0 (in minutes)									
5.	whether schedule contains remarks (yes-1, no-2)	in block 13/14						elsewhere in the schedule		
6.	signature									

[3] household characteristics									
1. household size					during July 08 to June 09	14. land cultivated (0.000 ha)			
2. principal industry (NIC-2004)	description:					15. land irrigated (0.000 ha)			
	code (5-digit)								
3. principal occupation (NCO-2004)	description:				primary source of energy for	16. cooking (code)			
	code (3-digit)					17. lighting (code)			
4. household type (code)					18. dwelling unit code (owned-1, hired-2, no dwelling unit-3, others-9)				
5. religion (code)									
6. social group (code)					19. is any member of the household a regular salary earner? (yes-1, no -2)				
7. whether owns any land (yes-1, no -2)									
8. if yes in item 7, type of land owned (homestead only – 1, homestead and other land – 2, other land only – 3)					20. did the household perform any ceremony during the last 30 days? (yes – 1, no – 2)				
land as on the date of survey (in 0.000 hectares)									
9. owned					21. no. of meals served to non-household members during the last 30 days				
10. leased-in									
11. otherwise possessed (neither owned nor leased-in)					22. whether the household has access to internet at home on the date of survey (yes-1, no-2)				
12. leased-out									
13. total possessed [items (9+10+11-12)]									

CODES FOR BLOCK 3

item 4: **household type** : for rural areas: self-employed in non-agriculture-1, agricultural labour-2, other labour-3, self-employed in agriculture-4, others-9

for urban areas: self-employed-1, regular wage/salary earning-2, casual labour-3, others-9

item 5: **religion** : Hinduism-1, Islam-2, Christianity -3, Sikhism-4, Jainism-5, Buddhism-6, Zoroastrianism-7, others-9

item 6: **social group** : Scheduled Tribes-1, Scheduled Castes-2, Other Backward Classes-3, others-9

item 16: **primary source of energy for cooking** : coke, coal-01, firewood and chips-02, LPG-03, gobar gas-04, dung cake-05, charcoal-06, kerosene-07, electricity-08, others-09, no cooking arrangement-10

item 17: **primary source of energy for lighting** : kerosene-1, other oil -2, gas-3, candle-4, electricity-5, others-9, no lighting arrangement-6

Note: 1 acre = 0.4047 hectare

[4] demographic and other particulars of household members													
srl. no.	name of member	relation to head (code)	sex (male-1, female-2)	age (years)	marital status (code)	general educational level (code)	no. of days stayed away from home during last 30 days	no. of meals usually taken in a day	no. of meals taken during last 30 days				
									away from home				at home
									free of cost			on payment	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	from school, balwadi, etc.	from employer as perquisites or part of wage	others		(13)

CODES FOR BLOCK 4

Col. (3): **relation to head:** self-1, spouse of head-2, married child-3, spouse of married child-4, unmarried child-5, grandchild-6, father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law-7, brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives-8, servants/employees/other non-relatives-9

Col.(6): **marital status:** never married – 1, currently married – 2, widowed – 3, divorced/separated – 4

Col. (7): **general educational level:** not literate -01, literate without formal schooling: through EGS/NFEC/AEC - 02, through TLC -03, others- 04; literate with formal schooling: below primary -05, primary -06, middle -07, secondary -08, higher secondary -10, diploma/certificate course -11, graduate -12, postgraduate and above -13

[5.1] consumption of cereals, pulses, milk and milk products, sugar and salt during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source code
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
rice – PDS	101					1
rice – other sources	102					
chira	103					
khoi, lawa	104					
muri	105					*
other rice products	106					*
wheat/ atta – PDS	107					1
wheat/ atta – other sources	108					
maida	110					
suji, rawa	111					*
sewai, noodles	112					*
bread (bakery)	113					*
other wheat products	114					*
jowar & its products	115					
bajra & its products	116					
maize & products	117					
barley & its products	118					
small millets & their products	120					
ragi & its products	121					
other cereals	122					
cereal: sub-total (101-122)	129					
cereal substitutes: tapioca, etc.	139					
arhar, tur	140					
gram: split	141					
gram: whole	142					
moong	143					
masur	144					
urd	145					
peas	146					
khesari	147					
other pulses	148					
gram products	150					
besan	151					
other pulse products	152					
pulses & pulse products: s.t. (140-152)	159					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

*Source code: only purchase –1, only home-grown stock –2, both purchase and home-grown stock –3, only free collection –4, only exchange of goods and services –5, only gifts / charities –6, others –9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items such as *muri*, consumption should be recorded against ingredients (e.g. home-produced *muri*: record against rice).

[5.1] consumption of cereals, pulses, milk and milk products, sugar and salt during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source code
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
milk: liquid (litre)	160					
baby food	161					*
milk: condensed/ powder	162					*
curd	163					*
ghee	164					*
butter	165					*
ice-cream	166					*
other milk products	167					*
milk & milk products: s.t.(160-167)	169					
sugar - PDS	170					1
sugar - other sources	171					*
gur	172					*
candy, misri	173					*
honey	174					
sugar: s.t. (170-174)	179					
salt	189					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

*Source code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items such as *muri*, consumption should be recorded against ingredients (e.g. home-produced *muri*: record against rice).

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ⁵
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
vanaspati, margarine	190					*
mustard oil	191					
groundnut oil	192					
coconut oil	193					
edible oil: others	194					
edible oil: s.t. (190-194)	199					
eggs (no.)	200					
fish, prawn	201					
goat meat/mutton	202					
beef/ buffalo meat	203					
pork	204					
chicken	205					
others: birds, crab, oyster, tortoise, etc.	206					
egg, fish & meat: s.t. (200-206)	209					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

⁵Source code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items such as *muri*, consumption should be recorded against ingredients (e.g. home-produced *muri*: record against rice).

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days ended on							
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s	
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
potato	210						
onion	211						
radish	212						
carrot	213						
turnip	214						
beet	215						
sweet potato	216						
arum	217						
pumpkin	218						
gourd	220						
bitter gourd	221						
cucumber	222						
parwal, patal	223						
jhinga, torai	224						
snake gourd	225						
papaya: green	226						
cauliflower	227						
cabbage	228						
brinjal	230						
lady's finger	231						
palak/other leafy vegetables	232						
french beans, barbati	233						
tomato	234						
peas	235						
chillis: green	236						
capsicum	237						
plantain: green	238						
jackfruit: green	240						
lemon (no.)	241						
other vegetables	242						
vegetables: s.t. (210-242)	249						

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

^sSource code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items consumption should be recorded against ingredients.

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
banana (no.)	250					
jackfruit	251					
watermelon	252					
pineapple (no.)	253					
coconut (no.)	254					
coconut green (no.)	255					
guava	256					
singara	257					
orange, mausami (no.)	258					
papaya	260					
mango	261					
kharbooza	262					
pears/naspati	263					
berries	264					
leechi	265					
apple	266					
grapes	267					
other fresh fruits	268					
fruits (fresh): s.t.(250-268)	269					
coconut: copra	270					
groundnut	271					
dates	272					
cashewnut	273					
walnut	274					
other nuts	275					
raisin, kishmish, monacca, etc.	276					
other dry fruits	277					
fruits (dry): s.t. (270-277)	279					
garlic (gm)	280					
ginger (gm)	281					
turmeric (gm)	282					
black pepper (gm)	283					
dry chillies (gm)	284					
tamarind (gm)	285					
curry powder (gm)	286					
oilseeds (gm)	287					
other spices (gm)	288					
spices: s.t. (280-288)	289					

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
tea : cups (no.)	290					
tea : leaf (gm)	291					
coffee : cups (no.)	292					
coffee: powder (gm)	293					
mineral water (litre)	294					
cold beverages: bottled/canned (litre)	295					*
fruit juice and shake (litre)	296					*
other beverages: cocoa, chocolate, etc.	297					*
biscuits	298					*
cake, pastry	300					*
prepared sweets	301					*
cooked meals received as assistance or payment** (no.)	302					
cooked meals purchased (no.)	303					
salted refreshments	304					
pickles (gm)	305					*
sauce (gm)	306					*
jam, jelly (gm)	307					*
other processed food	308					*
beverages, etc.: sub-total (290-308)	309					
pan: leaf (no.)	310					
pan: finished (no.)	311					*
ingredients for pan (gm)	312					
pan: s.t. (310-312)	319					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

^sSource code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items consumption should be recorded against ingredients.

** Do not include cooked meals received from other households.

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
bidi (no.)	320					
cigarettes (no.)	321					
leaf tobacco (gm)	322					
snuff (gm)	323					
hookah tobacco (gm)	324					
cheroot (no.)	325					
zarda, kimam, surti (gm)	326					
other tobacco products	327					
tobacco: s.t. (320-327)	329					
ganja (gm)	330					
toddy (litre)	331					
country liquor (litre)	332					*
beer (litre)	333					*
foreign/refined liquor or wine (litre)	334					*
other intoxicants	335					
intoxicants: s.t. (330-335)	339					

[6] consumption of energy (fuel, light & household appliances) during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(2)	(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
coke	340					
firewood and chips	341					
electricity (std. unit)	342					
dung cake	343					
kerosene – PDS (litre)	344					1
kerosene – other sources (litre)	345					
matches (box)	346					
coal	347					
LPG [excl. conveyance]	348					
charcoal	350					
candle (no.)	351					
gobar gas	352					
petrol (litre) [excl. conveyance]	353					
diesel (litre) [excl. conveyance]	354					
other fuel	355					
fuel and light: s.t. (340-355)	359					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

^sSource code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9. *Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items.

[7] consumption of clothing, bedding, etc.					
Item	code	during last 30 days		during last 365 days	
		quantity (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity (0.000)	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
clothing: first-hand					
dhoti (no.)	360				
sari (no.)	361				
cloth for shirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. (metre)	362				
cloth for coat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (metre)	363				
chaddar, dupatta, shawl, etc. (no.)	364				
lungi (no.)	365				
gamchha, towel, handkerchief (no.)	366				
hosiery articles, stockings, undergarments, etc.(no.)	367				
ready-made garments (no.)	368				
headwear (no.), belts	370				
sweater, muffler, scarf, etc. (no.)	371				
knitting wool, cotton yarn (gm)	372				
clothing (first-hand): other	373				
clothing: second-hand	374				
clothing: sub-total (360-374)	379				
bed sheet, bed cover (no.)	380				
rug, blanket (no.)	381				
pillow, quilt, mattress (no.)	382				
cloth for upholstery, curtain, table-cloth, etc.	383				
mosquito net (no.)	384				
mats and matting (no.)	385				
cotton (gm)	386				
bedding: others	387				
bedding, etc.: s.t. (380-387)	389				

[8] consumption of footwear					
item	code	during last 30 days		during last 365 days	
		no. of pairs	value (Rs.)	no. of pairs	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
leather boots, shoes	390				
leather sandals, chappals, etc.	391				
other leather footwear	392				
rubber / PVC footwear	393				
other footwear	394				
footwear: second-hand	395				
footwear: sub-total (390-395)	399				

[9] expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services			
item	code	during last 30 days	during last 365 days
		value (Rs.)	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
books, journals: first hand	400		
books, journals, etc.: second hand	401		
newspapers, periodicals	402		
library charges	403		
stationery, photocopying charges	404		
tuition and other fees (school, college, etc.)	405		
private tutor/ coaching centre	406		
educational CD	407		
other educational expenses	408		
education: s.t. (400-408)	409		
medicine	410		
X-ray, ECG, pathological test, etc.	411		
doctor's/surgeon's fee	412		
hospital & nursing home charges	413		
other medical expenses	414		
medical - institutional: s.t. (410-414)	419		

[10] expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services including medical (non-institutional), rents and taxes during the last 30 days ended on					
Item	code	value (Rs.)	item	code	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
medicine	420		toilet soap	450	
X-ray, ECG, pathological test, etc.	421		toothpaste, toothbrush, comb, etc.	451	
doctor's/ surgeon's fee	422		powder, snow, cream, lotion and	452	
family planning appliances	423		perfume		
other medical expenses	424		hair oil, shampoo, hair cream	453	
medical – non-institutional: sub-total	429		shaving blades, shaving stick, razor	454	
(420-424)			shaving cream, aftershave lotion	455	
			sanitary napkins	456	
cinema, theatre	430		other toilet articles	457	
mela, fair, picnic	431		toilet articles: sub-total (450-457)	459	
sports goods, toys, etc.	432				
club fees	433		electric bulb, tubelight	460	
goods for recreation and hobbies	434		electric batteries	461	
photography	435		other non-durable electric goods	462	
VCD/ DVD hire (incl. instrument)	436		earthenware	463	
cable TV	437		glassware	464	
other entertainment	438		bucket, water bottle/ feeding bottle	465	
entertainment: sub-total (430-438)	439		& other plastic goods		
			coir, rope, etc.	466	
spectacles	440		washing soap/soda/powder	467	
torch	441		other washing requisites	468	
lock	442		incense (<i>agarbatti</i>), room freshener	470	
umbrella, raincoat	443		flower (fresh): all purposes	471	
lighter (bidi/ cigarette/ gas stove)	444		mosquito repellent, insecticide, acid	472	
other minor durable-type goods	445		etc.		
minor durable-type goods: sub-total (440-445)	449		other petty articles	473	
			other household consumables:	479	
			sub-total (460-473)		

[10] expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services including medical (non-institutional), rents and taxes during the last 30 days ended on					
Item	code	value (Rs.)	item	code	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
domestic servant/cook	480		air fare	500	
attendant	481		railway fare	501	
sweeper	482		bus/tram fare	502	
barber, beautician, etc.	483		taxi, auto-rickshaw fare	503	
washerman, laundry, ironing	484		steamer, boat fare	504	
tailor	485		rickshaw (hand drawn & cycle) fare	505	
grinding charges	486		horse cart fare	506	
telephone charges: landline*	487		porter charges	507	
telephone charges: mobile	488		petrol for vehicle	508	
postage & telegram	490		diesel for vehicle	510	
miscellaneous expenses	491		lubricants & other fuels for vehicle	511	
priest	492		school bus, van, etc.	512	
legal expenses	493		other conveyance expenses	513	
repair charges for non-durables	494		conveyance: sub-total (500-513)	519	
pet animals (incl. birds, fish)	495				
other consumer services excluding conveyance	496		house rent, garage rent (actual)	520*	
			hotel lodging charges	521	
consumer services excluding conveyance: sub-total (480-496)	499		residential land rent	522*	
			other consumer rent	523	
			rent: sub-total (520-523)	529	
			house rent, garage rent (imputed-urban only)	539	
			water charges	540*	
			other consumer taxes & cesses	541*	
			consumer taxes and cesses: sub-total (540-541)	549	

*The value may be derived as the amount last paid divided by the number of months for which amount was paid.

[12] summary of consumer expenditure					
srl. no.	item description	reference			value of consumption (in Rs.)
		block	item	column	during last 30 days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	cereals	5.1	129	6	
2.	cereal substitute	5.1	139	6	
3.	pulses & products	5.1	159	6	
4.	milk & milk products	5.1	169	6	
5.	sugar	5.1	179	6	
6.	salt	5.1	189	6	
7.	edible oil	5.2	199	6	
8.	egg, fish & meat	5.2	209	6	
9.	vegetables	5.2	249	6	
10.	fruits (fresh)	5.2	269	6	
11.	fruits (dry)	5.2	279	6	
12.	spices	5.2	289	6	
13.	beverages etc.	5.2	309	6	
14.	pan	5.2	319	6	
15.	tobacco	5.2	329	6	
16.	intoxicants	5.2	339	6	
17.	fuel and light	6	359	6	
18.	medical (non-institutional)	10	429	3	
19.	entertainment	10	439	3	
20.	minor durable-type goods	10	449	3	
21.	toilet articles	10	459	3	
22.	other household consumables	10	479	3	
23.	consumer services excl. conveyance	10	499	3	
24.	conveyance	10	519	3	
25.	rent	10	529	3	
26.	consumer taxes & cesses	10	549	3	
27.	sub-total (1 – 26)				
28.	clothing	7	379	4	
29.	bedding etc.	7	389	4	
30.	footwear	8	399	4	
31.	education	9	409	3	
32.	medical (institutional)	9	419	3	
33.	durable goods	11	659	9	
34.	sub-total (28 – 33)				
					during last 365 days
35.	clothing	7	379	6	
36.	bedding etc.	7	389	6	
37.	footwear	8	399	6	
38.	education	9	409	4	
39.	medical (institutional)	9	419	4	
40.	durable goods	11	659	16	
41.	s.t. for 365 days' data (35 -40)				
42.	(30÷365) × srl. no. 41				
43.	srl. nos.(27 + 34) [monthly household consumption expenditure] [URP]				
44.	srl. nos.(27 + 42) [monthly household consumption expenditure] [MRP]				
45.	household size	3	1	×	
46.	imputed rent	10	539	3	
47.	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs. 0.00) [srl. no. 43 ÷ srl. no. 45]				
48.	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs. 0.00) [srl. no. 44 ÷ srl. no. 45]				

[13] remarks by investigator

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[14] comments by supervisory officer(s)

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RURAL		*
URBAN		

CENTRAL		*
STATE		

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY ORGANISATION
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SURVEY
SIXTY-SIXTH ROUND: JULY 2009 - JUNE 2010**

**SCHEDULE 1.0: CONSUMER EXPENDITURE
Schedule Type 2**

[0] descriptive identification of sample household	
1. state/u.t.:	5. hamlet name:
2. district:	6. ward/inv. unit/block:
3. tehsil/town:	7. name of head of household:
4. village name:	8. name of informant:

[1] identification of sample household							
item no.	item	code			item no.	item	code
1.	srl. no. of sample village/ block				11.	sub-sample	
2.	round number	6		6	12.	FOD sub-region	
3.	schedule number	0	1	0	13.	sample hamlet-group/sub-block number	
4.	sample (central-1, state-2)				14.	second stage stratum	
5.	sector (rural-1, urban-2)				15.	sample household number	
6.	NSS region				16.	srl. no. of informant (as in col.1, block 4)	
7.	district				17.	response code	
8.	stratum				18.	survey code	
9.	sub-stratum				19.	reason for substitution of original household (code)	
10.	sub-round				20.	schedule type	2

CODES FOR BLOCK 1

item 17: response code : informant: co-operative and capable -1, co-operative but not capable -2, busy -3, reluctant - 4, others - 9

item 18: survey code : original – 1, substitute – 2, casualty – 3

item 19: reason for substitution of original household : informant busy -1, members away from home -2, informant non-cooperative -3, others - 9

* tick mark (✓) may be put in the appropriate place.

[2] particulars of field operations												
srl. no.	item	investigator						supervisory officer				
(1)	(2)	(3)						(4)				
1.	i) name (block letters)											
	ii) code											
2.	date(s) of :	DD	MM	YY	DD	MM	YY					
	(i) survey/inspection											
	(ii) receipt											
	(iii) scrutiny											
	(iv) despatch											
3.	number of additional sheets attached											
4.	total time taken to canvass schedule 1.0 (in minutes)											
5.	whether schedule contains remarks (yes-1, no-2)	in block 14/15						elsewhere in the schedule				
6.	signature											

[13] perception of household regarding sufficiency of food												
1.	do all members of your household 'get two square meals every day'? (yes: every month of the year-1, some months of the year -2; no: no month of the year-3)											
2.	if code is 2 in item 1, during which calendar months did any member of the household not 'get two square meals every day'? (applicable month codes may be recorded in the box spaces: Jan-01, Feb-02, Mar-03, Apr-04, May-05, Jun-06, Jul-07, Aug-08, Sep-09, Oct-10, Nov-11, Dec-12)											
3.	whether information on item 1 was actually obtained from the informant (yes-1, no-2)											

[3] household characteristics									
1. household size					during July 08 to June 09	14. land cultivated (0.000 ha)			
2. principal industry (NIC-2004)	description:					15. land irrigated (0.000 ha)			
	code (5-digit)								
3. principal occupation (NCO- 2004)	description:				primary source of energy for	16. cooking (code)			
	code (3-digit)					17. lighting (code)			
4. household type (code)					18. dwelling unit code (<i>owned-1, hired-2, no dwelling unit-3, others-9</i>)				
5. religion (code)									
6. social group (code)					19. is any member of the household a regular salary earner? (<i>yes-1, no -2</i>)				
7. whether owns any land (<i>yes-1, no -2</i>)									
8. if yes in item 7, type of land owned (<i>homestead only – 1, homestead and other land – 2, other land only – 3</i>)					20. did the household perform any ceremony during the last 30 days? (<i>yes – 1, no – 2</i>)				
land as on the date of survey (in 0.000 hectares)									
9. owned					21. no. of meals served to non-household members during the last 30 days				
10. leased-in									
11. otherwise possessed (neither owned nor leased-in)					22. whether the household has access to internet at home on the date of survey (yes-1, no-2)				
12. leased-out									
13. total possessed [items (9+10+11-12)]									

CODES FOR BLOCK 3

item 4: **household type** : for rural areas: *self-employed in non-agriculture-1, agricultural labour-2, other labour-3, self-employed in agriculture-4, others-9*

for urban areas: *self-employed-1, regular wage/salary earning-2, casual labour-3, others-9*

item 5: **religion** : *Hinduism-1, Islam-2, Christianity -3, Sikhism-4, Jainism-5, Buddhism-6, Zoroastrianism-7, others-9*

item 6: **social group** : *Scheduled Tribes-1, Scheduled Castes-2, Other Backward Classes-3, others-9*

item 16: **primary source of energy for cooking** : *coke, coal-01, firewood and chips-02, LPG-03, gobar gas-04, dung cake-05, charcoal-06, kerosene-07, electricity-08, others-09, no cooking arrangement-10*

item 17: **primary source of energy for lighting** : *kerosene-1, other oil -2, gas-3, candle-4, electricity-5, others-9, no lighting arrangement-6*

Note: 1 acre = 0.4047 hectare

[4] demographic and other particulars of household members														
srl. no.	name of member	relation to head (code)	sex (male-1, female-2)	age (years)	marital status (code)	general educational level (code)	no. of days stayed away from home during last 30 days	no. of meals usually taken in a day	no. of meals taken during last 30 days					
									away from home				at home	
									free of cost			on payment		
									from school, balwadi, etc.	from employer as perquisites or part of wage	others			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	

CODES FOR BLOCK 4

Col. (3) : **relation to head:** self-1, spouse of head-2, married child-3, spouse of married child-4, unmarried child-5, grandchild-6, father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law-7, brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives-8, servants/employees/other non-relatives-9

Col.(6) : **marital status:** never married – 1, currently married – 2, widowed – 3, divorced/separated – 4

Col. (7): **general educational level:** not literate -01, literate without formal schooling: through EGS/NFEC/AEC - 02, through TLC -03, others- 04; literate with formal schooling: below primary -05, primary -06, middle -07, secondary -08, higher secondary -10, diploma/certificate course -11, graduate -12, postgraduate and above -13

[5.1] consumption of cereals, pulses, milk and milk products, sugar and salt during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source code
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
rice – PDS	101					1
rice – other sources	102					
chira	103					
khoi, lawa	104					
muri	105					*
other rice products	106					*
wheat/ atta – PDS	107					1
wheat/ atta – other sources	108					
maida	110					
suji, rawa	111					*
sewai, noodles	112					*
bread (bakery)	113					*
other wheat products	114					*
jowar & its products	115					
bajra & its products	116					
maize & products	117					
barley & its products	118					
small millets & their products	120					
ragi & its products	121					
other cereals	122					
cereal: sub-total (101-122)	129					
cereal substitutes: tapioca, etc.	139					
arhar, tur	140					
gram: split	141					
gram: whole	142					
moong	143					
masur	144					
urd	145					
peas	146					
khesari	147					
other pulses	148					
gram products	150					
besan	151					
other pulse products	152					
pulses & pulse products: s.t. (140-152)	159					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

*Source code: only purchase –1, only home-grown stock –2, both purchase and home-grown stock –3, only free collection –4, only exchange of goods and services –5, only gifts / charities –6, others –9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items such as *muri*, consumption should be recorded against ingredients (e.g. home-produced *muri*: record against rice).

[5.1] consumption of cereals, pulses, milk and milk products, sugar and salt during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source code
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
milk: liquid (litre)	160					
baby food	161					*
milk: condensed/ powder	162					*
curd	163					*
ghee	164					*
butter	165					*
ice-cream	166					*
other milk products	167					*
milk & milk products: s.t.(160-167)	169					
sugar - PDS	170					1
sugar - other sources	171					*
gur	172					*
candy, misri	173					*
honey	174					
sugar: s.t. (170-174)	179					
salt	189					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

*Source code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items consumption should be recorded against ingredients.

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 7 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source [§]
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
vanaspati, margarine	190					*
mustard oil	191					
groundnut oil	192					
coconut oil	193					
edible oil: others	194					
edible oil: s.t. (190-194)	199					
eggs (no.)	200					
fish, prawn	201					
goat meat/mutton	202					
beef/ buffalo meat	203					
pork	204					
chicken	205					
others: birds, crab, oyster, tortoise, etc.	206					
egg, fish & meat: s.t. (200-206)	209					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

§Source code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items such as *muri*, consumption should be recorded against ingredients (e.g. home-produced *muri*: record against rice).

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 7 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
potato	210					
onion	211					
radish	212					
carrot	213					
turnip	214					
beet	215					
sweet potato	216					
arum	217					
pumpkin	218					
gourd	220					
bitter gourd	221					
cucumber	222					
parwal, patal	223					
jhinga, torai	224					
snake gourd	225					
papaya: green	226					
cauliflower	227					
cabbage	228					
brinjal	230					
lady's finger	231					
palak/other leafy vegetables	232					
french beans, barbati	233					
tomato	234					
peas	235					
chillis: green	236					
capsicum	237					
plantain: green	238					
jackfruit: green	240					
lemon (no.)	241					
other vegetables	242					
vegetables: s.t. (210-242)	249					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

*Source code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items consumption should be recorded against ingredients.

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 7 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
banana (no.)	250					
jackfruit	251					
watermelon	252					
pineapple (no.)	253					
coconut (no.)	254					
coconut green (no.)	255					
guava	256					
singara	257					
orange, mausami (no.)	258					
papaya	260					
mango	261					
kharbooza	262					
pears/naspati	263					
berries	264					
leechi	265					
apple	266					
grapes	267					
other fresh fruits	268					
fruits (fresh): s.t.(250-268)	269					
coconut: copra	270					
groundnut	271					
dates	272					
cashewnut	273					
walnut	274					
other nuts	275					
raisin, kishmish, monacca, etc.	276					
other dry fruits	277					
fruits (dry): s.t. (270-277)	279					
garlic (gm)	280					
ginger (gm)	281					
turmeric (gm)	282					
black pepper (gm)	283					
dry chillies (gm)	284					
tamarind (gm)	285					
curry powder (gm)	286					
oilseeds (gm)	287					
other spices (gm)	288					
spices: s.t. (280-288)	289					

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 7 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
tea : cups (no.)	290					
tea : leaf (gm)	291					
coffee : cups (no.)	292					
coffee: powder (gm)	293					
mineral water (litre)	294					
cold beverages: bottled/canned (litre)	295					*
fruit juice and shake (litre)	296					*
other beverages: cocoa, chocolate, etc.	297					*
biscuits	298					*
cake, pastry	300					*
prepared sweets	301					*
cooked meals received as assistance or payment** (no.)	302					
cooked meals purchased (no.)	303					
salted refreshments	304					
pickles (gm)	305					*
sauce (gm)	306					*
jam, jelly (gm)	307					*
other processed food	308					*
beverages, etc.: sub-total (290-308)	309					
pan: leaf (no.)	310					
pan: finished (no.)	311					*
ingredients for pan (gm)	312					
pan: s.t. (310-312)	319					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

^sSource code: only purchase -1, only home-grown stock -2, both purchase and home-grown stock -3, only free collection -4, only exchange of goods and services -5, only gifts / charities -6, others -9

*Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items. For home-processed items consumption should be recorded against ingredients.

** Do not include cooked meals received from other households.

[5.2] consumption of edible oil, egg, fish and meat, vegetables, fruits, spices, beverages and processed food and pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 7 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
bidi (no.)	320					
cigarettes (no.)	321					
leaf tobacco (gm)	322					
snuff (gm)	323					
hookah tobacco (gm)	324					
cheroot (no.)	325					
zarda, kimam, surti (gm)	326					
other tobacco products	327					
tobacco: s.t. (320-327)	329					
ganja (gm)	330					
toddy (litre)	331					
country liquor (litre)	332					*
beer (litre)	333					*
foreign/refined liquor or wine (litre)	334					*
other intoxicants	335					
intoxicants: s.t. (330-335)	339					

[6] consumption of energy (fuel, light and household appliances) during the last 30 days ended on						
item	code	consumption out of home produce		total consumption		source ^s
		quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	quantity@ (0.000)	value (Rs.)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
coke	340					
firewood and chips	341					
electricity (std. unit)	342					
dung cake	343					
kerosene – PDS (litre)	344					1
kerosene – other sources (litre)	345					
matches (box)	346					
coal	347					
LPG [excl. conveyance]	348					*
charcoal	350					
candle (no.)	351					
gobar gas	352					
petrol (litre) [excl. conveyance]	353					*
diesel (litre) [excl. conveyance]	354					*
other fuel	355					
fuel and light: s.t. (340-355)	359					

@Unit is kg unless otherwise specified in col(1).

^sSource code: only purchase –1, only home-grown stock –2, both purchase and home-grown stock –3, only free collection –4, only exchange of goods and services –5, only gifts / charities –6, others –9. *Source code cannot be 2, 3 or 4 for these items.

[7] consumption of clothing, bedding, etc. during the last 365 days ended on			
Item	code	quantity (0.000)	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
clothing: first-hand			
dhoti (no.)	360		
sari (no.)	361		
cloth for shirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. (metre)	362		
cloth for coat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (metre)	363		
chaddar, dupatta, shawl, etc. (no.)	364		
lungi (no.)	365		
gamchha, towel, handkerchief (no.)	366		
hosiery articles, stockings, undergarments, etc.(no.)	367		
ready-made garments (no.)	368		
headwear (no.), belts	370		
sweater, muffler, scarf, etc. (no.)	371		
knitting wool, cotton yarn (gm)	372		
clothing (first-hand): other	373		
clothing: second-hand	374		
clothing: sub-total (360-374)	379		
bed sheet, bed cover (no.)	380		
rug, blanket (no.)	381		
pillow, quilt, mattress (no.)	382		
cloth for upholstery, curtain, table-cloth, etc. (metre)	383		
mosquito net (no.)	384		
mats and matting (no.)	385		
cotton (gm)	386		
bedding: others	387		
bedding, etc.: s.t. (380-387)	389		

[8] consumption of footwear during the last 365 days ended on			
item	code	no. of pairs	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
leather boots, shoes	390		
leather sandals, chappals, etc.	391		
other leather footwear	392		
rubber / PVC footwear	393		
other footwear	394		
footwear: second-hand	395		
footwear: sub-total (390-395)	399		

[9] expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services during the last 365 days ended on.....		
item	code	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)
books, journals: first hand	400	
books, journals, etc.: second hand	401	
newspapers, periodicals	402	
library charges	403	
stationery, photocopying charges	404	
tuition and other fees (school, college, etc.)	405	
private tutor/ coaching centre	406	
educational CD	407	
other educational expenses	408	
education: s.t. (400-408)	409	
medicine	410	
X-ray, ECG, pathological test, etc.	411	
doctor's/surgeon's fee	412	
hospital & nursing home charges	413	
other medical expenses	414	
medical - institutional: s.t. (410-414)	419	

[10] expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services including medical (non-institutional), rents and taxes during the last 30 days ended on					
Item	code	value (Rs.)	item	code	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
medicine	420		toilet soap	450	
X-ray, ECG, pathological test, etc.	421		toothpaste, toothbrush, comb, etc.	451	
doctor's/ surgeon's fee	422		powder, snow, cream, lotion and	452	
family planning appliances	423		perfume		
other medical expenses	424		hair oil, shampoo, hair cream	453	
medical – non-institutional: sub-total	429		shaving blades, shaving stick, razor	454	
(420-424)			shaving cream, aftershave lotion	455	
			sanitary napkins	456	
cinema, theatre	430		other toilet articles	457	
mela, fair, picnic	431		toilet articles: sub-total (450-457)	459	
sports goods, toys, etc.	432				
club fees	433		electric bulb, tubelight	460	
goods for recreation and hobbies	434		electric batteries	461	
photography	435		other non-durable electric goods	462	
VCD/ DVD hire (incl. instrument)	436		earthenware	463	
cable TV	437		glassware	464	
other entertainment	438		bucket, water bottle/ feeding bottle	465	
entertainment: sub-total (430-438)	439		& other plastic goods		
			coir, rope, etc.	466	
spectacles	440		washing soap/soda/powder	467	
torch	441		other washing requisites	468	
lock	442		incense (<i>agarbatti</i>), room freshener	470	
umbrella, raincoat	443		flower (fresh): all purposes	471	
lighter (bidi/ cigarette/ gas stove)	444		mosquito repellent, insecticide, acid	472	
other minor durable-type goods	445		etc.		
minor durable-type goods: sub-total (440-445)	449		other petty articles	473	
			other household consumables:	479	
			sub-total (460-473)		

[10] expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services including medical (non-institutional), rents and taxes during the last 30 days ended on					
Item	code	value (Rs.)	item	code	value (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
domestic servant/cook	480		air fare	500	
attendant	481		railway fare	501	
sweeper	482		bus/tram fare	502	
barber, beautician, etc.	483		taxi, auto-rickshaw fare	503	
washerman, laundry, ironing	484		steamer, boat fare	504	
tailor	485		rickshaw (hand drawn & cycle) fare	505	
grinding charges	486		horse cart fare	506	
telephone charges: landline*	487		porter charges	507	
telephone charges: mobile	488		petrol for vehicle	508	
postage & telegram	490		diesel for vehicle	510	
miscellaneous expenses	491		lubricants & other fuels for vehicle	511	
priest	492		school bus, van, etc.	512	
legal expenses	493		other conveyance expenses	513	
repair charges for non-durables	494		conveyance: sub-total (500-513)	519	
pet animals (incl. birds, fish)	495				
other consumer services excluding conveyance	496		house rent, garage rent (actual)	520*	
			hotel lodging charges	521	
consumer services excluding conveyance: sub-total (480-496)	499		residential land rent	522*	
			other consumer rent	523	
			rent: sub-total (520-523)	529	
			house rent, garage rent (imputed-urban only)	539	
			water charges	540*	
			other consumer taxes & cesses	541*	
			consumer taxes and cesses: sub-total (540-541)	549	

*The value may be derived as the amount last paid divided by the number of months for which amount was paid.

[12] summary of consumer expenditure					
srl. no.	item description	reference			value of consumption (in Rs)
		block	item	column	during last 30 days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	cereals	5.1	129	6	
2.	cereal substitute	5.1	139	6	
3.	pulses & products	5.1	159	6	
4.	milk & milk products	5.1	169	6	
5.	sugar	5.1	179	6	
6.	salt	5.1	189	6	
7.	sub-total (1-6)				
					during last 7 days
8.	edible oil	5.2	199	6	
9.	egg, fish & meat	5.2	209	6	
10.	vegetables	5.2	249	6	
11.	fruits (fresh)	5.2	269	6	
12.	fruits (dry)	5.2	279	6	
13.	spices	5.2	289	6	
14.	beverages etc.	5.2	309	6	
15.	pan	5.2	319	6	
16.	tobacco	5.2	329	6	
17.	intoxicants	5.2	339	6	
18.	sub-total (8-17)				
19.	(30÷7) × srl. no. 18				
					during last 30 days
20.	fuel and light	6	359	6	
21.	medical (non-institutional)	10	429	3	
22.	entertainment	10	439	3	
23.	minor durable-type goods	10	449	3	
24.	toilet articles	10	459	3	
25.	other household consumables	10	479	3	
26.	consumer services excl. conveyance	10	499	3	
27.	conveyance	10	519	3	
28.	rent	10	529	3	
29.	consumer taxes & cesses	10	549	3	
30.	sub-total (20 – 29)				
					during last 365 days
31.	clothing	7	379	4	
32.	bedding etc.	7	389	4	
33.	footwear	8	399	4	
34.	education	9	409	3	
35.	medical (institutional)	9	419	3	
36.	durable goods	11	659	10	
37.	s.t. for 365 days' data (31-36)				
38.	(30÷365) × srl. no. 37				
39.	srl. nos.(7 + 19 + 30 + 38) [monthly household consumption expenditure]				
40.	household size	3	1	×	
41.	imputed rent	10	539	3	
42.	monthly per capita expenditure (Rs. 0.00) [srl. no. 39 ÷ srl. no. 40]				

[14] remarks by investigator

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[15] comments by supervisory officer(s)

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